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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From the Gazetteer *and* London Daily Advertiſer, Nov. 2. 1754.

To the Right Hon. the Lord * * * * *.

My Lord,

THE *French* by not obſerving ſome Treaties, and violating others, keeping Poſſeſſion of the greateſt Part of *Nova-Scotia*, encouraging their *Indians* to deſtroy the *Engliſh* in that Province, and protecting the Murderers, building a Fort in the *Cherokee* Country, on the River *Shodier*, or *Cherier*, in *New-England*, and the Lakes *Erie* and *Champlain*, ſetting up extravagant Claims to the ineſtimable Countries behind our King's Dominions on the Continent of *North-America*, invading *Virginia*, murdering and driving the Inhabitants from their Settlements, are Breaches of the Peace too notorious not to alarm every true *Briton*.

The ſpacious Provinces, known by the Names of *Nova-Francia*, and *Nova-Scotia*, were firſt diſcover'd by the *Engliſh*, under the Conduct of *Sebaſtian Cabot*, in the Reign of *Henry* VII. who paid the Charges of the Expedition: The *Engliſh* preſerved all the Trade to theſe Parts from the Diſcovery to the Year 1600; the *French* then made a Settlement on the *North* Side of *Canada*, or *Quebeck* River; and four Years after, ſome on the *South* Side, giving the Name of *Accadia* to that Part. In 1613, Sir *Samuel Argol*, Governor of *Virginia*, attacked the *French* ſettled there by Sea and Land, demoliſhed their Fortifications, and carried the Garriſons Priſoners to *Virginia*.

King *James* the firſt, by his Letters patent granted to Sir *William Alexander*, created Earl of *Stirling* by *Charles* the firſt, *Accadia*, with the Appellation of *Nova-Scotia*.

King *Charles* the firſt, on his marrying a Daughter of *France*, reſigned this Province to the *French* King.

In 1627 or 8, War being proclaimed againſt *France*, Sir *David Kirk*, and Sir *William Alexander*, commiſſioned by the King, attacked the *French* Ships in *Quebeck* River; all which were taken, being eighteen in Number, carrying 135 Pieces of Cannon: They ſubdued all the Forts and Settlements of the *French* in *Nova-Francia*, and *Nova-Scotia*, and brought the Veſſels and *French* Priſoners to *England*.

The Country being cleared of the *French*, was divided by the Conquerors. Sir *William* had all *South* of *Canada* River, *viz.* *Nova-Scotia*, Sir *David* all on the *North*, or *Nova-Francia*.

Sir *William Alexander* ſold his Part to the King of *France*; but *Cromwell* not allowing the Validity of that Sale, ſent Major *Fenwick* with ſome Men of War to retake *Nova-Scotia*, which was gallantly and ſucceſsfully performed. The entire Provinces being reduced, remained under the *Engliſh* Government, to the Reſtoration of King *Charles* the ſecond, who drew off the Garriſons, and gave *Nova-Scotia* to the *French*, which they held to the latter End of Queen *Anne*'s Reign. Her Majeſty, at the Interceſſion of the *New-England* People, who had been greatly moleſted and injured by the *French* in *Nova-Scotia*, ſent ſix or ſeven Hundred Marines, who, by the Aſſiſtance of ſome Thouſands of the *New-England* Men, beſieged and took *Port-Royal*, now named *Annapolis*. The remaining *French* Inhabitants retired from the Sea Coaſts to an Inland Place, called *Menis*, or *Minus*, where they remained undiſturbed till the Concluſion of the Peace of *Utrecht*, when *Nova-Scotia* was ceded to *Great-Britain*.

There were two or three Thouſand *French* that ſtaid, who undoubtedly became Subjects to the *Britiſh* Crown, but have looked upon themſelves as Neutrals. The Healthineſs of the Climate, and the Richneſs of the Soil, yielded ſuch Productions as enabled them to carry on a very profitable Commerce with their Countrymen at *Cape-Breton*: Theſe Neutrals (as they ſtile themſelves) are now increaſed to ſix or ſeven Thouſand.

The *French* pretend that the Southern Point only, being about a Fourth Part of the Province, is *Nova-Scotia*; the reſt, they ſay, is *Accadia*, of which they keep Poſſeſſion. The Truth is, that *Accadia* was the Name given by the *French*, and *Nova-Scotia* by the *Engliſh*, to the whole Country.

This Province is the moſt valuable of all belonging to *Great-Britain* in *North-America*; it contains excellent Paſtures, with rich Lands for producing Corn, Hemp and Flax, Timber, Coals, Furs and Skins; the Harbours are numerous, and as good as any in the World, and the Fiſheries very profitable.

The *French*, as their Numbers augmented on *Canada* River, extended their Settlements, acquired the Friendſhip of ſeveral *Indian* Nations, and with them made War on the *Iroquois*, or *Sinagers*, under the *Engliſh* Protection; took from them the Iſland now called *Mont Royal*, and routed theſe *Indians* from their Poſſeſſions, which ought, by the Peace of *Ryſwick*, to have been reſtored, though they are ſtill retained.

King *William* the Third formed a Deſign of adding to his Dominions the *Miſſiſippi* River, with the Countries about it; which being delayed, *Louis* the Fourteenth ſent Forces there, and took Poſſeſſion. The *French* have built many Forts on this River, always deſigning to ſettle and fortify the Country on the *Weſt* of the *Appalachian* Mountains, and joining their Settlements on *Canada* to thoſe on the *Miſſiſippi*. Behind theſe Mountains, which are nine Hundred Miles in Length, between *Canada* and *Miſſiſippi*, there is an Extent of Country larger than all *France*, *Germany* and *Poland*, and well provided with Rivers; the Air very wholeſome, and the Soil rich: It greatly concerns the Intereſt of his Majeſty and his Subjects, to drive out the *French*, and erect a new Government in this ineſtimable Region, and ſend a competent Number of Soldiers to ſecure and protect the People that will ſettle there; which would be in great Numbers, becauſe the Situation adjoins to, or is near, the *Carolina*'s, *Virginia*, *Maryland*, and *Penſylvania*; the three laſt are very full of Inhabitants. This Government, when fixed, will fill with People faſter than any Province ever did in *America*, and effectually prevent the *French* from a Communication between *Canada* and *Miſſiſippi*.

The *French*, in making Settlements, erect Forts according to the Importance of the Places; garriſon them with diſciplin'd Soldiers, to protect the Planters and Traders, and awe the *Indians*; they conſiſt of *French* and *Swiſs* Companies; the firſt have fifty Men, the other eighty, all in the Department of the Marine, which in *Cape-Breton*, *Nova-Scotia*, *Canada* and *Miſſiſippi*, twenty Years paſt, did not exceed ſeven Thouſand.

The *French* have acted with great Prudence in the Management of the Colonies beforementioned; their Governors and Intendants have Power to act as they think moſt conducive for their King's Service, and Advantage of the People.

The *Britiſh* Governors in *America* are often loaded and fettered with numerous Inſtructions, frequently impracticable, and ſuch as the General Aſſemblies will not ſubmit to.

The *French* Governors and Officers are commonly brave Men, and ſkilful in Military Affairs.

There is not one Governor, nor Commander in Chief, in all the King's Provinces on the Continent of *North-America* (*Nova-Scotia* excepted) who was bred in the Army*. His Majeſty would be much better ſerved, if the Governors were Officers of Experience, capable of commanding ſuch numerous Forces as can be raiſed in the *Britiſh* Colonies. Were the Inhabitants of *Penſylvania* regimented as the other Provinces, the Militia in all the Governments would amount to about Four Hundred Thouſand Men, ſufficient and capable of performing great Services, if well commanded, and had ſome regular Forces to ſerve with them.

The *French* pretend to claim a Line from a new Fort they have built, to the Part of *Nova-Scotia* in their Poſſeſſion, which will cut off a large Tract of Land from *New-England*; they alſo claim all the Countries on the *Miſſiſippi*, and *Canada* River, and all other Rivers, Streams, and Waters, that fall into them, from the Spring-heads, with the Land on them, which includes a conſiderable Part of the Mountains in *Virginia* and *Carolina*.

King *Charles* the Second granted to the Lords Proprietaries of *Carolina*, all the Lands from the *Atlantic* to the *South-Sea*, ſituated between Thirty-ſix Degrees and Thirty Minutes of *North* Latitude, many Years before the *French* had any Thing to do on *Miſſiſippi*; therefore they ought not to be ſuffered to go farther *North* on that River than Twenty-nine Degrees.

It muſt be judged a marvellous Complaiſance or Negligence, to reſign or ſuffer the *French* to poſſeſs ſuch immenſe Regions to which they have no Right, and would in Time prove very prejudicial, if not deſtructive, to the *Britiſh* Empire in *America*; for then this Nation would be under a Neceſſity of fortifying a Frontier of Two Thouſand Miles in Length.

The Parts of *North-America* which may be claimed by *Great-Britain* or *France*, are of as much Worth as either Kingdom: If acquired by this Nation, in two Centuries probably they will contain more People than *Great-Britain*.

In *Nova-Scotia*, and the Provinces from thence to *Cheſapeak-Bay*, in *Virginia*, every Article can be produced for the Support of Mankind, and Commerce, that is in *Great-Britain*, or the Countries on the *Baltick*: And from thence to the *Miſſiſippi*, all the Commodities in the ſeveral Nations bordering on, or that have by Water Communication with, the *Mediterranean* Sea.

In a War on the Continent of *North-America* againſt the *French*, *England* will have great Advantages; the Inhabitants in the *Britiſh* Settlements being ten times more numerous, having twenty times as much Shipping; Poſſeſſion of all the Ports and Sea Coaſts, from *Nova-Scotia* to *Florida*, with a Communication by Land that cannot be interrupted; moſt of the Ports in the *Britiſh* Government are always open; arm'd Veſſels to carry Soldiers, Artillery, Ammunition and Proviſion down the Streams, may be built on all the conſiderable Rivers where the *French* inhabit; the Colonies have Proviſions ſufficient to ſupply great Armies at moderate Charges; to theſe may be added, the Number and Bravery of the Men, always ready to take Arms for the Service of their King and Country.

If the *French* are vigorouſly attacked on *Canada*, their profitable Traffick in Skins and Furs will ſoon be loſt; the Inhabitants and Garriſons reduced to the Want of Ammunition, and almoſt every Neceſſary of Life: The Navigation to *Canada* River is ſo much impeded by Currents, Fogs and Ice, as not to be ſafe above half the Year. If the Inhabitants are obliged to be one Summer on Military Service, the Women, Children and Cattle, will be in Danger of periſhing for want of Food the next Winter.

From *France* to the *Louviſiana* (or *Miſſiſippi*) whatever Courſe is ſteered, the Navigation is tedious, and extremely hazardous: In a War with this Nation, the once loſing their Store-ſhips and Ammunition, might be attended with the Loſs of all they poſſeſs on that River.

The Conqueſt of the *Louviſiana* is ſo eaſy to be effected, that it might be nearly finiſhed in one Winter: This Conqueſt would bring prodigious Riches to *Great-Britain*.

The Commerce of *France* is much enlarged ſince the Revolution; it is the Opinion of many *Frenchmen*, that exporting the Manufactures of that Kingdom have declined more in Value than the Profits of the increaſed Commerce amounted to. As now extended, it will require eighty Men of War to convoy and protect the trading Ships and Plantations; a Circumſtance that in a War of three Years Duration, muſt inevitably deſtroy either the *French* Trade or Fleet, which is not half ſo numerous or ſtrong as the *Britiſh*; the *French* cannot procure Naval Stores, build or repair Ships, nor victual ſo expeditiouſly or cheap as the *Engliſh*; their Harbours and Docks are not ſo properly ſituated, nor ſo many, in *Europe* or *America*: In all future Wars with *France*, whilſt the Commerce there continues conſiderable, the *Britiſh* Subjects will be great Gainers by Privateering.

The Finances in *France* at this Time are very low; the annual Expences of the Crown exceed the Revenues, cauſe Anticipations, and oblige the general Farmers to pay before the Money is due. *France* will not recede from any Pretenſions of Value, however defective the Title, if by Art, Fraud or Force, Poſſeſſion may be obtained. It is in vain to imagine or expect the *French* will retire from *Nova-Scotia*, or deſiſt from their Claims of the vaſt Countries between *Miſſiſippi* and the *Canada* Rivers, before they are beat out of them, which may be compleated in three Years, and all that Nation is poſſeſſed of on the Continent of *North-America*, if the Force of *Great-Britain* be rightly exerted.

My Lord, In Obedience to your Commands, I have given your Lordſhip my Thoughts on the Circumſtances and Differences between *Great-Britain* and *France* on the Continent of *North-America*, in a plain and conciſe Manner. If I have erred or miſreſented Facts, it is to be hoped, that ſome ingenious Gentlemen, annimated with Zeal for the Good of their Country, may be induced to write in the publick Papers, and rectify the Miſtakes of,

Your Lordſhip's moſt humble,
And moſt obedient Servant,
GEO. BURRINGTON.

* 'Tis ſuppoſed the Author has forgot Mr. Sharpe, Governor of Maryland.

MILAN, October 7.

THE Duke of Modena ſets out this Day to viſit the Fortreſs of Mantua, and the ſtrong Places in Bozolo, Caſſal Maggiore, and Cremona. At his Return he will viſit the other Places of the Auſtrian Lombardy.

Rome, October 8. The Small-Pox continues to rage here with great Violence, and it is computed, that ſince the Month of June laſt it has carried off above 6000 Perſons.

Peterſburgh, Oct. 18. The Day the young Prince was chriſtened, the Empreſs made the Grand Duke a Preſent of 100,000 Rubles, and the ſame Sum to the Grand Dutcheſs, together with a Pair of Ear-rings ſet with Brilliants, and ſeveral other rich Jewels. Her Imperial Majeſty likewiſe ordered two Rubles to be given to each Soldier belonging to the Guards, and one Ruble to thoſe of the other Regiments, and the Sailors belonging to the Imperial Navy. In the Evening the whole City was illuminated, and the Rejoicings which have been made upon this Occaſion, in ſhort, are ſcarce to be deſcribed.

Paris, Oct. 14. A Method of making Fireworks in the Chineſe Taſte has lately been ſent over here by Father d'Incarvitte, a celebrated Jeſuit Miſſionary at Pekin. The great Advantage of theſe Chineſe Fireworks is, that they neither ſet Fire to Wood, Rope, nor even to Straw. The Scholars belonging to the College of Jeſuits lately exhibited ſome Fireworks of this Kind, upon their Theatres, in the Midſt of the Scenes and Decorations, without doing the leaſt Damage. The Suns made by this Method are much brighter, the Rays of much greater Extent, and the Colours more lively than thoſe made by European Artificers. Trees particularly are repreſented in a moſt beautiful Manner, their Branches, Leaves and Bloſſoms, appearing very diſtinctly. In the Fireworks exhibited by the Jeſuits, three grand Arches were erected at the farther End of the Stage, which reached the whole Height and Width of the Scenes, and were no ſooner ſet on Fire, but Trees appeared to ſpring out of the Ground, and riſing gradually to the Top, formed three beautiful Arbours.

Oct. 25. We hear from Orleans, that in Conſequence of the Arret of the Chamber of Vacations, the Chapter of the Cathedral of that City aſſembled the 21ſt Inſtant; but out of Forty-five Canons, which it conſiſts of, only ten were preſent at that Meeting, and moſt of theſe Canons were the ſame whoſe Goods were ſold. During their Deliberations upwards of 400 Perſons waited in their Cloyſter, to hear if they would obey: At laſt they concluded for perſevering in refuſing the Sacraments, and declared that they perſiſted in their former Deliberations. The next Day this Anſwer or Declaration was ſent up to the Chamber of Vacations; but it does not appear that the Chamber has yet made any Decree againſt ſo formal a Contempt of its Arrets.

Nov. 1. The Converſation of the Publick is very much engroſſed about an extraordinary Secret diſcovered by a Swiſs Phyſician, who, by Means of a certain Compoſition, pretends to preſerve Life without Eating or Drinking. At firſt this was looked upon as a Joke, but People are ſince of a different Opinion, becauſe, upon his being ſent for to Court, he not only aſſerted the Truth of his Secret, but offered to make an Experiment of it upon any Perſons who ſhould be pitched upon for that Purpoſe, and likewiſe to make one of the Number himſelf. Accordingly ſome Soldiers were ſent to the Royal Hoſpital of Invalids, where they were confined and watched fifteen Days, during which Time they had no Food, except a Doſe of Powder compoſed by the Phyſician, which he gave them in the Morning and at Night, diluted in Wine, Beer or Water, and at the Expiration of the fifteen Days, they appear'd as ſtrong, and in as perfect Health, as at firſt. After this Experiment, the Phyſician underwent the ſame Courſe himſelf, with the like Effect. Notwithſtanding theſe Proofs ſeveral ſuſpect ſome Deceit, and, in order to come at a greater Certainty, more Experiments are ordered to be made upon Priſoners, &c. after which, the Benefits that may accrue from this Diſcovery are to be enquir'd into.

Hague, Nov. 3. Yeſterday being the Birth day of the Princeſs Royal Governante, who then enter'd into the 46th Year of her Age, her Royal Highneſs receiv'd on that Occaſion the Compliments of the foreign Miniſters, and People of Diſtinction. In the Evening there were Balls at the Apartments of the Prince Stadtholder, and the Princeſs Caroline, compoſed of young Lords and Ladies of the Age of their Serene Highneſſes.

BIRMINGHAM, October 28.

Extract of a Letter from Douglas, in the Iſle of Man, dated October 2, to a Gentleman in this City.

"*Every Body here is buſy in curing Herrings; more having been taken here within ſix Weeks laſt paſt, than in ſix Years before. There has upwards of* 500 *Tons been ſalted in Bulk in this Town, and ſhipped off for Ireland, &c. beſides ſome Thouſands of Barrels packed and cured for the Weſt-Indies. The Weather has been the fineſt that was ever ſeen, which has occaſion'd this vaſt Trade. 'Tis a charming Sight to ſee the Whitehaven Buſſes, about* 50 *Iriſh Wherries, and* 300 *Boats, all upon the Sea at once.*"

Dublin, October 26. *We hear that a Law-ſuit will commence this Term betwixt------White, Eſq; and Terence Burke, both of the County of Mayo, concerning the Property of a Bog, which a late Inundation had brought down ſeveral Miles to the ſaid Burke's Meadow: Mr. White claims the Bog, and Mr. Burke inſiſts on Damages for injuring his Meadow. There will be a large Bar of Lawyers on this extraordinary Affair.*

This Week was brought to the Cuſtom houſe from Leghorn, a root of fine bright Italian Barley, with 400 *Ears to it, with about* 60 *Grains in each Ear, all fixed together from one Root, and almoſt as large as a common Sheaf of our Corn.*

Edinburgh, October 31. *Friday laſt was executed at Inverneſs, purſuant to his Sentence at laſt Circuit Court, John Shirvell, Soldier in General Wolfe's Regiment of Foot, for the barbarous Murder of his own Wife and Child. At the Place of Execution he behav'd very penitently, and bade the Executioner not be afraid, but do his Buſineſs with Courage, and not mangle his Arm, which was cut off, and fixed on the Gallows above him. He was afterwards hung in Chains.*

LONDON, October 29.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, October 16.

"*The States of Holland, as well as the ſeveral Admiralties, are ſeparated until a freſh Convocation. We have not yet been inform'd whether they have finiſhed the grand Affairs which they had before them; thoſe particularly which they have with the King of Pruſſia, concerning the Offices which he deſigns to eſtabliſh on the Rivers, &c. remain*

Best possible image.

main yet undetermin'd. God grant that these Delays may not have any bad Consequences. Such tedious Deliberations are extremely disagreeable. Neither is any Thing yet agreed upon concerning the Reparation of the Digues. It is very much to be wished, that we may not have the Unhappiness to see fatal Inundations this Winter; it is however greatly to be apprehended that we shall, from the Inattention of the States to this most important Business. The Report that the Prince of Wolffenbuttel has made of the Condition of the Fortifications, and of the Rivers, after his Return from his Journey upon the Frontiers of Groningen and Overyssel, is far from being favourable; and when they will put it into a better State, no Body knows. It seems to be now more than ever necessary they should. A few Days since, an Ordinance of their Noble Great Mightinesses was fixed up in the publick Places, concerning some Taxes lately imposed on the People, the Copies of which were pulled down, torn to Pieces, and bedaub'd with Ordure. The Discontent arises from these Taxes not tending to lessen the Expences of the State, and at the same time cramping Commerce. The new System of collecting the Taxes causes all these Irregularities. The Government confines itself to the making some Alterations, most of which do more Harm than Good."

Extract of a Letter from Bilboa, October 10.

"France has got the Start of Britain here in all the finer Sorts of Woollen Goods, by making them as fine to the Eye, and not of half the Substance as the British Superfines; therefore she can afford to sell them much cheaper. The Policy of the French is very remarkable. Finding that they could not make Cloths of so good a Quality as the British, they very judiciously attempted to outdo them in Cheapness, which they have effected; and, in order to take off the natural Objection against the French Cloths, that they are not so durable as the British, they are continually making Improvements in their Colours; and as soon as a good approved Colour appears, it is more unfashionable not to be dressed in that Colour, than it would be in England to be dressed in a Suit made of Blanketing. By this Artifice, the French Subjects in this Kingdom, and others also, are inticed into a Wear of their thin Cloths; and the Wearers will tell the Shopkeepers they can have two French Coats for the Price of one made of British Cloth; so that if the Manufacturers of Cloth in Great-Britain cannot invent a Cloth as cheap as the French, they must expect to be beaten by them out of their Trade."

Oct. 31. Several Gentlemen, in different Parts of England, are going on in the Planting and Improving Vineyards, some Wines having been made in this Kingdom of good Strength, and of a delicater Flavour than the best Growths of France.

The Trade of Sharping is at this Time in so flourishing a Situation, and the Methods put in Practice to promote it, are so various, that an Instance now and then made publick may probably have its Use. A few Days since, a Lad belonging to a Hatter in Popping's Alley, Fleet-street, being sent with a Hat to a Waiter at the Rose in Cheapside, was met at the Door by a Gentleman of the Profession, properly equipped in a blue Apron, &c. who snatched the Hat from him in great Wrath for his Delay in bringing it, and was making off, when the Boy produced his Receipt, and desired the Money; but was answer'd with a hasty D---n or two for being an Hour in bringing it home, and an Assurance that in the Interim he had been to pay his Master for it. By this Artifice the old Trick was again played off successfully.

Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, Oct. 16.

"There does not want People in this City of Amsterdam that are ill affected to her Royal Highness the Princess Governante and her Family, they are much too numerous. This very eminently appears by the licentious Discourses which are held in Coffee-houses, and indeed almost every where, without any Body taking upon them to reprove or contradict the impudent Murmurers. It seems as though the Regency did not take the Interest of the Court much to Heart; if they did, they would silence those who so insolently declaim against that illustrious Princess, who is prevented from doing the Good she is desirous of doing, by the Cabal, who have Art enough to through the Blame of whatever goes amiss upon the Conduct of the Court. These discontented People murmur and find Fault at every Thing her Royal Highness does, or orders to be done; whatever happens well is not placed to her Account, but every Thing that is done against the Interest of the Publick, is laid to the Charge of her Royal Highness. It is hoped that the perfect Union between the Count de Bentinck, the Grand Pensionary, the Treasurer-General, M. de Reye, Secretary of the Council, to whom the Greffier Fagel may be added, will contribute to heal the Evils which are complain'd of. God preserve us, and grant that Order may be drawn from Confusion."

One great Topick of Discourse, over all the North of Europe, is the Sermon of Mr. Lubienski, Arch-Deacon of Cracow, at the Opening of the Dyet. His Text was the latter Part of the 38th, and the Whole of the 39th Verses of the 5th Chapter of the Acts, *If this Counsel or this Work be of Men, it will come to nought; but if it be of God, ye cannot overthrow it; lest haply ye be found even to fight against God.* He from thence laid down two Positions. The first was, that in all publick Deliberations, Concord and Union was to be reputed the Work of God. His second, that whoever endeavoured to prevent the Accomplishment of great and salutary Designs, by exciting Discord and Tumult, fought against God, and did the Work of the Devil. The Discourse, it seems, was excellent, but unluckily it had no Effect.

Our Letters from Vienna inform us, that the Count Christiani, who is Chancellor of Milan, has made an ample Report to her Imperial Majesty of the State of Affairs in Italy; in which he gave her to understand, that the Countries in the Possession of the House of Austria, well peopled, and well cultivated, would be able to defend themselves against any Power in Italy; and that it is of much more Consequence to procure an inferior and inexhaustible Strength, by encouraging the Arts of Peace, than to exhaust the Inhabitants by vast Levies to defend them in Time of War against their Enemies, but who in Time of Peace must eat up themselves.

Nov. 5. *They write from Smyrna, that the contagious Distemper that raged there with great Violence for two or three Months, is at length totally ceased; and that the Christians, who are by much the greatest Part of the Inhabitants of that City, have caused Te Deum to be sung in their Churches, for so happy a Deliverance.*

It is currently reported, that a Treaty of Accommodation between the Court of Naples and the Order of Malta, is upon the Point of being settled, to the mutual Satisfaction of both Parties.

Last Night one of his Majesty's Messengers set out with Dispatches to the Court of Madrid; and the Day before another arrived from France.

An Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, dated Oct. 20.

"*According to our last Advices from Asia, Africa and America, the Disputes between the English and French in all those Quarters of the World increase, and grow every Day more serious than other, how well soever the two Nations may seem to agree in Europe. The French Party in the other three Quarters appear to have the upper Hand, having found Means to get the Indian Nations, in the Neighbourhood of the English Settlements, over to their Interest; and this is what gives daily Occasion for Quarrels and Skirmishes between the two European Nations, who are thereby continually increasing their Inveteracy the one to the other; insomuch that one may easily foresee, that notwithstanding the utmost Endeavours used by the Ministers on each Side to bring Things to an Accommodation, it will be impossible to draw any Advantage from them, either to reconcile the Differences that have arisen between the two Nations in America, or to agree about settling their respective Limits. This is a commercial Dispute, which is not so easily determined as a political Quarrel. If some Advices that we have received are to be depended on, the English are using their utmost Endeavours to maintain themselves in their Possessions, and to drive the French out of them, which must infallibly occasion a Rupture between the two Nations in North-America, from whence, it is said, the French are very desirous of driving the English, and are even resolved, if they are capable, to do so. The latter, however, are so well anchored in Virginia, Pennsylvania, and their other Settlements, that there will be some Difficulty attending the Execution of that Design.*"

Extract of Letter from Paris, Oct. 21.

"*The Bishop of Orleans, we hear, has repaired to Fountainbleau, in order to vindicate the Conduct of his Chapter, and obtain an Arret of Council in their Favour; but the King will have them submit to his Declaration of the 2d of last Month. His Majesty has given the like Answer to the Bishop of Nantz, who also came up to Court to sollicit an Evocatory Arret against the Parliament of Britanny, who, he says, have pick'd his Pocket of 12,000 Livres, only because he stood up in Behalf of Truth, and the Decisions of the Church.*

"*The King, who, in Imitation of Augustus, Louis le Grand, and other Princes who were Protectors of shining Talents, has always reckoned it Part of a Sovereign's Duty to encourage Men of Letters by his Benefactions, has just granted considerable Pensions to several of our most eminent Authors and Academicians.*"

Nov. 7. We learn from Brussels, that they are still very attentive to their Projects for improving the Manufactures and Commerce of the Austrian Netherlands, to which they are chiefly instigated by the Favour shewn by Prince Charles of Lorrain, their Governor, to every Proposal of this Kind, to the Examination of which he willingly devotes a great Part of his Time.

We hear from Vienna, that the Genoese Agent at that Court having been sent for by Count Colloredo, Vice Chancellor of the Empire, was charg'd by the Count to transmit to his Republick the ultimate Resolution of the Aulic Council concerning the Affairs of San Remo and Campo-Freddo, to the End that the Senate may not pretend to be ignorant thereof, as they have already done in sending back the Packet addressed to them by the Post, which contain'd the said Resolution. But, as the French Court has promised to support the Genoese Senate against the Aulic Council's Sentence, it is supposed the Authority of the Imperial Court will be slighted, unless enforced by a Body of Troops; and France may, perhaps, be glad of an Opportunity to break with the House of Austria, not for any Thing she expects in Italy, but only to have a Pretext to over-run the Netherlands.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated November 1.

"At length what has been for some time past foretold is come to pass; and the Queen Dowager of Spain is acting the grand Part for which she appears to have been design'd. The Empress of Russia, and the Empress Queen of Hungary, do not act a less remarkable Part upon the great Theatre of the World: But this Dowager Queen is the most indefatigable in her Endeavours to put in Execution her political Projects, which tend to bring yet another Crown into her House, and if she lives, perhaps to reunite the Crowns of Spain and Portugal. It is said by those People who have Interest in saying so, that this will never happen *(ipsi viderunt.)* Don Lewis's Resignation of the Cardinal's Hat is the first Step towards effecting such a Design; his Marriage with the Heiress of Portugal will, according to all Probability, be the second: What Events may not this produce? What a Theatre does it open for this politick Queen to act upon! She has, in a great Measure, the Means of accomplishing what she aims at, if the Ministers of France and Austria do not traverse her Views, she being Mistress of a large Part of Italy, and of all Spain. All the Politicians in Europe ought at present to have their Attention fixed upon the Designs of this Queen in Favour of her Darling Infant Don Lewis, who seems destin'd to make an Extraordinary Figure in the World, especially if he marries a Princess of Portugal, and that the Queen of Spain continues to have no Child, as, for the Misfortune of Europe, there is no Likelihood she should, she being near 43 Years old. For, whether the Don's Mother places him upon the Throne of Spain, Portugal, or Naples, he will scarcely fail, if he follows her Inspirations and Maxims, to act a very eminent Part in the Affairs of Europe, especially as the Forces of these Kingdoms are now in so advantageous a Situation."

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, December 26.

By a moderate Computation, there have been (at least) 7000 Palatines brought to the British Colonies in America, the present Year.

Jan. 2. There are now 31 Ships, 27 Snows, 9 Brigantines, 6 Schooners, and 13 Sloops in this Harbour; making in the whole 86 Sail.

Jan. 7. We hear that some Dispatches arrived here a few Days ago, from Boston in New-England; where, it is said, some Intelligence of an extraordinary Nature has been lately received from Cape-Breton.

Two Days ago, two Cherokee Runners arrived in Town, with Expresses.---We hear, that a Trader (or Traders) has been lately killed in that Nation.

On the 1st Instant, at One a Clock in the Morning, ran ashore on Cape Romain (and is since beat to Pieces) the Sloop Polly, Alexander Innes, Master, bound from St. Kitt's for this Port, with upwards of seventy Hogsheads of Rum on board.

On Monday last arrived here Capt. M'Carthy, and on Tuesday Capt. Joseph Smith, both from Jamaica, with Part of the Officers and Crew of a large French Ship, of and for Nantz from Leoganne, called Le Millain, Bechet Dewormeaux, Commander, which was lost on the 22d ult. on Crooked Island: Her Cargo consisted of 700 Hogsheads of Sugar, 100 of Indigo, upwards of 100 Casks of Coffee, and some Specie; all which, with the Vessel, is entirely lost: Part of her Company, which consisted of 58 Souls, perished with the Vessel; and the Rest must have perished on the Island, for want of Water, had not the above humane Captains providentially pass'd that Way, and taken all they could on board.

NEW-YORK, January 27.

Captain William Dickenson, in ten Days from Charlestown, South-Carolina, says, That Captain Robert Dickenson was to sail from thence for this Port, in a few Days after him.

Arrivals from the Northward, at Charlestown, in South-Carolina.

Ship Friendship, Johnson; Ship Raleigh, Reaton; Snow Nancy, Simpson; Brig Georgia-Packet, Marshall; and Snow Little Nancy, Tufts, from Boston. Sloop Althea, Dickenson; and Ship Amelia, Dixon, from New-York.

PHILADELPHIA, February 4.

On Tuesday last the Lieutenant-Colonels Ellison and Mercer set out from this City for New-York, in their Way to Boston.

The same Day Mr. Pitcher, Commissary of the Musters, arrived here from New-York, and on Friday proceeded on his Journey for Wills's Creek.

And on Wednesday the two Adjutants of Governor Shirley's and Sir William Pepperell's Regiments came to Town from Virginia, and are since gone to Boston.

By Captain Palmer, from Maryland, there is Advice of Captain Cowpland's being arrived there from this Place.

We have Advice, Via New-York, of the Captains Braddock, Menzies, Ross, Edwards, Ritchie, Leslie, Read, Abercrombie, and M'Kenzie, being safe arrived at Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, all from this Port.

Yesterday the Brigantine Cornelia, Captain Bolitho, arrived here from the West-Indies, in thirteen Days Passage.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Charles, Thomas Palmer from Maryland.

OUTWARDS.

Snow Prince George, David Gregory for W. Indies.
Schooner Martha, Sylvester Moriarty for Teneriffe.

CLEARED.

Sloop Susannah, John Esdaile to St. Christophers.
Sloop Adventure, Alexander Kennedy to Virginia.
---Nanty, Alexander Sage to Jamaica.
---Prudence, William Williams to Boston.

JUST published, and sold at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-street, MOORE's ALMANACK for the Year 1755; where likewise may be had POOR RICHARD's, The POCKET, and JOHN JERMAN's ALMANACKS, for the Year 1755.

CHARLES DUTENS, jeweller, from London, DAVID HARPER, gold and silver-smith, living next door to the Indian King, in Market-street, Philadelphia, has a variety of work to dispose of, viz.

STone lockets, buttons and ear-rings, set in gold, stone buckles for men and women, large and small solitairs, of the newest fashion, sundry rings of different prices, enamelled rings, with mother-of-pearl of three drops, and single drops, green work chains for sciffars, filigreen rings and buttons, Engl corals and bells, coral beads, steel-top thimbles, silver snuff-box chas'd and plain, ivory eggs instead of smelling boxes, Pinchb gilt buckles, necklaces, tortoiseshell buttons for coat and jacket, &c.

All persons that are pleased to favour them with their custo may depend on having their work done in the neatest and new fashion, as done in London.

N. B. They have several diamonds, sparks, rubies, topaz, em ralds, moco, garnets, &c. fit for rings and ear-rings.

To be sold separately by publick auction or vendue, upon the Cou house-green, at Newtown, in Bucks county, on Thursday thirteenth day of March next, at Two a clock in the afte noon, the three following pieces of land, lying in the townsh of Bensalem, in Bucks county, viz.

1st, THE plantation where Stephen Gordon now lives, bound by lands of Stephen Williams, James Rue, Gilb Hicks, and land late Samuel Hassell's, with a good dwelling-ho and orchard thereon, containing 102 acres and an half.

2d, The plantation where Thomas Stone now lives, bounded lands of William Duncan, Nicholas Vansandt, William Rid and Henry Pointer, containing 90 acres, having a good dwellin house upon it, lately finished.

3d, A piece of land, lying between the lands of William Du can, Edmund Duncan, Patrick Duncas, and Nicholas Vansan containing 72 acres and an half, about 30 whereof is cleared, the rest well timber'd.

Each purchaser shall pay down one tenth part of the purcha money upon executing the title, which shall be in one month af sale; and shall execute a bond, and mortgage of the same lan for payment of the remainder by yearly payments, of one ten part yearly, with the interest at 6 per Cent. or if any purcha shall chuse to pay more, or to pay off any of the annual payme before they become due, at any time within three years after they may do so, and have the interest thereof for the time th to come deducted, by LAWRENCE GROWDON.

Also to be sold by the said Lawrence Growdon, a tract of 55 acres of woodland, in Hilltown, adjoining Thomas Jones Taylo Any person inclining to view the same, may apply to William Wil liams, near the premises.

Likewise several likely Negroes to be sold by said Lawrence Growdon, at his house at Trevose,

For *LONDON*,

The Brigantine *MERCURY*, CHARLES HARGRAVE, Commander; Will sail by the 28th of February, having one half her loading ready to go on board. For freight or passage apply to said commander on board, or to Abel James, in Water street.

ON the 30th day of December last was left at the house of Thomas Rice, tavern keeper in Salem, in West-Jersey, but now in the possession of the subscriber of the same place, a small grey horse, bridle and saddle, branded on the near buttock TD, about 12 hands high, trots and gallops, the saddle is a hunting one, with a blue plush seat, and green plush housings, fringed, all which are supposed to be stolen. The owner of said horse, bridle and saddle, coming and proving his property, and paying charges, may have them again. SAMUEL TYLAR.

Baltimore County, Maryland, January 25. 1755.

BROKE out of the county goal last night, at Joppa, John Tucker, a ship carpenter, about 5 feet 10 inches high, he bends forward in walking, and is about 45 years of age. Whoever apprehends said Tucker, and brings him to my goal, shall have *Four Pistoles*, if taken in the county; and *Five Pistoles*, and reasonable charges, if taken out of the county or province. He is a sly artful person, and may deceive those who take him. It is supposed he has made to the northward, as he came from New-England about two years ago. WILLIAM YOUNG, Sheriff.

A PUBLICK VENDUE

Is kept at the house of JOSEPH WHITE, in Second-street, near the Death of the Fox, to begin at one a clock each day, to wit, the first and third Wednesdays in the month (and oftner as goods are brought) where will be exposed to sale sundry merchandize, viz.

PEWTER, houshold furniture, &c. &c. &c. where such who please to favour me with the selling any kind of goods, either by large or small quantities, may depend on my fidelity and dispatch in the sale thereof, on low commissions, with security if required, or money advanced in part, if wanted. Goods are taken in at my house in Chestnut-street, but if in casks, or heavy goods, an order will be given where to store them, without charge to the owners till sold, by your friend to serve, RICHARD WAGSTAFFE, clerk to self and Company.

N. B. Any persons who please to have their goods sold at their own houses, will be attended on reasonable terms. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, February 4, 1755.

Province of Pennsylvania, ss. NOtice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Saturday the first of March to Saturday the 8th; at Chester from the 10th to the 15th; at Pennsbury from the 17th to the 22d; at Lancaster from the 25th to the 29th inclusive; at which respective times and places all who are indebted as aforesaid are required to pay to RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

DRUMS, Colours, and Cartooch-boxes, made, and Drums new headed and repaired by PLUNKET FLEESON, Upholsterer, at the Easy Chair, the Corner of Fourth-street, in Chestnut street, who continues to make all Kinds of Upholsterers Work, Chairs and Joyners work, in the best manner and newest fashion, at the most reasonable rates; sells choice live geese feathers cheap, sea beds, bed bottoms, India pictures, &c. ☞

☞ To be LETT, the House in *Third-street*, two Doors above *Church-alley*, where the POST-OFFICE was lately kept. Enquire of JOHN MIFFLIN, Esq; or Mr. AMOS STRETTELL.

Best possible image.

The Partnership which lately subsisted between
JAMES WALLACE and GEORGE BRYAN,
Of this city merchants, being now dissolved,

ALL persons indebted to them, are requested to pay: and those who have demands on them, to settle accounts, and receive satisfaction.

N. B. They have to sell a small parcel of Fyall wines, and a Dutch servant lad's indentures, who has 4 years and a half to serve.

Philadelphia, February 4. 1755.

THE Subscribers to the *London Coffee-house* are desired to meet at said House, on Thursday the 13th Instant, at 11 o Clock in the Morning, in order to agree in what Manner the Ballance below, remaining in the Hands of the Trustees, shall be disposed of. *George Okill, William Grant, William Fisher,* and *Joseph Richardson,* Trustees.

An Account of Money collected for the Use of the London Coffee-house, *viz.*

From 232 Persons, *Thirty Shillings* each, -	£ 348	0 0
From 2 Persons, *Twenty Shillings* each, -	2	0 0
	£ 350	0 0

London Coffee-house, Dr.

To Cash paid *William Braaford,* his Account of Expences the first Day at opening the said House,	£ 9	6 0
To Cash lent said *Bradford,* pursuant to the Plan of Subscription, - - -	250	0 0
	£ 259	6 0
Ballance remaining in the Hands of the Trustees,	90	14 0
	£ 350	0 0

Philadelphia, February 4, 1755.

ON Monday next, the tenth of this month, there will be sold, by publick vendue, at the plantation late of John Lastett, deceased, adjoining Isaac Norris's, Esq; and near Fair-hill Meeting-house; Six cows, and two horses, one of them a very good saddle horse, and a parcel of good clover hay, several beds, and sundry houshold goods, a quantity of choice bacon, and some hung beef, and sundry farming utensils, such as plow, harrow, &c. The vendue to begin at ten a clock in the forenoon, when attendance will be given at the aforesaid plantation by ENOCH FLOWER, and EVAN MORGAN, executors.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, about two a clock, on the 14th day of this month, at the house of Jonathan Lewis, at the lower end of Second-street. A variety of choice houshold goods, with the improvement of a bake-house on some leased ground near the Dock. Also on the 21st day of the same month will be sold the said brick House, 3 stories high, with kitchen and chambers adjoining, and lot of ground, situated at the lower end of Second-street, opposite to Samuel Rhodes's, bounded easterly by George Fitzwalter's ground, southerly by ground of George Davis, westerly by Second-street, and northerly by a house and ground of William Pyewell, containing in breadth 17 feet, the whole length of the house, with liberty of an alley exclusive, and 18 feet wide from the house to the eastern bounds of the lot, and in length from said Second-street 80 feet; to be struck off at John Biddle's in the evening. Also on the 7th day of March, at the same place, will be sold, all the said Jonathan Lewis's right and interest in two lots, or pieces of ground, situated on the west side of a 16 foot alley, leading from Chestnut-street to Joseph Howell's tan yard, bounded southward by ground late of John Breintnall, deceased, westward by ground of George Emlen, northward with other ground late of said Breintnall, and eastward with the aforesaid alley, containing in front on the said alley 80 feet, be the same more or less, and extending westward the same breadth, to the aforesaid Emlen's ground; taken in execution at the suit of Peter Keene, by

SAMUEL MORRIS, sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale by publick vendue, about two a clock, on the 20th day of this month, at the house of the widow Pastorious, in Germantown, A stone messuage, and piece or lot of ground, situated in Germantown, on the eastern side of the Main street, bounded by the said street, and by the lands of Adam Hitner, and George Dampower, containing one acre; taken in execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, sheriff.

NOTICE is hereby given, That
JAMES COSGRAVE,
Who lately taught for Mr. DOVE, has open'd a school in Second-street, near the Church, in the house of Joseph Clark, Baker.

WHERE young gentlemen and ladies may be taught reading, writing, vulgar and decimal arithmetick, and merchants accounts, with great care and exactness, at most reasonable rates. He also professes to teach the Latin tongue, by the newest and most effectual methods, as he has not only been an assistant to many worthy professors thereof, but also practised and taught the same for some years, to the Approbation of his employers, and others skilled therein. He understands French, and several branches of mathematicks, such as geometry, trigonometry, and their application in surveying, navigation, &c. which apprentices, and others, may be taught at the usual hours of evening schools, at said place, together with reading, writing, &c. as above.

RUN away on the 28th of November last, from the subscriber, living near Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, two Negroes, a man and a woman; the man is a lusty yellow fellow, about 36 years old: Had on when he went away, A homespun blue coat and jacket, leather breeches, new shoes, a castor hat; has with him a fiddle, on which he can play. He is country born, speaks good English, and is called Cap. The woman is about 40 years old; had on when she went away, A striped linen gown and petticoat, and a short gown; she is called Rane. Whoever takes up said Negroes, if taken up out of the counties of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, and delivered to their master, living as above, shall have the sum of Four Pounds reward for each, and reasonable charges; and if taken within the abovesaid counties, the sum of Twenty-five Shillings for each, paid by me

RICHBELL MOTT.

THere was left at the sign of the Blue Ball, near Marcus-Hook by one James Magee, A brown mare, branded P on the near shoulder. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay the charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be sold at vendue. ⊕ JAMES POILLOIN.

A Servant man's time to be disposed of, enquire of DOROTHY READ, in Front-street. ⊖

TO be sold by John Snowdon, sadler, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, a good brick house, and lot of ground, in Second-street, the house is 16 feet in breadth, and 24 feet deep, with a good well, also a good stable and other buildings on the same; the lot is forty feet and a half front on Second-street, or thereabouts, more or less, and extends the same width to Dock-street, subject to a ground-rent of Four Pounds, Ten Shillings, a year, and a quit-rent to the proprietaries, of Two Shillings, and Sixpence, Sterling, per annum. Any person inclining to purchase either the whole or one half, may apply to

¶ 5s. Tbctf. JOHN SNOWDON.

EDWARD WEYMAN,
UPHOLSTERER,

At the sign of the Royal Bed, the Corner of Chestnut and Second Streets, Philadelphia, makes all Kinds of Upholsterer's Work, viz.

FURNITURE for beds and window curtains, either festoon or plain, stuffs all kinds of settees, and settee beds, easy chairs, couches and chair bottoms, either of silk, worsted or leather, likewise feather beds, matrasses, cabin stools, and puts up paper hangings in the neatest manner; he also makes umbrelloes suitable for the sun, and mends those for bad weather. He will either find materials suitable for the above-mentioned furniture, or will make up ladies and gentlemens own; he likewise can supply persons with all sorts of joyners work; those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their furniture made up in the neatest and newest fashions, and with immediate dispatch, at the most reasonable rates, by their most obedient humble servant,

EDWARD WEYMAN.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given to the tanners, and others, who have cows tails, or horses manes and tails to dispose of, that said Weyman gives the best price for those sorts of hair. Tbc. ⊙ 5s.

Lately imported from London, and to be sold by
JONATHAN and JOHN MIFFLIN.

At their store, next the Draw-bridge, and opposite Hamilton's wharff,

BEst English duck, No. 1 to 10, Russia ditto, ozenbrigs, sheeting linen, a neat assortment of 3 qr. and 7-8ths garlix, Irish linen, dowlas, princes linen, calicoes, printed linen, 7-8ths, yard wide, and 6 qr. cotton and linen check, cambrick handkerchiefs, worsted damask, calimancoes, cross-bar'd stuff, shaloons, tammies, men and womens hose, Flanders bed-ticks, bed-bunts, best Weston's snuff, Scots ditto in bladders, Hose's best shoes in trunks, best China taffeties, pins, needles, pewter, corks, rugs and blankets, cloves, mace, cinnamon, and nutmegs, green and bohea tea, pepper, coffee, chocolate, and ginger, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. nails, best London steel, bar iron, iron pots and skillets. Likewise wine, rum, sugar, melasses, pork, beef and mackrel, fine and coarse salt, London double and single refin'd loaf sugar, flour, Indian-corn, grind-stones, and chalk in hogsheads. Tbctf.

N. B. All persons indebted to said Mifflins above six months, are desired to make speedy payment, or they may expect immediate trouble, without further notice.

Just imported in the Carolina, Capt. Meinard, and Lydia, Capt. Reeve, and other ships from London and Bristol, and to be sold for Cash or short credit, by
WILLIAM GRANT,
Who is removed to the house Mr. Joseph Saunders lately lived in, near Chestnut-street corner, in Water-street,

SUper super drabs, super broadcloths in pieces and suits, with linings and trimmings, middling and coarser cloths, forest cloths, nap'd coating, and cloth colour'd frizes, beaver coating, Lancashire red and green bays, red and white swanskin and flannel, striped linseys, plain and striped duffils, fine and coarse Rugs and blankets, kersies, and kersey drabs, half-thicks, corded and plain druggets, baragons, blue, green, copper, and cloth colour'd fine and middling camblets, camblettees, tabarets, saggathies, duroys, everlastings, boulons, fine and coarse crapes, plain and striped calimancoes, tammies, durants, florettas, lorrains, corded and plain poplins, crimson and blue curtain Chinas, Irish stuffs, grazets, silverets, double and single alopeens, red, blue, and green plain and worsted plush, bavarians, bombazeens, flowered russels, double and single worsted damasks, shalloons, womens cloth colour'd and scarlet short cloaks, Turkey burdets, silk and worsted plaids, cotton romals, wadding, brown and white buckram, tiffany, black, colour'd, India, English and persian taffeties, black and cloth colour'd sattins, black paduasoy, silk grograms, tabbies, white farsnet, persians, spotted and bordered bandanoes, tepees, and lutestring handkerchiefs, Flanders ticks and bed bunts, kidderminster floor carpets and chair seats, stitching and sewing silk, buttons, mohair and twist, Scotch, Irish, and Dutch ozenbrigs, ell and yd. wd. sheeting linen, pomeranias, damask and diaper table cloths and napkins, Russia diaper, flaxen and hempen Russia linen, chints, calicoes, printed linens, figured cotton curtain patterns, white and colour'd fustians, flowered demity, tandems, and tandem silesias, striped bengals, flowered, clear and pistol lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, worsted, cotton, and thread hose, waistcoat patterns, and breeches pieces, silk and cotton gloves and muffatees, silk and velvet clogs, goloshes, Livonia, and English horse-hair hats, made capuchins, coarse and fine table mats, John Hose's womens shoes, womens glaz'd lamb and kid mittens, new fashioned rich ivory fans, middling, and common ditto, fine Mecklin and Brussels lace, a variety of fashionable ribbons, silk caps and laces, cotton laces, cotton gowns, vest and shirt buttons, qualities, and gartering, threads, beads, necklaces, umbrellos, womens hoops corking and common pins, sail cloth, copperas flour brimstone, allom, powder, nails, iron weights, bell-metal and iron sauce-pans, window glass of different sizes, hollow glass in large and small boxes, mahogony, walnut, gilt and plain fram'd looking-glasses, copper hand and gold scales, mahogany tea chests, men and womens horse whips and switches, horn and ivory combs, bed lace, black lace, black pepper, mace, cloves, cinamon, nutmegs, a large assortment of pictures, in and out of frames, maps of the world, paper hangings, writing paper, sealing-wax, wafers, blank books, copper tea-kettles and coffee-pots, best double tin-ware, boxes of childrens toys, worsted cruels, worsted and cotton cards, mens leather gloves, fowling pieces, childrens morocco pumps, bright and black warming-pans, metal and black horn buttons, spectacles, gun flints, nests of trunks, shovels and spades, Harvey's Meditations and Sermons, Pearsall's meditations, long and short pipes, an assortment of ironmongery, sadlery, cutlary, Apothecaries Drugs, &c. &c.

Said Grant has a choice parcel of Fyall wines at his stores, and some indico, which he will sell cheap for ready money, and requests that those who are indebted to him above six months may pay immediately. Tbc.

Just published (Price Two Shillings*) and to be sold at Mr. David Chambers's, in Arch-street, Mr. John Blakeley's, in Market-street, Mr. William Henry's, in Water-street, and at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-street,*

THE *Youth's entertaining* AMUSEMENT, *or a plain Guide to* PSALMODY; *being a Collection of the most usual and necessary Tunes sung in the English Protestant Congregations in Philadelphia, &c. in two Parts, viz.* TREBLE and BASS; *with all proper and necessary Rules, adapted to the meanest Capacities. By* W. DAWSON, *Writing Master and Accomptant, at the Hand and Pen, in Third-street, Philadelphia.*

N. B. As several worthy Gentlemen of this City have, by Subscription, encourag'd the Publication of this Collection of Tunes, 'tis hop'd it will meet with a general Encouragement, being calculated for the Advantage and pious Recreation of Youth and others.

To be SOLD,
A LIKELY Negroe woman and child. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

VEry good Lamp-black sold at the New-Printing-Office.

Biles Island, May 14, 1754.

IT. V. of Biles Island, near Bordentown, being sensible of the great necessity there was for erecting a house for the publick Worship of GOD in the said town, and the promotion of Religion and Virtue; and whereas several of the well-minded inhabitants being zealous for the effecting so laudible a design, did undertake the same, by which means they are become considerably in debt; now, for their relief, and finishing the said building, I make this lottery, the scheme of which is as follows, viz.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eigit.		Total Value.
1	of	250	is	250
3	of	150	are	450
8	of	50	are	400
12	of	20	are	240
150	of	10	are	1500
850	of	6	are	5100
			First Drawn,	30
1024 Prizes,			Last Drawn,	30
2976 Blanks,				
4000 Tickets, at two Pieces of Eight, is				8000

Fifteen per cent. to be deducted from the prizes. The drawing to commence the 2d Tuesday in April, or sooner, if full; publick notice will be given at least 14 days before the drawing, and of the precise time of putting the tickets into the boxes. The prizes will be published in this paper, and the money paid to the possessors of the benefit tickets, as soon as the drawing is over. Tickets are to be sold by William Potts, Thomas Cox, John Imlay, and Joseph Borden, jun. who I appoint managers, and they shall be on oath for the true performance of the same.

N. B. Tickets in the above Lottery, to be sold by *Henry Woodrow,* and *William Cunningham,* in *Philadelphia.*

Imported in the Ann Galley from London, and to be sold by
WILLIAM CHANCELLOR,
At the sign of the Pestle and Mortar, opposite the Presbyterian Meeting-house, in Market-street (where practitioners in town and country may be supplied at a reasonable rate)

A VERY large assortment of drugs and medicines; likewise Bostock's and Godfrey's cordial, Bateman's drops, Daffy's and Stoughton's elixir, Turlington's balsam, British oil, and genuine Florence oil, in flasks; Hungary and lavender water, sago, sponges, lacquer and varnish, brimstone in rolls and flour, best Jesuits bark, shavings of hartshorn, nipple glasses, tinfoil, apothecaries scales and weights, pipes, double white flint bottles, from two quarts to four ounces, with ground stoppers, ointment, syrup, and pill pots, vials, and vial corks, pill boxes, gallipots, &c.

N. B. Masters of vessels, not carrying surgeons, may be supplied with a medicine box, and proper directions.

BORDEN-TOWN STAGE is carried on as formerly, viz.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage boat, JOSEPH CANNIDA Master, attends at the Crooked billet wharff every Monday and Tuesday; and his Shallop, CHARLES TAYLOR Master, at the same wharff, every Friday and Saturday; the Stage-waggon attends the same boats; the Stage-boat at Amboy, kept by *James Wells,* late from Philadelphia. My adversaries have been pleased to advertise that they can give people greater dispatch than I can, to that I appeal to fact: As I was the first promoter of this scheme, as yet of no advantage to any but the publick, and as I take pay for 13 miles less land-carriage than the Burlington people do, I hope all well minded People will lay their commands upon their humble Servant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, jun.

N. B. Said Borden keeps two setts of horses.

Just imported in the last vessels from London, and to be sold, by
MORDECAI YARNALL,
At the sign of the Hand-Saw, in Second street, near Black-horse-alley, cheap for ready money, the following goods, viz.

BROAD cloths, kerseys, shaloons, buttons and twist, camblets, camblettees, plush, worsted damasks, russels, velvet caps, ozenbrigs, Irish linens, check linen, cambricks, clear lawns, broad lawns, pistol lawns, garlix, table-cloths, napkening and clouting diaper, bed-ticks, bengals, sewing silk, calicoes, stamped linens, white and colour'd threads, muslins, gloves, black paduasoy, bandanoes, ferret and cotton laces, nutmegs, cloves, mace, green rugs, striped duffels, hard metal and other pewter, looking glasses, of all sizes, 20, 10, 12, and 8d nails, cutlary, London steel, A C, No. 3, mill-saws, wire mousetraps, gunpowder, shot, bohea tea, allom, copperas, brass kettles and milk pans, bibles, testaments, spelling books, primers, horn books, &c. ☞5s. Tbctf.

Lately imported, in the last ships from London and Bristol, and to be sold by
WILLIAM FISHER,
In Water-street, where Samuel Hazard lately liv'd,

ENGLISH and Lubeck duck, ozenbrigs, brown rolls, 10 and 11 nail, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard wide and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, spotted lawn, long lawn, pistol lawn, tandem garlix, nuns holland, humhums, cossaes, tanjebs, English and India black and colour'd taffeties, princes linen, Irish and Russia sheeting, an assortment of Irish linen and cheese cloth, Irish dowlas, buckram, hempen Russia linen, cotton hollands, calicoes, printed linens, linen handkerchiefs, holland tapes, twist, white and colour'd threads, nonsopretties, superfine ermin, ginghams, bedticking, cherryderry, jeans, plain, figur'd and white fustians, quality binding, firret, cotton laces, ribb'd shirt buttons and wier'd ditto, waistcoat ditto, figur'd and scarlet gartering, baladine silk, mens and womens white and brown thread hose, womens clogs, gauze handkerchiefs, silk and cotton ditto, pink in grain ditto, mens and womens gloves and mittens, pins and needles, mens and boys felt hats, blue and cloth colour'd saggathies, tammies, durants, long and short duroys, blue and cloth colour'd camblet, calimancoes, an assortment of stockings, and patterns for breeches, 8 and 9 qr. rugge, strip'd duffils, German serges, forest cloths, beaver coating, strip'd linsey, Irish poplin, yard wide stuffs, shaloons, scarff death head buttons, silk and hair twist, with a neat assortment of broadcloth in pieces and suits, white metal buttons, mens and womens horsewhips, nutmegs, mace, bohea and best hyson tea, copperas, ginger, F and FF gunpowder, shot, hogsheads of chalk, Spanish brown, crates of earthen ware, drinking glasses, viols and gallipots, sun raisins in casks and jars, crown window glass in boxes and sides, long and short pipes, Dorchester beer, Bristol steel, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, spikes, hob nails, trunk and batten ditto, a large assortment of cutlary, ironmongery and sadlery.

To be Lett for a Term of Years,

THE IRON-WORS, called DURHAM, with all the woodland, plantation, &c. thereunto belonging, being some of the most convenient and best provided works for the making iron in the province, as they are well supplied with a large quantity of the best sort of ore, wood, water, sand, limestone, and every other necessary: And what renders them still more convenient is, that the ore is so near to the furnace, and the furnace to the forges, that there is not one mile's carting in the whole, and but one mile more from the forges to the landing on the river Delaware, from whence all the iron may be brought down to Philadelphia by water, at a small expence. Enquire of WILLIAM LOGAN, at Stenton, near Germantown, or of ANTHONY MORRIS, in Philadelphia. Tbctf.

Best possible image.

Mortgages, Wills, Bonds, and other Deeds and Inſtruments of Writing, drawn by

PAUL ISAAC VOTO,

At his Office, the Corner of Black-horſe Alley, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Tbctf.

To be SOLD, very reaſonable,

A Plantation and tract of land, in Kent county on Delaware, whereon doctor Henry Jaffray, deceaſed, lately lived, adjoining to Duck-creek town, containing about 200 acres of land, being a pleaſant ſituation, within a mile of Duck-creek landing, with a large commodious brick dwelling-houſe, outhouſes, barn, and two orchards, with other good improvements thereon. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to HENRY FARSONS, living near the premiſes, or to EDMUND KEARNY, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Kearny, at his ſtore, the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharff, hath a good aſſortment of European and India goods imported in the laſt ſhips from London, which he will ſell very cheap for ready money. All perſons indebted to him, whoſe debts are become due, are once more deſired to make immediate payment, or they may ſhortly expect to be compelled thereto by law. Tbc. 6 w.

To be ſold, by

THOMAS WHARTON,

At his ſtore, on Carpenter's wharff, where Joſeph Saunders formerly kept, being down that alley, oppoſite to Abraham Taylor's, in Water-ſtreet,

SUNDRY ſorts of dye ſtuffs, viz. Madder, ground red wood, fuſtick, galls, log-wood, braziletto, beſt indigo, allom and copperas, alſo brimſtone, gun-powder, ſteel, A C. No. 3. pipes in cags: Ozenbrigs, ſhaloon, muſlins, calicoes, mens and womens horſe whips, gold pattern and glaſs ſleeve buttons, braſs ink-pots, ivory and horn combs, ink-powder, ſhoe and knee buckles, table knives and forks, buck, capp'd and Stafford pen-knives, ſciſſars, razors, marking irons, awl-blades, ſhoe tacks and ſhoe-knives, taylors ſhears, piſtol capp'd knives, hard metal table and tea ſpoons, ſteel coffee-mills, gimblets, pot, propatria and poſt paper, wool cards, ground and race ginger, all-ſpice, pepper, coffee, nutmegs, cloves and mace, Weſton's ſnuff, hyſon, green and bohea tea, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, Weſt-India and Philade phia rum, melaſſes, and ſundry other goods. Tbctf.

N. B. The Inſurance office, for ſhipping, is there kept.

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to be SOLD, by

WALLACE and Company,

At the houſe of Joſeph Turner, Eſq; in Front-ſtreet,

LOAF ſugar; ſingle refin'd, at TWELVE PENCE per pound; double refin'd, at EIGHTEEN PENCE per pound. Tbctf.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A Plantation, ſituated in Oxford townſhip, near the church, within 8 miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees, moſt of them beginning to bear, as many bearing heart cherries, and ſome peach trees, a large ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to ſuit either one or two families, a large milk-houſe, and a well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns and two ſtables, beſides other out-houſes. If it ſhould be more convenient for the purchaſer, the quantity of land may be leſſened, 60 or 70 acres to be divided off, where there is already a new ſettlement making. He may alſo enter upon the premiſes the 25th of March next, and be allowed time for payment, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity if required. For further particulars, enquire in Third-ſtreet, between Arch and Market-ſtreets, for

Tbc. SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE.

To be ſold by

THOMAS ELLIS,

Glazier, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite Black-horſe-alley,

SHeet lead, mill'd or caſt bar ditto, Briſtol glaſs, of ſundry ſizes, by the box or retail, London crown ditto, of any ſize, fit for clocks, ſamplars, pictures, white lead, red ditto, vermilion, Perſian blues of ſundry ſorts, leaf gold, looking glaſſes, linſeed oil, ſtreet lamps, &c. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

FIVE lots of ground, ſituated on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth on the ſaid ſtreet 20 feet, and in length 89 feet, bounded weſtward by Second-ſtreet, ſouthward by a 12 foot alley, dividing this from Joſhua Emlen's meſſuage and ground, eaſtward by a three foot alley, and northward by other ground; another of the ſaid lots being in breadth on the ſaid ſtreet 18 feet, and in length 92 feet, bounded weſtward by the ſaid ſtreet, and northward by a 4 foot alley, dividing this from Robert Rawlinſon's meſſuage and ground, with the free liberty and privilege of the ſaid 4 foot alley, and of building over the ſame alley, and of the party wall of the ſaid Robert Rawlinſon's meſſuage; the other three lots are ſituated on the north-ſide of the ſaid 12 foot alley, containing in breadth each 16 feet 10 inches, and extending in length to the ſaid 4 foot alley 66 feet, with the privilege of the ſaid 4 foot and 10 foot alleys, and of another 10 foot alley, running along the eaſt-ſide of the eaſtermoſt of the ſaid 3 lots. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe all or any of the ſaid lots, may apply to Septimus Robinſon, Eſq; in Mulberry-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or to James Worrell, in Vine-ſtreet. The title is indiſputable.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Liverpool, and to be ſold by

GEORGE OKILL,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, very cheap for ready money, or three months credit,

BRoadcloths, kerſies, plains, frize, ſcarlet, red and white flannel, ſhaloons, tammies, calimancoes, red, brown and drab colour'd halfthicks, rugs and blankets, green naps, emboſſed ſerge, mens ribb'd worſted ſtockings, womens plain ditto, mens ribb'd and plain yarn ſtockings, Scotch thread, drab colour'd duffile, mohair, buttons and twiſt, writing paper, metal buttons, 6 qr. yd. and 3-8ths, yd. wd. 7-8ths, and 3 qr. wide cotton and linen checks, pipes, delf, flint, yellow, and flat ware, 3, 4, 8, 10, 12, and 20 penny nails, fine ſalt, &c. Alſo Muſcovado ſugar, melaſſes, and coffee. Tbc. 3 Ms.

SAMUEL GRISLEY,

In High-ſtreet, commonly call'd Market-ſtreet, a little below the Jerſey-market, a green lamp before the door,

CONTINUES to ſell choice old Madeira wine by the quarter caſk, gallon and quart, old Jamaica ſpirit, French brandy, and Liſbon wine, by the gallon and quart, white wine, canary or ſack, and claret, by the bottle. Where gentlemen, maſters of veſſels, &c. may have it bottled off for ſea; alſo for country taverns, and funerals, any quantity of each above a pint. ⊕ 5s. Tbc.

To be SOLD,

A Likely young Negroe man, about 20 years of age, country born, has had the meaſles, and ſmall-pox, fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

BRoke out of Cape-May county goal, on the ſecond of January inſt. a man, named Jacob Bennet, born in Bucks county, is about 42 Years of age, about five feet eight inches high, of a freſh complexion, and can talk Low Dutch well. He is a Wampum-maker by trade. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Bennet in any goal, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall receive Four Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, from JOHN SHAW, ſheriff of Cape-May county. ⊕

To be SOLD,

SEveral parcels of land, in Weſt-Jerſey, viz. one tract of well-timber'd land, containing about 255 acres, within a mile of Mountholly, extending on the South branch of Rancocus-creek, where the tide flows, adjoining to the old bridge on the country road; it is very conveniently ſituated for ſending timber and cord-wood to Philadelphia; it hath a large ſtream of water running thro' it, ſufficient for a mill, and is ſuppoſed to have about 40 acres of ſwamp, which is capable of being made into good meadow at a ſmall expence. Alſo ſeveral tracts of cedar-ſwamp, which by the ſurveys are called 180, 65, 50, and 19 acres, and are all ſituated near a navigable branch of Mullicas's river, in Egg harbour. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe all, or any of thoſe tracts, may have them on reaſonable terms, and a conſiderable time for payment of the purchaſe-money. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN SMITH, in Philadelphia.

To be SOLD or LETT,

ABout nine acres of ground, with a good dwelling-houſe, orchard, garden, and ſundry other conveniencies, ſituated on Moyamenſing road, a mile and a quarter from Philadelphia. The purchaſer, on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, may have any reaſonable time allowed for payment of the principal.

Alſo to be lett on a ground rent, A lot in Market-ſtreet, to the eaſtward of where Charles Brockden lives, and ſeveral lots between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, in Fourth-ſtreet, adjoining the Indian Queen ſouthward, and ſundry other lots in ſaid city; enquire of ANTHONY MORRIS, jun. * Tbc. 2 m.

Juſt imported from London, in the Lydia Capt. Reeve, and to be ſold exceeding cheap for preſent money, or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox's Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

FOur-penny, 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails, wrought anvils, ſmiths vizes, iron pots, 10 by 8 crown glaſs, felt hats, ſuperfine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, bearſkin coating, kerſeys, duffils, foreſt cloths, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, corded poplins, rugs and blankets, half-thicks, flannels, red bays, all ſorts of muſlins, cambrick and lawns, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 9-8ths Iriſh linens, of all prices, Ruſſia, Pruſſia, & princes linens & fileſias, all ſorts of Mancheſter & cotton checks, cotton hollands, bed ticks, German and Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown heſſen and brown rolls, camblets, camblettees, and everlaſtings, worſted caps, cruels and marking canvas, printed linens, cottons, chintz and bed patterns, whited brown buckrams, hair cloths, mohair and ſcarf twiſt, dyed pillows, and thickſets, cotton romals, blue and white linen handkerchiefs & bandanoes, ſhort cloaks & capuchins, all ſorts of haberdaſhery and cutlary wares, pewter diſhes, baſons, ſpoons, tea-pots, cream-jugs and ſalts, copper tea-kettles, boxes of tinned plates, beſt London ſteel, F F gunpowder, ſhot, pig lead, all ſorts of wire, iron plates, handſaws and files, ſcale beams, Weſton's ſnuff, horſe whips, flat irons, playing cards, writing paper, pins and needles, red leather trunks, looking-glaſſes, coffee-mills, loaf ſugar, cinnamon and pepper, Leghorn hats, worſted ſtockings, mantua ſilk, luteſtrings, ſewing ſilk, ſaltpetre, glauber and epſom ſalts, flour of brimſtone, copperas, verdigreaſe in bags, antimony Jeſuits barks, aſſafoetida, camphire, and ſundry other drugs, and chimical medicines to be ſold exceeding cheap. Tbc.

SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, for raiſing 3000 Pieces of Eight, for the Uſe of the ACADEMY at Philadelphia.

THE Purchaſe of Ground and Buildings for the Academy, the Alterations and Improvements that were neceſſary to accommodate the Scholars, and the furniſhing of the ſeveral Schools, having, all together, prov'd an Expence far beyond their firſt Expectation, the Truſtees, deſirous as ſoon as poſſible to compleat their Plan, for the Good of the Publick and of Poſterity, find themſelves under a Neceſſity of obtaining ſome Aſſiſtance by way of Lottery: And as ſeveral Lotteries have, ſince the Founding of this Academy by Subſcription, been carried on and encouraged here, for the Benefit of Schools and Colleges in the neighbouring Provinces, 'tis hoped it will not be thought leſs reaſonable that we ſhould at length have one for the Benefit of our own. Thoſe who in this way have lately contributed liberally to Matters of mere *external Ornament* to the City, will doubtleſs more chearfully encourage the Academy; an Undertaking which aims at *adorning* the Minds of our Youth with every Excellence and rendering them really uſeful and ſerviceable Members of Society.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
3	of	1000 each,	are	3000
6	of	500	are	3000
12	of	250	are	3000
24	of	125	are	3000
48	of	62 & a half,	are	3000
1000	of	5	are	5000
1093 Prizes,				
3907 Blanks,				
5000	Tickets, at Four Dollars each, are			20,000

The Money to be paid to the Poſſeſſors of Prizes as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, *Twenty per Cent.* being firſt deducted from the 93 larger Prizes; but the 1000 ſmall Prizes to be paid without any Deduction, which reduces the Deduction on the whole to *Fifteen per Cent.*

The Drawing to begin punctually on Monday, the third Day of March next, or ſooner if ſooner full. The Prizes to be publiſhed in this Gazette.

The following Perſons are appointed Managers of this Lottery, viz. Meſſieurs William Allen, John Inglis, William Maſters, Samuel M'Call, junior, Joſeph Turner, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Leech, William Shippen, Philip Syng, Phineas Bond, Richard Peters, Abraham Taylor, William Plumſted, and Thomas Cadwallader, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Performance of their Truſt.

Prize-Money not demanded within ſix Months after the Drawing is finiſhed, to be deemed as generouſly given to the Academy, and applied accordingly.

Tickets are now ſelling by the Managers at their reſpective dwellings, and by *William Franklin* and *David Hall.*

NOtice is hereby given to all perſons that are indebted to Alexander Ray, late of this City, merchant, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, that they make ſpeedy payment of the ſame to the ſubſcriber hereof, or they may expect to be ſued without further Notice, by *James Trotter*, Attorney to ſaid *Alexander Ray.*

N. B. The ſaid Trotter has a neat aſſortment of goods fit for the ſeaſon, that he will ſell cheap for ready money, or on ſhort credit, at very reaſonable terms. He has alſo ſome choice *Rubarb* to diſpoſe of. T. b. t. f.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold very cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

RHEA and WIKOFF,

Who have removed their ſtore to where Mrs. Roberts kept a coffee-houſe, the fifth door from Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

BLack, blue, ſcarlet and drab colour'd broadcloths, fine ſcarlet ſerges, foreſt-cloths, black, blue, green and cloth colour'd ratinets, ditto ſhaloons, black, blue and cloth colour'd calamancoes, white, blue, pink and cloth colour'd tammies, pink, blue and cloth colour'd durants, croſs-bar worſted ſtuffs, fine yd. wd. ſilk hungarians, broad & narrow camblets, fine boil'd ditto, ſilk ditto, black, blue and ſcarlet everlaſtings, plain and ſtriped camblettees, ruſſels, damaſk, florettas, ſtarrets, fine harrateens, blue and crimſon chintz for beds, black tiffany, Italian crapes, fine purple cottons, three colour'd ditto, printed calicoes, two blue large flowers for beds, purple ground calicoes, dark ground chints, nutmegs, cinnamon, mace, cloves, pepper, Weſton's ſnuff, Hoſe's damaſk ſhoes, ſilk and half death head buttons, black horn waiſtcoat ditto, ſilk and hair twiſt, fine baladine and ſcarf ditto, women's ſcarlet and cloth colour'd cloaks, black and cloth colour'd hair ſhag, mens black and colour'd ſhammy gloves, ditto furr'd, womens white, colour'd and black glaiz'd gloves and mittens, ditto dy'd ſhammy, ditto white Bath kid gloves, ſilk caps, white, black and cloth colour'd ſattins, black luteſtring, ditto alamode, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linens, 7-8ths and yd. wd. tandems, 7-8ths garlix, Hamburgh long lawns, holland ditto, fine gulix holland, piſtol lawns, cambricks in pieces & patches, plain lawns in ditto, ſpotted and flower'd lawns, muſlins, napkining and clouting diaper, Ruſſia ditto, Iriſh & Ruſſia ſheeting, oznabrigs and damaſk table-cloths, luteſtring and roſeat handkerchiefs, lungeeſeeſterſoy and culgee ditto, womens thread and cotton ſtockings, ozenbrigs, dowlas and princes linens, kerſeys, rugs and blankets, ſilk poplins, light and cloth colour'd baladine ſewing ſilk, ſuperfine embroidering ditto in ſhades, cloth, crimſon, pink, blue, yellow and black taffeties, broad and narrow perſians, 3-qr. and 7-8ths checks and ſtripes, yd. wd. yd. and 3-8ths, and 6 qr. linen and cotton checks, bed bunts, bolſter tickings, Scotch handkerchiefs, garters, quality and firrets, ſtay cord, galoon and braid, paduaſoy and figured ribbons, narrow border'd ditto, flat and round ſilk laces, cotton and pins, writing-paper, Scotch and colour'd threads, plain fuſtians, white and dy'd jeans, cotton counterpanes, brown and white buckrams, cap lace and edging, fine ſilver plated ſhoe and knee buckles, moulded ſteel ditto, ſquare ſteel and metal ditto, ſnuff-boxes, buck and buck horn knives and forks, cuttoes, ſealed and common pen-knives, ennamel'd handle ditto, braſs ſloat ditto, braſs and bone ditto, pots, thimbles, ſtay-hooks, braſs ſleeve-buttons, ſilver-ſet ſtone and ivory and horn combs, metal buttons, ſmall ſciſſars, taylors ſheers, braſs cocks, locks, hinges, drawing-knives, handſaws, hammers, gimblets, raſps, files, chiſſels, adzes, broad axes, coopers vizes, frying pans, horſe-whips, double flint glaſs ware, FF gunpowder, pewter crown glaſs, felt hats, drab colour'd Mancheſter velvet ſhapes, worſted caps, red and green worſted pluſhes, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, womens worſted ſhoes. Engliſh ſteel in half faggots, ſtraining and diaper web, ſmoothing irons, proſpect and ſpring locks, trading, fence pan and half bridle gun-locks, 6 inch brad knob'd locks, 6 and 7 inch caſe braſs ditto, ſtock ditto, common, ſecret and Bridgewater padlocks, cloſet and cheſt ditto, ſhoemakers awl blades and pinchers, plaiſtering trowels, folding ganging rods, Gunter's ſcales, two feet rules, Rhode-Iſland, ſhort cannon, Dutch and double chain bitts, mens and womens iron and braſs ſtirrups, perch-hooks; a variety of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, tuft nails, box-irons, wire ſnaffles, colt and rippon ditto, common and fine poliſh'd ſpring ſnuffers, ſquare ſtaples, braſs and white pins, niſhing nails, race ſetts, ſetts of hearted deſk-locks, knitting-pins, an aſſortment of fine ſnuff boxes, pearl ear-rings, chafing-dishes, battins, 6 to 14 ounce tacks, clout and trunk nails, long handle frying-pans, 4, 10, 20, and 24d. nails, fine Dutch painted tea-tables, &c. &c. &c Tbctf.

STEPHEN CARMICK,

Is removed from his ſtore under Capt. William Spafford's, to the ſtore which Mr. Andrew Elliot lately kept, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the ſign of the Bible, four doors below Market-ſtreet, in the bank; where he ſells, very cheap,

SUperfine and coarſe broadcloths, bearſkins, kerſeys, plains, red and ſtriped flannels, green and blue calimancoes, ozenbrigs, 6 qr. yd. 7-8ths, and 3 qr. cotton and linen checks, fine and coarſe yd. wd. and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, yd. wd. tandems, garlix, buckrams, long lawns, broad lawns, cambricks, chints, calicoes, printed cottons, and hair colour'd linens, printed linens, cotton romals, linen handkerchiefs, new romals, lungees, ſpotted and flower'd bandanoes, black, blue, ſtriped, changeable and cloth colour'd perſian taffeties, camblets, yd. wd. and narrow corded ſilks, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, tammies, durants, ruſſels, loons, black, blue and ſcarlet everlaſting, ſcarlet garters, in garter and whole pieces, cotton and ſilk laces, 6 qr. muſlins, quality binding, vermillion, brown heſſens, ſuperfine ſagathies, ſcarlet, black and blue knit breeches, horſe-whips, beſtadine ſewing ſilks, Scotch nuns and colour'd threads, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, colour'd fuſtians, writing-paper, Weſton's beſt ſnuff, beſt mill-ſaws, powder and ſhot, cutlary, &c. &c.

To be SOLD by

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

Who is remov'd to the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, the next door but one to where he formerly liv'd,

SUNDRY ſorts of dye ſtuffs, as madder, ground red-wood, fuſtick, galls, log-wood and braziletto, indigo, allom, copperas, alſo brimſtone, Engliſh glue, bar lead, ſhot, gunpowder, neat powder flaſks, ſundry ſorts of nails, ſteel, A C. No. 3. long and ſhort pipes, cutlary; ozenbrigs, garlix, twilled baging, blankets and rugs, flannel, ſhaloons, ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, ell-wide perſians, muſlins, calicoes, cotton and linen checks, buckrams, hat crapes, and Ruſſia ſheeting; writing paper of ſeveral ſorts; ſale twine; alſo Jamaica ſpirit, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, coffee, tea and chocolate, rice, pepper, alſpice, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, mace and cloves, ſalt petre, ſweet oil, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. The INSURANCE-OFFICE for SHIPPING is kept by him as uſual.

JOHN REILY, SCRIVENER, hereby gives Notice, That any Gentlemen deſirous to buy or ſell Eſtates, Houſes, Lands, Yearly-rent Charges, Annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good Security, may be aſſiſted therein by applying to him at his Office, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreet, where their Buſineſs (as uſual) will be tranſacted with the greateſt Care, Diſpatch and Secrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said Reily, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſors or Owners of the Deeds relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch Defects.

JOHN REILY.

At ſaid Office is tranſacted, as above, the Notarial Buſineſs, in all its Branches, by Mr. JAMES HUMPHREYS, Notary Publick.

N. B. Said REILY has a large Quantity of French Indico, and Half Cheſts of neat and genuine Florence Oil, in Bottles, to diſpoſe of, very cheap for ready Money.

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

Best possible image.

February 11, 1755.

NUMB. 1364.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Mr. GREEN,

A LATE *Pennſylvania Gazette* having Yeſterday fallen into my Hands, in which the Publiſhers have given us ſome Reflections of a *French* Author, on the *Britiſh* Colonies, I could not help committing to Paper ſome Thoughts that occurred to me on the Peruſal of them, which I take an Opportunity of tranſmitting to you, imagining, that tho' nothing ſhould be thereby communicated, but what your Readers are already acquainted with, yet I ſhall help, at leaſt, to reſtore your Paper to its uſual Size, which I have, with Concern, obſerv'd has lately wanted half its proper Compliment of Words and Syllables.

We are told, by their Hiſtorians, that what principally induced the *French* to make Settlements on this Continent, was the Proſpect of reaping vaſt Advantages from an extenſive Commerce with the Natives of the Country; and it muſt be confeſſed, that they have ſo far ſucceeded in their Deſign, as to have engroſſed, at this Time, almoſt the whole Trade to themſelves, of which, a few Years ſince, we enjoy'd no ſmall Share. In the Proſecution of this Scheme, they have met with no inconſiderable Difficulties, in the Infancy of the Colony, when their Numbers were ſcarcely ſufficient to defend their principal Settlements upon St. *Lawrence*'s River; the Neceſſity they were under of ſending abroad many military trading Parties, on whoſe Succeſs their whole Dependence was, rendered them ſo weak, that it was with great Difficulty they ſupported themſelves againſt the Ravages of the *Five Nations*, until we interceded, and procured them a Peace: However, this detaching abroad their Parties, into the immenſe Back Country, hitherto unexplored by us, gave them an Opportunity of cultivating Friendſhips, and making Alliances, with innumerable *Indian* Nations, and ſecuring to themſelves (as they think) an inconteſtable Title to every Part of the Continent that was not, at that Time, actually inhabited by Colonies from the *European* Nations; but whatever Pretenſions they may make to ſuch an immenſe Tract of Country, they could have little View of taking Poſſeſſion of it; for we are told, by their Hiſtorian, that the Coldneſs of the Climate, the Barrenneſs of the Soil upon the River St. *Lawrence*, and the Dangers and Difficulties of their Navigation, proved inſurmountable Obſtacles to this Colony's increaſing much, either in Number or Riches: So late as the Year 1714, the Amount of all the Souls in *New-France* did not exceed 25,000, out of whom not more than 5000 were able to carry Arms; and their Wealth was as inconſiderable as their Numbers; their annual Exports not by far ſupplying their Demands from *Europe*: So that to this Period they were a dead Weight upon their Mother Country; and the generous Remittances that were yearly made them from thence, were they indebted for their daily Bread. And by the beſt Accounts we can get of their preſent State, they are not, at this Day, more capable of ſupporting themſelves, without the Continuance of ſuch large Aſſiſtance. Had this Nation been leſs an Enemy to the *Engliſh*, it is not improbable that ſuch diſcouraging Circumſtances would have long ſince determined them to relinquiſh a Country, which they found unable to ſupport its Inhabitants, and to decline a Trade, by which they could not live: But thoſe who were at the Helm, and had the Direction of their Affairs, ſaw too well how fatal ſuch a Step might prove, by leaving us at Liberty, in Caſe of future Ruptures between the two Crowns, to make ſucceſsful Attempts upon their *Weſt-India* Colonies, and therefore ſtill ſupported them, tho' at a prodigious Expence, in Hopes they might one Day meet with a favourable Opportunity of making ſuch an Addition to their Limits, as would not only enable them to ſubſiſt without further Aids from *France*, but, in Time, to attempt the Conqueſt of one or all of the adjacent *Engliſh* Provinces: The fine Country ſituated on the *Ohio*, ſeemed well calculated for both theſe Purpoſes, and the deſir'd Opportunity has, at length, preſented itſelf to their View. The Reduction of their vaſt Land Forces, at the Concluſion of the War, afforded them a ſufficient Number of Troops, with which they could ſtrengthen their Colonies; and the uninterrupted Harmony that has ſubſiſted ever ſince, through all *Europe*, has put it more in their Power to proſecute their Schemes, than ever it has been at any preceding Period. Since the Ratification of the Peace, ſuch Troops as they have tranſported hither, have been continually employed in ſurrounding our Settlements, with a continued Chain of Forts, of which, within theſe two Years, they have compleated no leſs than Four, on the Frontiers of this, and within the two neighbouring Provinces, whereby they have taken Poſſeſſion of a moſt fertile Country, in a moſt agreeable Climate; a Country, which will ſoon tempt the *Canadians*, as the *Indians* expreſs themſelves, to flock thither like Pigeons, where the Severity of tedious Winters, will no longer expoſe them to the Danger of periſhing by Famine, and where they may expect to ſee their Families encreaſe and multiply, together with the Fruits of the Earth. But, however great may be the Advantages of this their inland Conqueſt, we muſt not expect they will fully ſatisfy their exorbitant Ambition: Can we think they will here ſit down, and only envy us the Happineſs we enjoy of an excellent Navigation? No, let us not entertain ſuch vain Hopes; but be aſſured, that as they boaſt of being Maſters of the Weſtern Part of this Continent, on the Southern Ocean, they will not reſt until they have ſtretched their Arms from one Sea even unto the other. But while the *French* have been combating with innumerable Obſtacles and Difficulties, before their Affairs could be brought to their preſent promiſing Condition, the Fecundity and Healthineſs of the Land where our Lot has fallen, and where Providence has given the Children of *Britain* an Inheritance, has occaſioned a wonderful Increaſe of our Numbers; few of our Provinces but what ſingly can afford more Men than are to be found in *Canada*, and ſome of them ſo vaſtly ſuperior in Numbers to the collected Inhabitants of all *New-France*, as to leave no Room for a Compariſon: Yet, in open Violation of the moſt ſacred Treaties, ſhare they ſend out their Parties to invade, depopulate, and overawe, OUR COUNTRY; for this their Conduct, they inſultingly tell us, *We may thank our Rulers, who leave it in every Man's Option what Employment to follow.* Our Form of Government, which makes us a diſunited, diſtracted People, or in the *Indian* Phraſe, renders the *Engliſh* Colonies on this Continent, *a Rope of Sand*, the different Provinces being under different Adminiſtrations, and in Point of Government, quite independent of each other: "*The Inhabitants of each*, ſays *this French* Reflector, *mind only* "*themſelves, with little or no Concern about their Neighbours; and it* "*is not the Authority of the Governors, or even of the King himſelf,* "*that, without the Conſent of the Aſſembly of a Colony, can march* "*its Troops to the Aſſiſtance of another that may be attacked.*" Thus do theſe Slaves to Arbitrary Power triumph over us, and inſult us on our enjoying the Bleſſings of Liberty, ſecured by the Power veſted in our Repreſentatives, which they eſteem an inſuperable Bar to a Coalition of theſe Colonies for their own Defence: Indeed, I believe, to this Cauſe, the Reflector mentions, the *French* muſt attribute the Exiſtence of an Individual of their Nation, upon the Continent; for otherwiſe, with our combined Forces, we ſhould long ſince, while the *Two Nations* were at open War, have made them re-meaſure the *Atlantic* Ocean, or fly for Refuge among the more diſtant Savages. This, a proper Exertion of our Strength would ſtill enable us to perform; and ſhall we ſo far neglect the Means in our Power, as to ſuffer his Majeſty's Dominions behind us, and our own Poſſeſſions, to become an eaſy Acquiſition to theſe Invaders, without making one generous Effort? Have the *Engliſh* in our Mother Country, as much inferior to the *French*, in Numbers, as we are ſuperior to them here, ſupported their Liberty and Religion, for Ages, in Spite of the utmoſt Attempts of this ambitious Nation? And do we, with Impunity, ſuffer our Repoſe to be diſturbed, our Trade ruined, and our Inhabitants murdered, or carried into Captivity, by a contemptible Handful of that People, and a few Banditti, whom they have converted, as they glory, from among the Heathen Nations? Where is that Spirit that has been reckoned the Characteriſtic of Free-born *Britons*? Are our Minds and our Manners fatally degenerated, in Proportion to the Diſtance we are removed from our Parent Country? And was it for the Sake of ſuch a Race, that our Predeceſſors, on this Continent, with invincible Courage and Reſolution, maintained tedious and expenſive Wars, to the Extirpation of ſuch of the Natives as preſumed to diſturb them in their late acquired Poſſeſſions? Think, in what a contemptible Light our late Conduct muſt make us appear to the *Indian* Nations around us, who ſtood amazed at our Fathers Victories, and have ever ſince reſpected the *Britiſh* Name. Will not their Knowledge of our Numbers lead them to ſay, What, could no more than 300 Warriors be found among this People, whom we have been taught to eſteem as brave and valiant? Would only 300 of this mighty People venture their Lives for the Preſervation of their Country? And behold! with what an univerſal Panic the Defeat of theſe few has ſtruck theſe courageous *Engliſh*! And well will it be, if, in Reſentment of our having deluded them with empty Promiſes, *that in our Alliance, and under the Shelter of our Wings, they ſhould be ſafe*, they do not immediately fly to our Enemies, to receive Directions in what Manner they ſhall puniſh us for impoſing ſo long on their eaſy Credulity: The dreadful Effects of ſuch an Event, Imagination only can repreſent, at leaſt, I cannot think myſelf ſufficient to paint, in proper Colours, the Tragick Scene; and that none of my Cotemporaries or Succeſſors may, by dear-bought Experience, be better enabled to undertake the Taſk, is the Wiſh, and that the Supream Being will arm us with Reſolution to oppoſe the Schemes of theſe profeſſed Enemies to our Country and Religion, and that our Governor's Ability and Conduct, our Repreſentatives generous Supplies, and our Soldiers Bravery and Courage, may entitle this Province to a diſtinguiſh'd Place among thoſe who ſhall be celebrated for reſtoring to theſe Colonies Tranquility and Peace, is the moſt earneſt Prayer of

December 5. A. BUCKSKIN.

From READ'S WEEKLY JOURNAL, November 9. 1754.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

IN a late Article from Paris, inſerted in moſt of the publick Papers, the Writer ſays, "It is hoped that the Miſtakes of Geo- "graphers, will create no Miſunderſtanding between the Two "Nations."

You ſee by this, that the Unprejudiced, among the French themſelves, are ſenſible that the Cauſe of the preſent Diſputes comes from them; and that they lay the Blame upon their Geographers, who, in Reality, are almoſt the ſole Authority, which the interreſted Party among them alledge, in Defence of their unjuſt Proceedings in America.

The King of France has always Ten or a Dozen Geographers, devoted to his Miniſters, who are continually contriving how to corrupt and cook up their Maps moſt to the Advantage of their own Nation, and Prejudice of the Engliſh. This all the Maps can teſtify which have appeared at Paris ſince the Peace of Utrecht, when Mr. De L'Iſle, the King's Premier Geographer, began to curtail the Britiſh Dominions in that Continent more than ever, and reduced Nova-Scotia to leſs than the Peninſula, which is hardly a Third Part of the whole.

Was not he a pretty Tool, to ſtrike the Country of New-Albion, the Property of England, on the Weſt Coaſt of North-America, out of his Maps (whoſe Example the other French Geographers have followed) and change Port Sir Francis Drake, into Port Saint Francico? Yet, for Want of Geographers (for we have none here but nominal Ones) this impudent Inſult and Mal-practice was never taken Notice of, till laſt Year, when a private Gentleman undertook to expoſe ſeveral Errors and Falſifications, which the French have introduced into their Maps, many of them with Intent to ſupplant the Engliſh Intereſt.

Theſe Inſtances ſhew, that there is a Neceſſity for encouraging Geographers among ourſelves, who may watch the Motions of theſe French Pirates, and expoſe their fraudulent Practices to the World, before they get Footing. For Want of ſuch a Check as this, their ſpurious Maps meet with a favourable Reception; and after ſome Years have paſt, thoſe corrupt Performances are appealed to, as authentick Evidence to ſupport their unjuſt Pretenſions, as in the preſent Caſe. What is ſtill worſe, in the Maps which paſs for our own Manufacture, either through Want of Skill in the Makers, or of Aſſiſtance from the Officers, which ought to give it (another Cauſe of Complaint) the Limits of our Territories in America, have been marked ſo erroneouſly, and to ſo much Diſadvantage, that they have ſeemed to confirm the French Impoſitions.

Our Map-makers therefore, (I cannot call them Geographers) have contributed to the Evil complained of, as well as the French; with this Difference, that the Faults they have committed may properly be called *Miſtakes*; which ſoft Term the Letter-writer ought to have given to the *wilful* Errors of his Countrymen.

Hence it is, that, to our great Scandal as a trading Nation, we have neither Maps nor Charts of our own, but are obliged to uſe thoſe made by the very Neighbours who have corrupted them, to defraud us, and whom, therefore, we ought not to truſt.

I am, SIR,

Your humble Servant,

Z. K.

Lyons, Oct. 22. *Notwithſtanding the Court has ſent Troops into this Province, and into Burgundy, in order to ſuppreſs the Smugglers, they daily commit the moſt daring Depredations and Inſults, of which the following is a notable Inſtance: Some Days ago, they entered the City of Bourg, in Breſſe, about Ten a Clock in the Morning, and ſent a Detachment from their main Body, to the Director of the Tobacco Farm; and as he was not at Home, they inſiſted upon ſeeing his Wife, whom they found at her Toilette in a Deſhabille. They immediately acquainted her with the Deſign of their Viſit, which was to exchange ſome Goods againſt Twenty Thouſand Livres ready Money. The Lady ſcreaming out inſtead of giving the Sum demanded, they carried her off to the Quarters of their Chief, whoſe Name is Mandrin, and is ſaid to be a reformed Captain of Horſe, who finding the Lady could not poſſibly anſwer the Demand, ordered her to be releaſed; but hearing that M. Joly de Fleury, Intendant of the Province, was then come to Town, in order to make the Aſſeſſment of the Taille, he went with a Party of his Men to the Houſe where this Magiſtrate lodged, who had a large Company at Dinner with him, and amongſt them ſeveral Ladies of Diſtinction. As ſoon as thoſe uninvited Gueſts arrived, every Body roſe from Table in a great Fright; the Ladies fled for Safety to the Convent of the Capuchins; and the Intendant ran up to the Garrets, with his Servants, and others, and barricaded the Doors. The Captain of the Smugglers having entered the Dining-Room, told a Servant, who had ſtaid there, that he wanted to ſpeak a Word with the Intendant. This Domeſtick having carried up the Meſſage, the Intendant, after mature Deliberation, reſolved to ſend down two Officers to Mandrin, to know the Occaſion of his Viſit. Mandrin received them very politely at the Head of his Band, told them he was very ſorry that he had diſturbed ſo honourable a Company, but that he had ſome Goods to diſpoſe of, and as Bourg was a pretty opulent Town, he would put off to the Value of Twenty Thouſand Livres there, and deſired the Intendant to ſend him the Money directly, becauſe he had no Time to loſe. The Deputies made their Report to the Intendant, and returned in a few Minutes with the Sum in Queſtion. Mandrin gave a Receipt for it, and delivered what Merchandizes he pleaſed at the general Offices of the Farms in the ſaid City, frankly acknowledging, that the Goods were as yet ſomewhat dear, but as ſoon as his Gang ſhould have reimburſed themſelves for divers Seizures made by the Farmers-general, he would lower the Price, and the Publick ſhould hereafter have leſs Cauſe to complain. They parted very complaiſantly, and the Smugglers withdrew to one of the Suburbs, where they dined, and baited their Horſes. The Intendant thinking he had quite got rid of them, returned to his Dinner with the Gueſts that remained, when another Meſſage came from the Captain of the Smugglers, importing, that he muſt have 3000 Livres more for a Quantity of Tobacco, his Men having perceived that the Town of Bourg was but very ill ſerved with this Commodity, as to the Quality. The Money was immediately counted down to them, but they gave no Tobacco in Return; becauſe Mandrin alledged, that a patrolling Brigade had lately robbed his Men of Goods to that Value; however, he gave the Intendant an Order upon the Farmers-general, for Three Thouſand Livres, being, as he ſaid, as much as he was bound in Honour and Juſtice to do. After theſe Exploits, he went at the Head of his Gang to the City Goal, and releaſed eleven Men, that were detained for ſmuggling. He alſo found therein four Robbers, but would not enlarge them, ſaying, that he did not protect ſuch Fellows; nay, he even wrote their Commitment afreſh with his own Hand. The whole Band marched out of Bourg, about Four in the Afternoon, and took the Route of Trevoux, Capital of the Principality of Dombes. The two Regiments, that have been ſent againſt them, will probably find it no eaſy Taſk to deſtroy or diſperſe them; for they are ſaid to be at leaſt Three or Four Thouſand ſtrong, all deſperate Fellows, and extremely well arm'd, and perhaps well diſciplin'd, as their Commander has ſerv'd in the Army.*

Edinburgh, October 1. Sabbath laſt died at Dalkeith, Mrs. Stothart, in the 90th Year of her Age, who has lived to ſee her Children, Grandchildren, and Great Grandchildren, upwards of the Number of eighty, all living.

October 14. Some time ago died, in the Iſle of Arran, Mr. Hamilton of Coats, and John Hamilton in Moniquill, both aged Ninety-ſeven; the firſt was married to one Wife 63 Years; and the latter to one Wife 67 Years, and both their Wives are ſtill alive. What is remarkable, they were healthy, and preſerved their Memories and Judgment to the laſt.

LONDON.

October 26. Laſt Saturday a melancholy Accident happened to the Lord Drumlandrig, eldeſt Son to the Duke of Queenſberry, on his Journey from Scotland to Town; being tired with riding in his Poſt Chaiſe, he quitted it and mounted his Horſe, and riding over a ploughed Field in which was a great Number of Crows together, he drew one of his Piſtols from the Holſter, and cock'd it, with Intent to fire amongſt them; but at that Inſtant his Horſe made a Stumble, and his Lordſhip endeavouring to recover him, diſcharged the Piſtol, and ſhot himſelf dead on the Spot, to the inexpreſſible Grief of that noble Family. His Lordſhip had the Command of a Regiment in the Dutch Service, and was very lately married to a Daughter of the Earl of Hoptoun.

This Summer a Clergyman in Leiceſterſhire, walking through a Field, where ten Perſons were making Hay, and obſerving them to be old Men, and all belonging to his Pariſh, had the Curioſity to enquire into their Ages, and adding them together, the Amount was 750; ſo that upon an Average each Perſon was about 75 Years old; an Inſtance that can ſcarce be parallelled in any Country.

Nov. 2. We learn from New-Caſtle, that on the 17th paſt, at the great Sheep Share Fair at Wooller, ten neighbouring unmarried Gentlemen accidentally falling into Company, a Propoſal was made of entering into a Subſcription of 100 Guineas each, to be given to ſuch of the Subſcribers as ſhould firſt marry, which was immediately and unanimouſly agreed to; and which, it is hoped, will ſpur on the Batchelors, and haſten them to be happy.

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We have an Account from Leominſter, in Herefordſhire, that the 24th ult. the curious Cotton Works erected there with great Expence and Skill, by Mr. Daniel Bourn, and which had afforded great Pleaſure to all who had ſeen them, were conſumed by Fire, together with the whole Building wherein they ſtood, to the immenſe Loſs of the ingenious Artiſt, and of the Poor who were employed therein.

We learn by a private Letter from Peterſburgh, that ſome Propoſals have been lately made to the Court about reviving the Trade on the Caſpian Sea, by means of an annual Fleet, to be built at the Expence of the Crown, the Ships to be commanded by Ruſſian Officers, or at leaſt Officers in the Ruſſian Service; but Merchants and their Goods to be tranſported, at a reaſonable Rate, with a ſufficient Force to eſcort and protect them. In caſe this Project can be brought to bear, it is intended to make Aſtracan the Mart where all Perſian Commodities are to be vended. But till the Troubles of Perſia are ſome Way or other at an End, it is not eaſy to conceive, how a Scheme of this Sort can be carried into Execution with any poſſible Hopes of Succeſs.

We learn from Amſterdam, that the Maſter of one of their Ships, employed in the laſt Year's Fiſhery, has drawn up a ſhort Paper, intituled, the Travels of a Whale; the Intent of which is to ſhew, from the Coaſts whereon, and the Seaſons in which thoſe Fiſh are found, there muſt be a free Circulation of Waters, and conſequently a North-Eaſt and North Weſt, as well as South-Eaſt and South-Weſt Paſſages. As it is written in a ſuccinct, lively and entertaining Manner, it gives a general Satisfaction.

Extract of a Letter from Amberſbury, Wilts, dated Oct. 21.

Laſt Week, as a Man was ploughing upon an Eſtate called Counteſs Cliff, which lies between this Town and Stonehenge, the Plough turned up one of the Bones of a human Body. The Man left the Plough, to acquaint his Maſter, who ordered the Earth to be removed with the greateſt Circumſpection, knowing the Land in this Neighbourhood abounds with Antiquities. When they had dug about a Foot deep, they diſcovered a compleat human Skeleton, but the Bones were ſo much diminiſhed and decayed by Time, that many of them would break by Handling. The Skull was leaſt decayed, which, with the other Bones, were collected together, and buried in a Hole dug for that Purpoſe, near the Place from whence they were taken. When the Skeleton was found, the Head lay due North, and on the Weſt or right Side of it was a Piece of Braſs, which, though greatly decayed, ſtill preſerved the (ſuppoſed) original Shape of a Hatchet; by which it is conjectured this Perſon was a Britiſh Druid, and that the Piece of Braſs was an Inſtrument with which they uſed to cut Miſſletoe, for their religious Services."

Nov. 9. *We have Accounts of great Miſchief done in the North Parts of Yorkſhire by the Floods, occaſioned by the late Rains; particularly at Helmſley, ſeveral Houſes were carried away, and thirteen Perſons drowned. A Farmer attempting to croſs the Bridge at Hatton Ruddy, was drowned by its giving Way; and on the Banks of the River Leven, which roſe ſix Feet higher than ever known before, there are found various Kinds of Houſhold Furniture. Other Rivulets have in ſome Places made themſelves new Channels.*

Great Complaints having been made to one of the moſt conſiderable trading Companies in the World, of their Cloth not anſwering in Goodneſs to the Contract, the Court of Directors took that Affair under their Conſideration; but firſt ordered all the Cloth for the Service of the current Year, to be ſent in by the Contractors. The proper Perſons were then ordered to inſpect them, and, upon Examination, 1900 Pieces out of 4000, ſent in by one Perſon, were found to be deficient, and likewiſe ſome from all the other Perſons. This being reported to the Court, one of the Members moved, that a ſtanding Order relating to Perſons not coming up to their Contracts, made with that Company, ſhould be read, which directs, that ſuch Perſons ſhould for ever afterwards be rendered incapable of ſerving that Company; and where ſuch Defaulters were accordingly declared incapable of ſerving that Company for the future.--- When the Engliſh Cloth was kept up to the Standard, and Marks upon each Piece were a ſufficient Security for the Length, Breadth, and Goodneſs of the Commodity, we had no Complaints of Foreigners running away with our Clothing Trade; but that Honour in Trade being loſt, and the ſeveral Laws of publick Authority diſregarded, foreign Markets took off French Cloth, as anſwering more honeſtly to what it was ſold for; and thus the Staple of our Country firſt loſt its Credit in foreign Markets.

A Gentleman at Stockholm, has publiſhed the following Account of the Effects of Electricity---It cauſes the Tooth ach to abate, or gives immediate Eaſe, eſpecially if occaſioned by a Cold. A Perſon of Diſtinction, who had for a long Time been hard of hearing, and was ſubject to Tinglings in the Ear, was cured in two or three Minutes. A Man 57 Years of Age, and deaf above 32, by a Wound over his left Eye; and at the ſame Time having the Tooth-ach to an excruciating Degree, was immediately eaſed of his Torture, and heard every Word ſpoke in the Room. A young Man of 22, who ſix Years before had almoſt loſt his Hearing by ſuch violent Reaches, that ſometimes the Blood oozed out of his Ears, was cured with the ſame Speed, and now hears perfectly well. A Girl eight Years old, born deaf, and conſequently never ſpoke, begins now to hear what is ſaid to her in an audible Manner, and likewiſe to repeat the Words taught her. A Youth of 19, who in the Winter of 1744, falling into the Water, and not being taken out till half an Hour after, was brought almoſt to a total Deafneſs, is much mended by Electrification. The Inſtances of its Succeſs in muſcular and arthritic Caſes, are too many to enumerate. A Stone-cutter, who, by a Sciatica, had loſt the Uſe of his Hands and Feet, was enabled within a Week to work with the ſame Alacrity as ever. A Boy, under extreme Pain in his Left Thigh, the Joint of which could not bear to be touched, a few Days after was at his Sports. Another, who had uſed a Crutch ſeven Years, after a Courſe of 13 Days, as a Token that he had the free Uſe of his Feet, burnt his Crutch. A Girl of 13 Years of Age, who in her fourth Year had contracted a Lameneſs by the Small pox, and her Thigh-bone was ſtill in ſome Meaſure diſlocated, is, after being repeatedly electrified twenty Days ſucceſſively, brought to walk without any Support.

BOSTON, January 20.

About a Fortnight ago, Mr. Coulſton, a Shipwright, being at work on the Side of a new Ship, building at Kingſton in the County of Plymouth, in cloſing a Plank, it ſprung back, and ſtruck him on the Head, and he falling off the Stage, was ſo bruiſed, that he died about four Hours after.

We have certain Advice, that a Schooner bound in hither from the Weſt Indies, loaded with Melaſſes, was lately caſt away near Martha's Vineyard, the Veſſel and great Part of her Cargo loſt, but the Men had the good Fortune to ſave their Lives.

We have alſo Advice, that ſome Time in November laſt, a French Man of War of 74 Guns, was loſt in a violent Storm in the Harbour of Quebeck, in Canada.

We have an Account of an odd Affair at Rehoboth, which happen'd a few Days ago, as related by ſome credible Perſons, viz. That a Traveller, finely dreſs'd, put up at a Tavern in that Town, and was ſoon after taken ſick; a Phyſician was ſent for, who told him his Caſe was dangerous, and he thought he would die; he ſaid he tho't ſo too: The Inholder, upon his growing worſe, enquir'd of him his Name, and from whence he came, but by no Means would he be perſuaded to tell either, but deſired to be buried honourably when he died; and ſaid, that his Horſe, Tackling, and what he had, would defray the Charge: About three Days after he died, having firſt burnt, or ordered to be burnt, all his Papers; upon examining his Bags, ſome Gold and Silver were found therein.----Various and uncertain are the Conjectures who this Man ſhould be.

NEW-YORK, *February* 3.

We learn from Louiſbourg, in Cape-Breton, that there were in December laſt, near forty Sail of French Merchantmen in that Port, moſtly Sloops and Schooners, and but few Topſail Veſſels among them: (So that the Report of a French Squadron of Men of War's either arriving or being there, is entirely groundleſs.) That Proviſions in general were extremely ſcarce: That their Fortifications throughout lay entirely neglected: And, That the Inhabitants ſeemingly, pretended to be greatly diſſatisfied at the Indifference of the Court of France with regard to the preſent Situation of their Government Affairs; and otherways ironically expreſſed themſelves touching their Dependency on the Gallic Crown.--(Theſe ſeveral Intelligences from Cape-Breton ſeem more than probable to be true, ſince 'tis beyond Diſpute the People there are as charitably diſpoſed to ſupply and relieve their Friends and Acquaintances up the River St. Lawrence, and thoſe lately ſettled down that of Ohio, with Bread, Flour, &c. as ſome good-natur'd Chriſtians among the Engliſh are in ſupplying the Cape-Bretoners with the like, and many other uſeful Commodities. And their ſeveral Pretences of being diſſatisfied with the Behaviour of their Mother-Country, render it as probable that the Whole is alone calculated the better to "lull us into all the Negligence or Security, in order to wound us the deeper" on the Back.

The General Aſſembly of this Province is to meet here To-morrow.

We hear that circular Lettters are diſpatched to ſummons the General Aſſembly of the Province of New-Jerſey, to meet at Elizabeth-Town on the 20th of this inſtant February.

On Tueſday laſt, at the Mayor's Court of this City, came on an Action of Slander, wherein Mrs. Frances Dupuy, Widow, was Plaintiff, againſt John Perot, Defendant: On the Trial the Charge was fully prov'd againſt him, and appeared to be falſely and maliciouſly calculated, with a Deſign to ruin the Plaintiff's Reputation. The Jury, from the Circumſtances of the Caſe, and a due Abhorrence of ſuch a wicked Intention, as well as in Juſtice to the Plaintiff's Character, which, notwithſtanding the Efforts of the Defendant's utmoſt Malice to calumniate, remained clear and unblemiſh'd; after conſulting together a few Minutes, brought in their Verdict againſt the Defendant for 500 l. being the full Damages laid in the Declaration, to the intire Satisfaction of the Court, and a crouded Audience; ſince which he has thought it moſt prudent to abſcond.

We hear the General Aſſembly of the Colony of Connecticut have ordered 7500 l. Proclamation Money, to be iſſued in Bills of Credit, and to bear Intereſt at 5 per Cent. for three Years. The Chief of which, it is ſaid, is to be employed in providing Proviſions for ſuch Forces as may be raiſed in that Government for the Defence of the Britiſh Intereſt in America.

We hear alſo from Connecticut, that on Tueſday Night, the 21ſt of laſt Month, a Sloop belonging to Norwalk, James Hoit, Maſter, bound out for the Weſt-Indies, with Horſes, Live Stock, &c. was by a ſtrong South-Eaſt Wind driven aſhore upon ſome Rocks off of Guilford, and bilged. The Men were all ſaved, and great Part of the Cargo; but it is feared the Veſſel will not be got off again.

Laſt Wedneſday Morning, a Man that goes by the Name of James Gains, ſtood one Hour in the Pillory, for aſſaulting and abuſing a Child of about ſix Years old, having been tried, and found guilty of the ſame, the Friday before, at the Supreme Court.

Since the 4th of February, 1754, to the 3d of February, 1755, 428 Sail of Sea Veſſels arrived in this Port; and during the ſaid Time, 390 ſailed from hence.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11.

By a Gentleman, who left Wincheſter, in Virginia, the third Inſtant, and from ſome private Letters, we have the following Intelligence, viz. That Sir John Sinclair, and Governor Sharpe, had been at Wills's Creek, and were returned; and that they had view'd the Great Falls at Potowmack, and were in Hopes of blowing them up, ſo as to make the River navigable there for flat bottom'd Veſſels, which, if effected, will be of the greateſt Service, in tranſporting Neceſſaries for our Forces.----That one of our Indians was lately arrived at Wills's Creek from the Ohio, who ſaid, that he could not form a Judgment of the particular Number of Troops the French had then in that Country; but that in general they ſeem'd to be very numerous, Parties daily arriving, and marching from Fort to Fort; that they had begun to build another Fort; and that they were not well ſupplied with Bread, but had enough of other Proviſions.----That a Party of French and Indians were, not long ſince, ſeen a few Miles from our Camp, in order, as it was thought, to get Intelligence of our Strength, &c.----That Lieutenant Colonel Stephens, with the laſt Detachment of the Virginia Forces, arrived the firſt Inſtant at Wincheſter, on their Way to Wills's Creek, having marched upwards of Ninety Miles in four Days, notwithſtanding the Deepneſs of the Roads at this advanced Seaſon. [*A good Preſage of what may be expected from Troops, animated by the Influence and Example of Officers of ſuch Spirit and Activity.*] That our Forces, when all join'd at the Camp, will amount to about 1000 Men.---That it was reported the Train of Artillery, from England, arrived on the 27th ult. in Virginia, with 150 Matroſſes, Clothes, and military Stores, of all Sorts, for ſeveral Thouſand Men; that a Camp was mark'd out for them at a Place called Watkins's Ferry; and that they ſailed in Company with the Tranſports bound to Cork, to take on board the two Regiments there for America, which, with General Braddock, may be daily expected.----And that there were a Number of Men at work at Potowmack, building Battoes for tranſporting the Cannon, &c.

Laſt Night a Gentleman came to Town from New-York, and informs us, that a Veſſel had arriv'd there from the Muſquito Shore, the Captain of which ſays, that the Spaniards have Orders from Old Spain to evacuate the Bay of Honduras, and to let the Engliſh remain in quiet Poſſeſſion thereof.

Capt. David Stewart, from Jamaica, informs us, that off the Weſt End of Hiſpaniola he ſpoke with the Brigantine Thiſtle, Captain Murray, of this Port, bound to Jamaica.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Swallow, David Stewart, from Jamaica.

OUTWARDS. Ship Mercury, Charles Hargrave, for London.

CLEARED. Schooner Martha, Sylveſter Moriarty, to Teneriffe.
Ship Neptune, William Mallan, to Virginia.
Sloop St. Andrew, Henry M'Dougall, to Jamaica.
Brig Kenſington, William Cuzzins, to Antigua.
Snow Barbados Factor, Joſeph Greenway, to Barbados.
Schooner Charles, Thomas Palmer, to Maryland.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, February 11, 1755.

IT having been found very inconvenient to Perſons concerned in Trade, that the Mail from *Philadelphia* to *New-England* ſets out but once a Fortnight during the Winter Seaſon; *This is to give Notice*, That the *New England* Mail will henceforth go once a Week the Year round, whereby Correſpondence may be carried on, and Anſwers obtain'd to Letters between *Philadelphia* and *Boſton* in three Weeks, which us'd in the Winter to require ſix Weeks.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſters General,
WILLIAM FRANKLIN, *Comptroller.*

To be SOLD,

A Likely ſervant man, fit for town or country buſineſs, who has four years to ſerve. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

A Man that underſtands farming, and his wife a dairy, is wanted to manage a plantation about five miles from Philadelphia, and may hear of good encouragement, by applying to JAMES COULTAS, at the Corporation Ferry, on Schuylkill. ⊕

To be LETT, the Houſe in *Third-ſtreet*, two Doors above *Church-alley*, where the POST-OFFICE was lately kept. Enquire of JOHN MIFFLIN, Eſq; or Mr. AMOS STRETTELL.

To be SOLD,

A Servant girl, about 18 years of age, hath three years and a half to ſerve. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Hanover township, Lancaſter county, on the 30th of laſt month, An Iriſh ſervant man, named Roger O Dougherty, of a dark complexion, and of low ſtature: Had on when he went away, A wool hat, brown coat, blue double breaſted jacket, and an old fuſtian jacket of a cut ſhape, and flat white metal buttons, old brown cloth breeches, blue yarn ſtockings, and new ſhoes. He took from Benjamin Wallace a brown horſe, about 8 years old, about 13 hands and a half high, with a ſtar in his forehead, his mane trimmed, but is grown ſo as begins to turn a little, hollow back'd, and right over his kidneys a white ſtroke, like the cut of a whip. Said horſe trots, and paces middling well. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant and horſe ſo as their maſters may have them again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges; or Ten Shillings for the horſe, and Fifty Shillings for the ſervant, paid by JOHN ELDER. ¶

TO be ſold at the Draw-bridge, Choice Iriſh ſalmon ſouſed in kegs, fit for any gentleman's table, by JAMES BARKLEY. ¶

By Virtue of an Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of the Province of* NEW-JERSEY, *there is now preparing for the Preſs, and will be ſpeedily publiſhed, in one Volume in Folio,*

THE ORIGINAL CONSTITUTIONS of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Jerſey*, containing the ſeveral grants for the ſoil and government.---The conceſſions and conſtitutions by which they were ſettled.---The laws paſſed during the proprietary government.---The proceedings previous to the ſurrender thereof.---The inſtrument of ſurrender.---Queen *Anne*'s formal acceptance of the ſame.---A blank commiſſion for a governor, and Lord *Cornbury*'s inſtructions, *&c.*

This book is neceſſary for every one who hath occaſion to deduce the title of any land in *New-Jerſey* from its original foundation, as alſo for many perſons who 'tis ſaid hold eſtates by virtue of the laws above-mentioned: And indeed for all thoſe who have either occaſion or curioſity to know the conſtitution of *New-Jerſey*, or the ſecurity of thoſe intereſted therein have for their liberties and properties.

He who would enquire by what authority the powers of government are exerciſed, by being poſſeſſed of the book above-mentioned, will have a ready anſwer. They who hold lands in either diviſions may ſee how far the ſame is ſecured, by the conſtitution, againſt any reſurvey after ſeven years quiet and peaceable poſſeſſion. Any perſon concerned in the location of proprietary rights within the province aforeſaid, may be able to judge whether his proceedings are warranted by the ſaid laws, which preſcribe ſundry regulations for the taking up of lands, and indeed for leaſing and ſelling the ſame.

And finally the ſagacious and publick ſpirited, by peruſing the book aforeſaid, and comparing the original with the preſent conſtitution of *New-Jerſey*, may learn ſome uſeful hints to guard them againſt every attempt of innovation.

Thus far the utility of the book, which will be better underſtood from the contents thereof, than from any brief deſcription that can be herein attempted: However, it may be in ſome meaſure interred, from the legiſlature's having, by act aforeſaid, directed the ſame to be printed. And as they have charged us the ſubſcribers with the management thereof, we have directed fifty books to be printed for ſale, and ſubſcriptions will be taken in the city of *Philadelphia* by WILLIAM BRADFORD, Eſq; in the city of *New-York* by Mr. HUGH GAINE; in *Suſſex*, on *Delaware*, by the Honourable RIVES HOLT, Eſq; and WILLIAM SHANKLAND, Eſq; in *New-Caſtle* by GEORGE MONROE, Eſq; and in *New-Jerſey*, agreeable to advertiſements publiſhed therein.

A piece of eight to be paid at ſubſcribing, and the remainder upon the receipt of the book, which, from the beſt eſtimate we can at preſent make, will coſt about *Twenty Shillings* when bound in calf-ſkin, and letter'd on the back.

February 8, 1755.

AARON LEAMING.
JACOB SPICER.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by publick vendue, about two a clock on the 22d day of February inſtant, at the ſhop next to the houſe of Richard Murray, deceaſed, in Vine ſtreet, near Bedminſter, ſundry houſhold goods, a ſtove, and a large compleat ſett of valuable well-choſen carpenter's tools. Alſo a well-built carpenter's ſhop, 18 feet by 24, with 109 ſaſh lights; late the property of Thomas Nevell; taken in execution by SAMUEL MORRIS, ſheriff.

To be ſold by the ſubſcribers,

A Good plantation or tract of land, being the eſtate of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed, ſituated in Plumſted township, Bucks county, on the main road leading from Newtown to Derham Iron-works, containing 225 acres, with a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, frame barn, and other out-houſes; with 100 acres thereof, or more, cleared, and within good fence, and 12 acres, or more, of meadow cleared, and more may be cleared, with two orchards thereon. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to the ſubſcribers, living near the ſaid place, and be informed of the title and conditions of ſale. ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON, executors to the eſtate of ſaid Joſeph Brown. ⊕

To be ſold by the ſubſcriber,

A Fine plantation or tract of land, ſituated in the Falls township, in Bucks county, adjoining Penn's Manor, and alſo adjoining 120 acres of free land or common, about ſeven miles from Briſtol, and three from Trenton ferry, containing about 300 acres, with a new griſt mill on the ſame, a dwelling houſe, young orchard, a piece of meadow may be made, and watered from the race, about 60 acres cleared; with a ſufficient title; and may be ſold ſeparate or together. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe any part, or the whole, may apply to DANIEL BURGESS, living on the premiſes. ⊕

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named Walter Welſh, about five feet four inches high, of a freſh complexion, pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſhort black hair, and about 18 years of age: Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, two jackets, one a light colour'd cloth, with pewter buttons, the other a coarſe ſtriped flannel, with braſs buttons, half worn ſhirt, old blue cloth breeches, grey yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with large braſs buckles, and a ſtriped blue handkerchief. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT JAMISON. February 6, 1755. ⊕

Philadelphia, February 11, 1755.

WHEREAS Deborah, the wife of John M'Clelland, of this city mariner, hath of late run her ſaid huſband much in debt, to his great detriment; this therefore ſerves to forewarn all perſons from truſting her on his account, for he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.

JOHN M'CLELLAND.

To be SOLD,

A Likely briſk ſervant lad, about 16 years of age, and is to ſerve till he's 21 years old, he's this country born, and brought up to plantation work, can read, write and cypher. Any perſon that he will ſuit, may agree with Mr. James Whitehead, keeper of the Work-houſe, in Philadelphia, who has the ſelling of him.

Best possible image.

By virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, about two a clock, on the 24th Day of February inst. at the house of Richard Hughes, a messuage and plantation, situated in Lower Merion township, beginning at a corner of William Thomas's land; thence south south east 158 perches, to a corner; thence west north-west 102 perches, to a corner; thence north north-west 158 perches, to a corner; and thence by the said William Thomas's land 102 perches, to the place of beginning; containing 100 acres; late the estate of Rees Thomas, taken in execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, Sheriff.

Imported in the last vessels from London, and to be sold by

DAVID HALL,

At the New-Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia, the following Books, viz.

FOLIO'S.

BOOK of common prayer; Salkeld's reports; Jacob's law dictionary; Rudiments of law and equity; Drummond's travels; Quarter waggoners; Gibbs's rules for drawing; Whitby on the new-testament; Prideaux's connection of the old and new testament; Story's journal; Roberts's map of commerce; and Hughes's natural history of Barbados.

QUARTO'S.

Bibles; Milton's prose works; Hanway's travels; Dodderidge's family expositor; Ainsworth's dictionary; Stevens's Spanish dictionary; Langley's builder's designs; Cruden's concordance; Malcom's arithmetick; Price's carpentry; Hatton's merchant's magazine; Boerhaave's chemistry; Bissett on fortification; Hoppus's architecture; Caribbeana; and Universal library of trade and commerce.

OCTAVO'S.

Sir William Temple's Works; Salmon's geographical grammar; Warner's cases in surgery; Emerson's mechanics; Observations on Orrery; Anthony Boehm's sermons; Hill's arithmetick; Longinus on the sublime; History of England, France, and Duke of Marlborough; Smellie's midwifery, 2 vols. Ditto second volume, to complete the setts of those that have had the first; Miller's gardiner's dictionary; Law on the spirit of prayer; Smith's complete housewife; Complete attorney's practice; Dyche's and Bailey's dictionaries; Patoun's navigation; Livy's Roman history; Locke on human understanding; Ditto on christianity; Charron on wisdom; Burnet's history of his own times; Lambert on education; Sidney on government; Buchanan's history of Scotland; Anson's Voyage; Bolingbroke's letter to Wyndham; Ditto's political tracts; Ditto on the study of history; Ditto on parties; Boerhaave's aphorisms; Barrow's lectures; Helsham's lectures; Preceptor; Hutchison on beauty and virtue; Locke on government; Haller's Physiology; Love's surveying; Edinburgh dispensatory; Gibbons's poems; Builder's dictionary; History of the Quakers; Bailey's Erasmus; Le Clerc's history of physick; Barrow's medicinal dictionary; Martin's dictionary; Chalkley's journal; Christian's magazine; Dennis's fables; Foster's, Duchall's, and Evans's sermons; New family instructor; Molloy de jure maritimo; Dialogues on education; General shopbook; Ellwood's life; Gordon's geography; Greenwood on Education; Gravesend's and Roning's philosophy; Shaw's lectures; Robinson on the stone; Student's law dictionary; Quincey's and James's dispensatory; Nichols on the common prayer; New Edinburgh essays; Nelson's festivals; Hayes's negotiator's magazine; Mallet's life of Bacon; Mead on poisons; Ditto on the nature of ventilators; Boerhaave's materia medica; Melville's memoirs; Kind on the scurvy; Lobb on fevers; General law of estates; Law of ejectments; Melmoth's Cicero and Pliny; Muschenbroeck's philosophy; Revolutions of Sweden; Practice of piety; Pilgrim's progress; Present state of Europe; Observations on Minorca; Present state of Britain; Stone's mathematical dictionary; Sherlock on death and judgment; Supplement to Watts's logick; Stanhope on the epistles and gospels; Shuckford's sacred history; Stevens's representation of popery; Sharp's surgery; Letters concerning mythology; L'Estrange's Esop; Trials per Pais; Select essays on trade and commerce; Titles for a common place book; Starket's projectiles; Thomson on the small-pox; Sellers's navigation; Trowell's husbandry; Townsend's preparative to pleading; Theory and practice of commerce; Tillotson's life; Turnbull on education; Tradesman's lawyer; Varenius's geography; Hebrew psalter; Woolaston's religion of nature; Wingate's arithmetick; Ward's mathematician's guide; West on the resurrection; Worster's philosophy; Description of the islands of Scilly; Wilson's navigation; Mihles's surgery; Jacob's law dictionary; Howe's blessedness of the righteous; Haseldon's seaman's assistant; Hillary on the small-pox; Holmes's grammar; Female fables; Dover's physician's legacy; Clerk's instructor; Cheyne's English malady; Cambray's fables; Critical history of England; Complete conveyancer; Christianity as old as the creation; Clerk's English tutor; Clergyman's intelligencer; Hume's essays; Mair's bookkeeping; Keil's physicks; Kennet's Roman antiquities; Hebrew grammar; Burnet's devotions; Boccace's novels; Morgan's modern pleader; Le Dran's chirurgical operations; and Ditto's observations in surgery.

TWELVES.

Harvey's meditations; Nuptial dialogues; Aviary; Homer's iliad and odyssey; Fair warnings to a careless world; Life of Prince Eugene of Savoy, Charles of Lorrain, Charles the XIIth of Sweden, and of Oliver Cromwell; Watts's Lyrick poetry; Pomfret's poems; Independent whig; Tom Brown's works; Croxall's Esop; Fisher's arithmetick; Paradise lost; Russell's seven sermon; Westley's Journals, in 4 parts, from his 3d. Drake Morris's Voyages; Memoirs of Shakespear's head; Marriage act; Warburton against Bolingbroke; Pope's works; Nature display'd; Tillotson's sermons; Spectator, Guardian, and Tatler; Turkish Spy; Gil Blas; The adventurer, La belle assemblée; Belles lettres; Bracken's farriery; Bolingbroke on the spirit of patriotism; The actor; Lucy Wellers; Present state of England; Letters from Felicia to Charlotte; Travels of Cyrus; Telemachus; Swift's works; Forbes's thoughts on religion; Tully's offices; Trublet's essays; Trader's companion; Salmon's and Eachard's gazetteers; Religion, a poem; Rowland's measuring; Philips's pastorals; Paradise regain'd; Pope's Dunciad, and essay on man; Secret history of Persia; Remarks on London; Hudibras; Complete constable; Pillars of priestcraft shaken; Pious country parishioner; Sewell's Ovid; Child and Gee on trade; Observations in surgery; Locke on education; Manners of the present age; Adventures of Ferdinand count Fathom; Memoirs of Brandenburgh; Culpepper; Stage-coach; Steel's miscellanies; Short way to know the world; Trapp's confutation of popery; Temple on the Netherlands; David's repentance; Young christian's guide; Boston's fourfold State; Voltaire's select pieces; Seaman's vademecum; Lady's library; Landsdown's poems; King's British merchant; Hume's morals; Life of Parnese; Land purchaser's companion; Law on trade; Hutchison's moral philosophy; Housekeeper's pocket-book; Law on christian perfection; Lover's secretary; Lawyer's library; Gentleman's accomptant; Handley's colloquia chirurgica; Hume's political discourses; Fuller's proverbs; Terence's comedies; Freethinker; Fletcher's political works; Euclid; Dean of Coleraine; Dryden's Virgil; Classical dictionary; Betsey Thoughtless; Winter's evening entertainment; Moffet on health; Guthrie's memoirs; Ludlow's memoirs; Hubner's geography; Danois's novels; Dunlap's sermons; Henry on the sacrament; Peregrine Pickle; Barrow on contentment; Parnell's poems; Persian letters; Cole's fables; Addison on medals; Shakespear's works; Dryden's essays; Whitcot's sermons; Plutarch's lives; Behn's novels; Religious courtship; Maxims of Christina queen of Sweden; Blackmore on the creation; Derham's physico-theology; Quintessence of poetry; Lives of the poets; Jenks's devotions; Shaftsbury's characteristicks; Nye's discourse on religion; Bennet's christian oratory; Jamieson on Virtue; Lives of the convicts, &c. &c. &c. With a variety of Pamphlets and Plays.

To be SOLD,

Several lots of upland and meadow, lying on the river Delaware, a little above Kensington, pleasantly situated: Likewise a small new cart and geers for one horse, and a good horse for the saddle and draught; enquire of Mary Ball, or William Ball, Goldsmith, in Front-street, between Chestnut-street and Blackhorse-alley.

N. B. Said Ball makes and sells all sorts of gold and silver work, after the newest fashions and lowest prices, by wholesale and retail. Tbctf.

NOtice is hereby given to all persons that are indebted to Alexander Ray, late of this City, merchant, by bond, note, or otherwise, that they make speedy payment of the same to the subscriber hereof, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice, by *James Trotter*, Attorney to said *Alexander Ray*.

N. B. The said Trotter has a neat assortment of goods fit for the season, that he will sell cheap for ready money, or on short credit, at very reasonable terms. He has also some choice *Rubarb* to dispose of. T. b. t. f.

Lately imported, and to be sold by

THOMAS and WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT,

At their store, on the north side of Chestnut-street wharff, up one pair of stairs,

Aragons, plain and corded druggets, camblets, camblettees, silk camblets, bairbines, double and single alopeens, silk saggathies, worsted stuffs, venetians, black bombazeen, grazets, paduasoys, English and China taffeties, bengals, half yard black persian, mens silk caps, silk and cotton laces, ribbons, womens fans, 4d. and 6d. ferrits, worsted bindings, gartering, sewing silk, colour'd thread, nuns and long dozen thread, bobbins, white tapes, blue and white ditto, filletting, nonsopretties, flower'd bandanoes, taffety handkerchiefs, printed and Scoteb linen ditto, cotton romals, cambricks, clear lawns, muslins, dowlas, princes linen, Irish linen, 3 qr. 7-8ths. and yd. wd. tandem, garlix, single, double and quadruple filesias, long lawns, broad lawns, bag holland, pistol lawns, flaxen Russia, Russia sheeting, diaper and buckaback, 7 qr. 8 qr. 10 qr. and 12 qr. diaper and damask teble-cloths, napkening and clouting diaper, 3 qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, ticking, Flanders bedticks, cotton hollands, linen stripes, calicoes, stampt linens, white and dy'd fustians, coarse, fine and superfine broadcloths, forrest cloths, plains, kerseys, halfthicks, rugs, blankets, coarse and fine shaloons, tammies and durants, striped linseys, white flannel, bearskin, white and brown buckram, mens and womens cotton, thread and worsted stockings, gloves and mittens, mens felt and beaver hats, womens beaver ditto, hempen Russia, brown rolet, brown bessens, flaxen and hempen ozenbrigs, British and Russia sail duck, No. 1 to 7. variety of pier and sconce looking-glasses. mens and womens pocket-books, slates, writing-paper, sealing-wax, brass and leather ink-pots, pins, needles, knitting-needles, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, mens and womens whips, china bowls, tea-pots, dishes and plates, tablemats, hair brooms, and clamps, hearth-brushes, box-irons, nests of trunks, wool and cotton cards, a large assortment of cutlary, snuff-boxes, fountain pens, cork-screws, key-swivels, steel pencil cases, shoe-buckles, white and yellow metal buttons, shoe-tacks, awl-blades, sleeve-buttons, London steel, 10, 12, 20, and 24d, nails, frying-pans, joiners axes, hammers, gimblets, H and HL hinges, closet-locks, thumb-latches, steel plate handsaws, pannel and sash ditto, mill-saws, files, padlocks, marking-irons, brass candlesticks, iron and brass ball'd ditto, snuffers, fire-shovels and tongs, bellows, gunpowder, shot, bar lead, gun flints, wire mouse-traps, mens and womens thimbles, horn and ivory combs, gun-locks, brass and pewter curtain rings, steel seals, watch-keys and leathers, pepper-mills, Hungary-water, pipes, lampblack, sundry sorts of books, viz. bibles, the rise and progress of the people called Quakers in Ireland, divers sorts of spelling-books and primmers, arithmetick ditto, Moll's geography, &c.

Just imported in Capt. Hargrave from London, and to be sold by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his store below the Draw-bridge, between Mr. Powell's and Mr. Plumstead's wharffs, very cheap for ready money, or short credit, viz.

BRoad-cloths, kerseys, bearskins, half-thicks, frizes, rugs, blankets, white and scarlet flannel, linsey, ozenbrigs, 7-eights and yard-wide check linen, cotton ditto, garlix, princes linen, tandems, gulix holland, Irish sheeting, filesias, pistol lawns, broad lawns in pieces and packets, cambricks, clear and flowered lawns, muslins, russia linen, diaper ditto, diaper and damask table cloths, setts of diaper and damask clouting, Flanders bed-ticks, buckram, bandanoes, romal, linen, Scots and silk handkerchiefs, calicoes of different sorts, chints, printed cotton, taffety, India damask, boiled camblets, worsted damask, shaloon, tammies, long ells, serge, mens, womens, and childrens worsted stockings, mens fine cotton ditto, childrens thread ditto, womens and girls silk and worsted shoes, gartering, worsted and cotton caps, light and cloth colour'd sewing silk, silk and thread laces, nonsopretties, worsted quality, ferrits, ribbons, Holland and diaper tapes, bobbin, galloon, braid and twist, shirt and vest mould buttons, pins, dandriff combs, small history books, brown and colour'd thread, Scots ditto, Nuns ditto, snuff boxes, mens, womens and childrens gloves, different sorts, fans, mourning of several sorts, writing paper, quills, sealing wax, bohea and green tea, pepper, mens and boys felt hats, boxes of tin, iron wire, salt petre, isinglass, brimstone, allom, coat and vest brass buttons, mohair, and mohair buttons, shoe buckles, pistol knives, pen knives, bone seal ditto, gimblets, &c. &c. &c.

Also good rum, sugar, melasses, coffee, and Maderia wine, in pipes or quarter casks. ¶

Philadelphia, January 27, 1755.

RUN away last night, from William Allen, of Chester township, Burlington county, West-New-Jersey, An Irish servant man, named Turrence Magwigin, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 27 years of age, palish complexion, dark brown hair, very thin and scragling: Had on when he went away, An old beaver hat, drugget jacket, and a striped under ditto, without sleeves, cloth breeches, of a moss colour, with metal buttons, and has buttons at the knees instead of buckles, which are put on the upper side, black grey stockings, half-worn shoes, with strings, and took a pair of new shoe soals with him. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ WILLIAM ALLEN.

STolen out of the stable of Edward Hill, living at his ferry in Bensalem, Bucks county, commonly called Dunks's ferry, in the night of the third ult. A deep bay gelding, with black mane and tail, and the tail trimmed as if calves had gnawed it off, one of his hips is a little lower than the other, and thought to be on the near side, no white about him, except a little in the forehead, under the foretop, about 13 hands and a half high, a natural pacer, and between 8 and 9 years old, branded on the near shoulder, with a large brand, EH. Whoever secures the thief and horse, shall have Three Pounds reward for both, or Thirty Shillings for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by *Edward Hill.* ¶

RUN away on the 20th ult. from the subscriber, living in East-Caln township, Chester county, An Irish servant man, named Charles Hamble, about 20 years old, about 5 feet and a half high, sandy complexion, short brown hair, & has a down-look: Had on when he went away, A whitish colour'd cloth jacket, grey waistcoat, fustian breeches, patch'd on the knees, grey stockings, good shoes, and a good hat. He is by trade a Weaver. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOHN SMITH. ‡

Philadelphia, January 24, 1755.

RUN away this morning, from James Duncan, of Vincent township, Chester county, An Irish servant man, named Patrick White, about 22 years of age, middle sized, fair complexion, and has a good deal of the brogue on his tongue: Had on when he went away, A brown jacket, with brass buttons, and a blue one under it, with white metal buttons, an old white worsted cap, and old felt hat, a check shirt, leather breeches, bluish colour'd stockings, and pretty good shoes, with large brass buckles. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES DUNCAN. ‡

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

RUN away from Thomas Cooch, Miller, on Christine creek, New-Castle county, in the province of Pennsylvania, A Negro man, named Sam, a pretty tall, slim fellow, near 50 years of age, and pretty grey headed, He was brought from Amboy jail last fall, and had with him there a pass, and went for a free Negro; he may probably have the same pass with him now. Whoever takes up and secures said Negro in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by *Thomas Cooch*, or Mr. *John Spafford*, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 8 W.

To be sold by

DANIEL BENEZET,

At his store in Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets, near the sign of the GEORGE,

A Neat assortment of European and East-India goods; also Irish beef, and choice rice and peas in barrels, at a very reasonable rate. Tbc. 3 mo.

Just imported in the Mercury, Capt. Hargrave, from London, and to be sold cheap, for ready money, by

JOHN BAYLY,

At the sign or the Tea-pot, at the lower end of Front-street, near the Draw-bridge,

STeel chapes and tongues, round and square ditto for knee buckles, chrystal stone buttons, steel topped thimbles, corals for whistles, silver watches, with enamelled and silver faces, silver jockey spurs, lined with steel, watch glasses, chrystal waistcoat buttons, set in silver, money scales and weights, in boxes, silk watch strings, broad and narrow sorted colours, watch keys, fine pierced Pinchbeck shoe and knee buckles, in setts, silver pendants for watches, sundry sorts of files, viz. half round, flat, round, rough, bastard and smooth, spring dividers, compasses, cutting nippers, hand shears, clock and watch plyers, blow pipes, fine binding wire, and fine drawing plates, hand vizes, rotten stone, allom, salt petre, &c. &c. Also all sorts of gold and silver work made and sold as usual, and ready money given for old silver and gold.

Just imported in the Mercury, Capt. Hargrave, and the last vessels from London and Liverpool, and to be sold cheap, for ready money or short credit, by

BENJAMIN KENDALL,

In Chestnut-street, almost opposite the Three Tuns, viz.

LOndon nails and sprigs, carpenters and joiners tools, joiners furniture, desk furniture in setts, compleat shoemakers tools, blacksmiths, barbers, and hand vizes, drawing knives, trowels, stock-locks, hinges, gate-locks, driping pans, iron traces, horse bells, iron and tin plates, tin ware made up, copper sauce pans, coffee-pots, bell-metal kettles, scythes, sickles, dog-irons, fire-shovels and tongs, brass candlesticks, jack chains, gun locks, gun worms, saddlers wares, a compleat assortment of cutlary ware, brass ink pots, fountain pens, ivory paper knives, fowling pen-knives, artificial magnets, ditto with pen-knives, variety of seals, hob nails, 18 inch and two foot rules, sliding rules, hard and common pewter plates, basons, tea pots, cream jugs, porringers, spoons, tea spoons, tea tongs, snuff boxes, fans, horn and ivory combs, pins, needles, knitting needles, Yorkshire cloths and trimmings, variety of threads, metal buttons, camblets, calimancoes, damasks, grandurels, Indianas, knit waistcoats and breeches in patterns, mens and womens stockings, shoe and knee buckles, cotton and linen checks, stripes, cotton holland, white tabby, yellow canvas, buckram, womens common clogs, silk and Morocco ditto, goloshoes, twilled bagging, Lancashire sheeting, blank books, maps, paper cases, and parchment, eight day and thirty hour clocks, neat silver watches, with sundry other goods.

N. B. At the same place is sold, English RED CLOVER, and TIMOTHY GRASS SEED. Tbctf.

Just imported in the Mercury, Capt. Charles Hargrave, from London, and to be sold by

RICHARD FOOTMAN, *and* COMPANY,

At the new store in Front-street, opposite Dr. Sonmans, near Market-street,

SUndry West Country and Yorkshire broad-cloths, kerseys, plains, forest-cloths, half-thicks, nap'd frizes, bearskins, German serges, napped and plain duffils, plain and corded druggets, barragons, serge-denims, worsted and hair shags, Indian blankets, embossed serges, white and striped flannels, striped cotton linseys, marvelets, yard-wide and 6-qr. bays, white swanskin bays, rugs, blankets, bed-side and floor carpets, single and double broad camblets, camblettees, half-yard and yard-wide damasks, shaloons, yard-wide Hungarian checks, florettas, barleycorn starrets, striped and plain calimancoes, flower'd and brocaded sattins, worsted grograms, tammies, durants, half-yard, and yard-wide silk cords, venetians, silk checks, silk camblets, hairbines, bombazeens, alopeens, hatband crape, cherriderries, persians, silk damasks, black paduasoys, dressed and undressed mantuas, ducapes, black sattins, thread sattins, womens black velvets, worsted, cotton and silk caps, hose, gartering, quality binding, ferrits, silk laces, sewing silk, figur'd and plain ribbons, and other haberdashery goods, white jeans, fustians, cotton thick-sets, figured demities, grandurels, duroys, everlastings, cotton velvets, flowered cotton velvet shapes, worsted waistcoat and breeches pieces, buckrams, Scotch hollands, cotton and silk, and cotton gowns, an assortment of linen and cotton checks, check and silk handkerchiefs, womens short cloaks, felt and castor hats, pewter, tin-ware, saddlers iron-mongery, pictures, umbrelloes, womens tabby stays, Dilworth's spelling books, warming pans, frying pans, 6d, 10d, and 20d nails, faggots of steel, and other iron-mongery goods, and sundry other things, too tedious to mention. ¶

CONYNGHAM *and* NESBIT,

Are moved from Front-street, to the house where Mr. George Emlen lately dwelt, in Market-street, a few doors below the New-Printing-Office, and have in their store contiguous to the house, and fronting Pewter-platter-alley,

A Large assortment of yard-wide and 7-eights Irish linen, 3-qr. 7 eights, yard-wide, and yard 3-eights cotton and linen checks, ozenbrigs, sail duck, No. 1 to 8, light canvas for mending sails, calicoes, long lawns, clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks in ditto, yard-wide and 6-qr. muslin, cotton romals, 7-eights and yard-wide culgee handkerchiefs, silk romals, bandanoes, mens and womens worsted hose, horn combs, with or without cases, ink-horns, steel, white metal, and other sorted shoe buckles, cork screws with springs, blue, green, drab and claret colour'd forrest-cloths, shaloons, mohair, and buttons in bags, plain and double gilt yellow and white metal buttons, blue, green and white 3-qr. yard-wide, and 6-qr. naps, 7-eights bearskins, muskets, cutlashes, fowling pieces, powder horns, Irish tierce beef, English running rigging, &c. &c. all which they will sell very cheap for ready money, or on the usual credit to those who have already, or may for the future, honour them with their commands. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, February 4. 1755.

THE Subſcribers to the *London Coffee-houſe* are deſired to meet at ſaid Houſe, on Thurſday the 13th Inſtant, at 11 a Clock in the Morning, in order to agree in what Manner the Ballance below, remaining in the Hands of the Truſtees, ſhall be diſpoſed of. *George Okill, William Grant, William Fiſher,* and *Joſeph Richardſon,* Truſtees.

An Account of Money collected for the Uſe of the London Coffee-houſe, *viz.*

From 232 Perſons, *Thirty Shillings* each, -	£348	0 0
From 2 Perſons, *Twenty Shillings* each, -	2	0 0
	£350	0 0

London Coffee-houſe, Dr.

To Caſh paid *William Bradford,* his Account of Expences the firſt Day at opening the ſaid Houſe,	£ 9	6 0
To Caſh lent ſaid *Bradford,* purſuant to the Plan of Subſcription, - - -	250	0 0
	£259	6 0
Ballance remaining in the Hands of the Truſtees,	90	14 0
	£350	0 0

To be Lett for a Term of Years,

THE IRON-WORKS, called DURHAM, with all the woodland, plantation, &c. thereunto belonging, being ſome of the moſt convenient and beſt provided works for the making iron in the province, as they are well ſupplied with a large quantity of the beſt ſort of ore, wood, water, ſand, limeſtone, and every other neceſſary: And what renders them ſtill more convenient is, that the ore is ſo near to the furnace, and the furnace to the forges, that there is not one mile's carting in the whole, and but one mile more from the forges to the landing on the river Delaware, from whence all the iron may be brought down to Philadelphia by water, at a ſmall expence. Enquire of WILLIAM LOGAN, at Stenton, near Germantown, or of ANTHONY MORRIS, in Philadelphia. Tbctf.

Juſt imported from London, in the Lydia Capt. Reeve, and to be ſold exceeding cheap for preſent money, or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox's Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

FOur-peany, 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails, wrought anvils, ſmiths vizes, iron pots, 10 by 8 crown glaſs, felt hats, ſuperfine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, bearſkin coating, kerſeys, duffils, foreſt cloths, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, corded poplins, rugs and blankets, half-thicks, flannels, red bays, all ſorts of muſlins, cambrick and lawns, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 9-8ths Iriſh linens, of all prices, Ruſſia, Pruſſia, & princes linens & ſileſias, all ſorts of Mancheſter & cotton checks, cotton hollands, bed ticks, German and Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown heſſen and brown rolls, cambiets, cambletteen, and everlaſtings, worſted caps, cruels and marking canvas, printed linens, cottons, chintz and bed patterns, whited brown buckrams, hair cloths, mohair and ſcarf twiſt, dyed pillows, and thickſets, cotton romals, blue and white linen handkerchiefs & bandanoes, ſhort cloaks & capuchins, all ſorts of haberdaſhery and cutlary wares, pewter diſhes, baſons, ſpoons, tea pots, cream-jugs and ſalts, copper tea-kettles, boxes of tinned plates, beſt London ſteel, F F gunpowder, ſhot, pig lead, all ſorts of wire, iron plates, handſaws and files, ſcale beams, Weſt-India horſe whips, flat irons, playing cards, writing paper, [illegible] trunks, looking-glaſſes, coffee-mills, [illegible] horn hats, worſted ſtockings, mantua ſilk, luteſtring, ſewing ſilk, ſaltpetre, [illegible] epſom ſalts, flour of brimſtone, coppers, verdigreaſe, [illegible] Jeſuits barks, aſſafoetida, camphire, and ſundry other drugs, and chimical medicines to be ſold exceeding cheap. Tbc.

TO be ſold, either in the whole, or in parcels, a tract of land, containing 700 acres, ſituated in the county of Northampton, about 70 miles from Philadelphia, reputed as good in quality as any in the province; 300 acres and upwards of which may, with little expence, be made choice meadow, having plenty of ſprings, and Mahoning-creek extending through the whole tract; all which is extraordinary well ſtored with timber of the largeſt ſize, and bounded partly by the Moravian ſettlement, and partly by a large range of vacant land for raiſing ſtock. For terms of ſale apply to Mr. REDMOND CONYNGHAM, merchant, in Front-ſtreet, or JOHN REILY, ſcrivener, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, where the plan of the premiſes, and title, which is clear, may be ſeen.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, on paying half down, may have credit for the remainder for two years without intereſt, giving good ſecurity. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation, lying on Raccoon creek, in Greenwich townſhip, Glouceſter county, containing 300 acres of upland, well timber'd, about 25 acres of meadow, within bank, and about twenty acres of marſh adjoining the ſame, with a good houſe, barn, orchard, &c. Alſo a plantation within a mile of the ſaid creek, adjoining the former, containing 130 acres of upland, well timber'd, with 10 acres of marſh, with a good dwelling-houſe, barn, orchard, and other improvements on the ſame. Likewiſe another plantation, lying at the upper ſide of Raccoon creek, fronting Delaware river, containing 160 acres, about 40 acres of which is good meadow, 40 acres more may be made; alſo 42 acres of good cedar ſwamp, lying very handy for timber, with a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, large orchard, and other good Improvements. Whoever inclines to purchaſe all or either of ſaid plantations, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living near the premiſes, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame. JOHN HALTON. †

RUN away from Stephen Carpenter, near Kenſington, in Philadelphia townſhip, a Dutch ſervant man, named John Frederick Cotts, [illegible] about 30 years of age, a luſty [illegible] four [illegible] with [illegible] buttonholes, and a jacket of [illegible] colour, old buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, [illegible] braſs buckles, and took a large bundle of other clothes with him, an old felt hat, and wears his own hair, has a rough look, and a ring on one finger, with a knob on it. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, if taken in Philadelphia county, and if taken out of ſaid county, Three Pounds, paid by

† STEPHEN CARPENTER.

SAMUEL GRISLEY,

In High-ſtreet, commonly call'd Market-ſtreet, a little below the Jerſey-market, a green lamp before the door,

CONTINUES to ſell choice old Madeira wine by the quarter caſk, gallon and quart, old Jamaica ſpirit, French brandy, and Liſbon wine, by the gallon and quart, white wine, canary or ſack, and claret, by the bottle. Where gentlemen, maſters of veſſels, &c. may have it bottled off for ſea; alſo for country taverns, and funerals, any quantity of each above a pint. ⊕ 5s. Tbc.

To be ſold by

ALEXANDER ALLAIRE,

At his houſe in Saſſafras-ſtreet, commonly called Race-ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite to the Moravian church,

A Likely Negroe man, about twenty years of age, has had the ſmall-pox. Tbcef.

BORDEN-TOWN STAGE carried on as formerly, viz.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage boat, JOSEPH CANNIDA Maſter, attends at the [illegible] hooked billet wharff every Monday and Tueſday; and his Sharp, CHARLES TAYLOR Maſter, at the ſame wharff, every Friday and Saturday; the Stage-waggon attends the ſame boats; the Stage-boat at Amboy, kept by *James Wells,* late from Philadelphia. My adverſaries have been pleaſed to adverſiſe that they can give people greater diſpatch than I can, to that I appeal to fact: As I was the firſt promoter of this ſcheme, as yet of no advantage to any but the publick, and as I take pay for 13 miles [illegible] land-carriage than the Burlington people do, I hope all well minded People will lay their commands upon their humble Servant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, jun.

N. B. Said Borden keeps two ſetts of horſes.

Mortgages, Wills, Bonds, and other Deeds and Inſtruments of Writing, drawn by

PAUL ISAAC VOTO,

At his Office, the Corner of Black-horſe Alley, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia. Tbctf.

To be SOLD, very reaſonable,

A Plantation and tract of land, in Kent county on Delaware, whereon doctor Henry Jeffray, deceaſed, lately lived, adjoining to Duck-creek town, containing about 200 acres of land, being a pleaſant ſituation, within a mile of Duck-creek landing, with a large commodious brick dwelling-houſe, outhouſes, barn, and two orchards, with other good improvements thereon. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to HENRY FARSONS, living near the premiſes, or to EDMUND KEARNY, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Kearny, at his ſtore, the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharff, hath a good aſſortment of European and India goods imported in the laſt ſhips from London, which he will ſell very cheap for ready money. All perſons indebted to him, whoſe debts are become due, are once more deſired to make immediate payment, or they may ſhortly expect to be compelled thereto by law. Tbc. 6 w.

Juſt imported, in the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

USHER *and* WHARTON,

At their ſtore on Walnut-ſtreet Wharff, and oppoſite Mr. Reeſe Meredith's,

SEven eights and yard wide Iriſh linen, ſheeting ditto, 3 qr. 7 eights, and yard wide linen and cotton Mancheſter checks, cotton hollands, erminets, Turkey plads, ſuperfine boil'd cambletts, common and ſtrip'd ditto, calimancoes, tammies, prunels, durants, yard wide ſilk diana's, flower'd tiſſues, ſuperfine ſcarlet, blue, pink and black damaſks, figur'd barragons, figur'd ſtuffs, Nova-Scotia's, Scots carpeting, black, blue and cloth colour'd knit patterns for breeches, men and womens white and glaiz'd gloves, cambricks and lawns, patches of ditto, holland tape and bobbin, white lace and edging, black and gauze lace, white and colour'd Scots threads, brown ditto, broad and narrow quality bindings, ſuperfine ſilk and hair, Scots kenting, ſtaff and ſilk ſhoes, a large aſſortment of coat and jacket yellow and white metal buttons, ſleeve ditto, ſundry ſorts of ſhoe and knee buckles, buck and bone table knives and forks, Hoole's piſtol cast knives, cuttoe ditto, ſeal end penknives, braſs handled ditto, taylors ſhears, womens ſciſſars, razors, men and womens braſs and ſteel thimbles, jews harps, darning and ſewing needles, pins, ſnuff-boxes of ſundry ſorts, Holman's inkpowder, [illegible] cards, writing paper, ivory combs, horn ditto, beſt [illegible] diſhes, plates and baſons, long and ſhort pipes, gunpowder, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, and 30d. nails, ſprigs and trunk ditto, long and ſhort ſcythes, frying pans, locks of ſundry ſorts, and plate bolts, handſaws, drawing knives, axes, hammers, chizels of ſundry ſorts, and files, hinges, augers, tap borers, ſpike and nail gimblets, horn and horn lanthorns, bellows, iron and braſs candleſticks, [illegible] bruſhes and clamps, ſweeping, clothes, hearth, table, and ſhoe bruſhes, of different ſorts, a large aſſortment of painters bruſhes, ſundry ſorts of tin ware, brimſtone, allom, copperas, beſt French indigo, ſnuff, tea, coffee, chocolate, alſpice, Engliſh and Boſton loaf ſugars, old Jamaica ſpirit, beſt Engliſh quills, corks, Florence oil, muſcovado ſugars, Madeira and Liſbon wine. Alſo a large aſſortment of ſhip chandlery, viz. Engliſh cables and anchors, cordage of all ſizes, Ruſſia and Engliſh duck, bunting of all kinds, pitch, tar and turpentine, with all the different articles wanted in that way; which are thoſe that favour us with their buſineſs may depend on being well uſed.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Matthew and Abraham Uſher, are once more deſir'd to come and pay their reſpective debts to prevent trouble. And all that are indebted to Matthew Watſon deceaſed, are likewiſe deſir'd to come and pay, or elſe they may expect to be troubled. Tbctf.

Juſt imported by the Captains Meinard and Reeve, from London, and to be ſold by

JOHN HEAD, junior,

In Second-ſtreet, near oppoſite the Church, the following goods, viz.

RED ſtriped duffels, bearſkin coating, cloth colour'd and green ratteens, cloth colour'd and blue kerſies, low priced rugs, blue, green and cloth colour'd worſted damaſks, yard wide worſted ſtuffs, ſhaloons and tammies, white, red, ſcarlet, ſtriped and emboſſed flannels, fine, ſuperfine and low priced broadcloths, buttons and mohair, baladine and common ſewing ſilk, border'd and half border'd bandanoes, cotton and ſilk romal handkerchiefs, Barcelona, Cumberland and linen ditto, womens black velvet, China and Engliſh black, [illegible] pink and changeable taffeties, ell wide black and cloth colour'd perſians, figur'd and plain ribbons, ſilk and cotton laces, ſilk cords, ſilver watches, blue, green and cloth colour'd pluſh, bobbins, [illegible] tin and common tapes, beſt hempen and flaxen ozenbrigs, 7 eights and yard wide Iriſh linens, tandem hollands, calicoes and printed [illegible] 6 qr. muſlin, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, [illegible] weav'd, piſtol and long lawns, brown and white buckram, F and FF gunpowder, ſhot and bar lead, London ſteel, A. C. No. 3. a large aſſortment of 3 qr. 7 eights, yard wide, and yard and 3 eights cotton and linen checks, 3 qr. and 7 eights garlix, men and womens worſted ſtockings, mens ribb'd ditto, double and ſingle worſted caps and muffatees, an aſſortment of pewter, writing paper, a neat aſſortment of mens, boys and womens felt hats, a large aſſortment of cutlary, ſilver pattern coat and veſt buttons, Scots and colour'd threads, letter'd and ſcarlet gartering, bohea tea by the dozen, a large aſſortment of hatters trimmings and irons, pins and needles, box [illegible] tin plates and wire, cinnamon and nutmegs, and ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Tbc. 3m.

To be SOLD Cheap,

A SERVANT boy, who has eight years and eight months to ſerve, and can ſpeak Engliſh and French. He is fit for town or country buſineſs. For farther particulars, enquire of the Printers.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Dutch boy, about 18 years of age, has three years and a half to ſerve, underſtands leather-dreſſing very well. Enquire of Thomas Francis, living in Pewter platter-alley, Philadelphia.

SAMUEL NEAVE,

INtending to go to England next ſpring, deſires all thoſe that are indebted to him above twelve months, to make ſpeedy payment. He has now by him a large aſſortment of goods, which he will ſell very cheap, viz. Fine, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths and drabs, bearſkins, duffils, naps, red and ſcarlet flannels, red ſtriped blankets, fine and middling blankets in pairs, worſted damaſks, camblets, tammies, durants, calimancoes, ſhaloons, ratteens, ozenbrigs, 7-8ths garlix, diapers, gulix hollands, Ruſſia ſheeting linens, cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches, long lawns, piſtol lawns, bluſh, pink, black and white half yard perſians, buckram, buttons and mohair, 3 qr. 7 8ths, yard, and yard and half wide linen and cotton checks, mens and womens hoſe, ſilk and worſted caps, ſilk, cotton and linen handkerchiefs, writing-paper, horſe-whips, beſt king Harry the eighth's cards, coat and breeches metal buttons, ſleeve-buttons, ink-powder, pins, needles, ſnuff boxes, ſhoe and knee-buckles, thimbles ſpectacles, awl-blades, ſhoe tacks, ſhoe-hammers and pinchers, ſize-ſticks, ſpoons, ivory dandriff combs, ſealing wax and wafers, ſilk, cotton and thread laces, ribbons and ſtirrets, bobbins, tapes, ribbon, ſprig and ſtriped cotton tapes, white and colour'd threads, garters and bindings, ſewing ſilks, a variety of ſpring and table knives, ſciſſars, braſs inkpots, braſs compaſs dials, neſts of gilt trunks, braſs and iron candleſticks, coffee-mills, tea-kettles, warming pans, pewter tankards, ſconce and pier plain and gilt looking-glaſſes, box-irons, flat-irons, carpenters hammers, gimblets, augers, chiſſels, files, locks, latches, hinges, hobnails, ſprigs, adzes, broad axes, weeding-hoes, hand-ſaws, croſs-cut-ſaws, clout, loop and tuft nails, ſtirrup irons, girt-buckles, diaper and ſtraining-web, blue and green ſadlers lace, blue, green and ſcarlet fringe, blue and green pluſh, London ſteel, nails, gunpowder, lead, ſwan ſhot, and wool-cards. Alſo a large quantity of choice Madeira wine. Tbctf.

RANDLE *and* ALEXANDER MITCHELL,

HAve imported in the ſhip New Myrtilla, Capt. Budden from London, the following goods, to be ſold at the loweſt price for ready money, or three months credit, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun tavern, between Walnut and Cheſtnut ſtreets: Rugs, blankets, beaver coating, broad-cloths, green naps, half-thicks, Yorkſhire plains, red and white flannels, imboſſed ſerges, ſwanſkin, red and white ſtriped linſeys, ſhaloons, tammies, calimancoes, durants, flower'd ruſſel, everlaſtings, black and ſcarlet ſhapes, fine boiled camblets, worſted damaſks, worſted caps, men and womens worſted hoſe, womens cloth cloaks, ſilk and hair coat and waiſtcoat buttons, and fine ſilk and hair twiſt, quality bindings, Scotch and Mancheſter gartering, Mancheſter 6-qr. yard and 3-eights, yard-wide, 7-eights wide, and 3-qr. wide cotton and linen checks, ozenbrigs, bed bunts, variety of calicoes and chints, 6 qr. and ell wide muſlins, great variety of cambricks, and flower'd, ſpotted and plain lawns, ſilk and cotton romals, flower'd and ſpotted bandanoes, black china taffeties, black and pink colour'd perſians, great variety of ribbons, gauze lace, black lace, white edging, baladine ſilk, wig cauls, men and womens fine white gloves, mens and womens horſe whips, great variety of bobbins and tapes, beſt London needles and pins, of all kinds, beſt London pewter, men and womens beſt black velvet, double and ſingle ſilk caps, playing cards, looking glaſſes, piſtol cap'd knives, ſtag, horn, and cuttoes, buck-horn pen-knives, burnt bone knives, buckles and buttons, raſors, dandriff, ivory and horn combs, variety of ſpectacles, jews harps, ink powder, metal and pewter ſpoons, braſs ink pots, compaſs dials, braſs cocks, braſs and iron candleſticks, ſail needles, knitting needles, writing paper, beſt verdigreaſe, and ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Tbctf.

Imported in the Myrtilla, Capt. Budden, from London, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

MATTHEW CLARKSON,

At his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Samuel Shoemaker,

BLUE, green, red, & brown, halfthicks, plains, kerſeys, Forelle cloths, low priced broadcloths, Spaniſh ditto, beave coatings, nap'd ditto, blue, green and Saxon green duffils, 7-qr. 8 qr. ſpotted rugs, 9 qr. white ſpotted ditto, 8 qr. and 9-qr. green yarn ditto, 7-qr. 8-qr. and 9 qr. blankets, womens ſhoes, beſt gunpowder, wine-glaſſes, of the neateſt and neweſt faſhion; a neat Mahogony diagonal mirrour and proſpects, Metzotinto pictures and paintings on glaſs, role brimſtone, by the hogſhead or hundred weight, nails, ſteel, frying-pans, with a variety of other goods, both European and India. T. b. c. t. f.

To be ſold for the prime Coſt in England,

A SETT of the *Statutes at Large,* in 33 volumes in folio, containing the publick and private acts down to the 23d of *George* II. inclusive, neatly bound, gilt and letter'd; they are fit for either a private gentleman, or a legiſlative body. Alſo a compleat ſett of the *Univerſal Hiſtory,* in 20 volumes, half bound. Any perſon may ſee them, by applying to *David Hall,* at the *New Printing-Office.* Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

FIfty-ſix acres of land, in the townſhip of Radnor, Cheſter county, divided into four fields, with a good ſpring in each field, adjoining a publick road, leading from Lancaſter road by Humphrey's mill to Philadelphia, ten miles diſtance from thence, very convenient for ſtore-keeping, or any tradeſman. For terms, enquire of Ann Miller, of Haverford, at the ſign of the Buck, near the premiſes.

To be ſold, on a ground-rent, or clear of ground-rent, as it may ſuit the purchaſer,

FIVE thirty feet lots of ground, on the north ſide of Vine-ſtreet, extending from the ſame ſtreet northward 140 feet, beſides 18 thirty feet lots, on the eaſterly ſide of a fifty feet new ſtreet, extending from Vine-ſtreet aforeſaid to a certain run of water, called Coates's Run, formerly Pegg's Run, which 18 lots extend 160 feet deep. For title and terms of ſale, enquire of JOHN SAYRE, in Market-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, or ANDREW REED, in Trenton. ⊕

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting houſe, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen ſprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, hempen and flaxen ruſſias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Iriſh hollands, damaſk and diaper table cloths, damaſk and diaper nankening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarſe and fine muſlins, India ſilks, viz. damaſks, paduaſoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, coarſe and fine ginghams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, ſuperfine worſted black damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eights and 3 qr. garlix, ſtriped, imboſſed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broad cloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon ſhot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewiſe a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in the country, and has had the ſmall-pox. Tbctf.

TO be SOLD or LETT, by *JOHN NAGLEE,* The Houſe he now lives in, in Second-ſtreet. Tbc. 4 w

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

Best possible image.

William Logan, Esquire

February 18, 1755. NUMB. 1365.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

NEWBERN, in NORTH-CAROLINA.

The SPEECH of his Excellency *ARTHUR DOBBS*, Esq; Captain General, and Governor in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of *North-Carolina*, to the General Assembly held at *Newbern*, the Twelfth Day of *December*, 1754.

Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

HIS Majesty having been graciously pleased to honour and intrust me with the Government of this Province, I have taken the earliest Opportunity of meeting with you in full Assembly, to consult you upon what may tend to the Peace, Happiness, Increase, and Improvement of this Province, and to consider of proper Laws to secure the Rights, and improve the Trade of this Colony, and to unite the Affections of all the Members of the Society, that all may concur in promoting your general Wealth and Happiness.

As the first, greatest, and principal Foundation of all social Happiness is the Knowledge of true Religion, and the Practice of Morality and Virtue, to know, love, and adore the Divine Being as we ought, and to obey the Precepts he has revealed to us; so I think it my Duty, in the first Place, to recommend to you the Providing a proper Fund, to support a sufficient Number of learned, pious Clergymen to reside in the Province, and to accommodate them with Houses, Glebes, and Parish Clerks, to enable them to instruct the Inhabitants, and the rising Generation, in the Principles of true Religion and Virtue, in such a prudent Manner, without Tithes, as to prevent Contests, and preserve an Harmony betwixt the Clergy and Laity, that their Interest may be the same; and that they may have Leisure, as well as Inclination, to instruct their Flocks in Christian Principles.

Next to this, in Duty to his Majesty, who, like a beneficent Father, has given unto this Colony a permanent Property in their Lands, reserving to himself a very small Acknowledgment of Quit-rents, who has protected it in its Infant State from all foreign Insults, and has maintained and supported it in all its civil and religious Rights and Privileges, by a true Christian Liberty of Conscience, and in the happiest Constitution on the Globe; I must earnestly recommend it to you, that, in Return for his Majesty's paternal Care, you make an effectual Law for the speedy and easy Collection of the Quit-rents, which his Majesty has been graciously pleased to apply to the Ease of this Colony, towards the Discharge of a great Arrear due to the Officers of this Establishment, towards their annual Support, who are necessary to preserve your Peace, and have Justice impartially distributed in this Province: This, in Justice to yourselves, as well as in Gratitude to the best of Princes, who is not only the Father of his People, but the Benefactor of Mankind, I am convinced you will readily agree to.

After this, I must recommend to your Consideration the Making effectual Laws to secure your Peace and Properties, and to obtain your Rights, and to have Justice distributed in the speediest and easiest Manner, without dilatory Law Proceedings, and also Laws to promote Trade and Industry, in order to support your Credit at Home and Abroad, by making effectual Laws to recover just Debts without Chicanery or tedious Delays, and all small Debts in a summary Way, which will promote OEconomy and Industry, and prevent Indolence and Sloth.

Since a Paper Currency has been found beneficial hitherto from the Want of Bullion or Coin, I must recommend to you keeping up your Paper Credit, by making your Paper Bills a permanent Fund of Credit, upon Land Security, by a Loan-Office, and to provide a sufficient Fund to pay off and cancel the Bills of Credit already issued, in a short Time, a Plan of which shall be communicated to you: This, with a general Inspection Law, employing Inspectors in all your Sea Ports, to view and support the Credit of your Exports; and a proper OEconomy, with Industry, must necessarily occasion a Ballance in your Favour, and consequently a Return in Gold or Silver, and will demonstrate, that Honesty in Trade, as well as in all other Dealings, is the best Policy.

The Extending our Trade into the Continent, and our Colonies into the fine Countries beyond the Mountains, being of the utmost Consequence to this, and all our Colonies, I must earnestly recommend it to you, to lay our *Indian* Traders under proper Regulations, and to promote an Intimacy and Friendship, and living in Harmony with our *Indian* Neighbours and Allies, that we may be enabled to civilize and make them industrious, and to incorporate with them, by carrying on an equitable Trade with them, and treating them with Christian Benevolence; this at least we owe to them upon Account of our possessing their happy Climate and Country, and we shall not only profit by their Trade, but make them our steady Friends, and by extending our Alliances to distant Nations, we may enlarge our Trade over the whole Northern Continent, and form an impregnable Barrier against our ever active Enemies the *French*; who, in Time of profound Peace, have not only headed their *Indian* Allies, and have prevailed with them to make Depredations, massacre in cold Blood, and scalp several of the Inhabitants of this and our other Colonies, but have enter'd with an armed Force, and erected Forts, in the Countries belonging to his Majesty, as well as of our *Indian* Allies; and therefore I am commanded, by his Majesty, to recommend it to you, in the strongest Manner, to provide a Supply to assist the Colony of *Virginia*, whose Country is invaded, and his Majesty's Troops slaughtered, for endeavouring to repel those Invaders. The Fire which has caught your Neighbour's House, will soon spread into your own. Your Religion, Liberty and Property, are all at Stake, if they be not repelled and drove back to their inhospitable Colonies; but as this Subject is of the utmost Importance, and it will be tedious to explain the *French* Plan, calculated for the Ruin of *Britain*, and of these Colonies, at this Time, as soon as you fall upon Business, I shall lay it before you in a more ample Manner, that you may see the Necessity of a speedy and effectual Supply.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

I am instructed, and have it in Command from his Majesty, to look out and fix upon a convenient and healthy Situation for the Seat of Government and Courts of Justice, which may best answer the whole Province, and to lay it before his Majesty for his Approbation; when that is fixed, your own Prudence and Wisdom will suggest to you, whether you should not have a Fund provided to erect publick Buildings for the Residing of the Governor, and for the publick Offices and Courts of Justice; since the Credit and Increase of the Trade of the Province depends, in a great Measure, upon the Healthfulness and Increase of the Capital, and having all their publick Offices together.

I am also commanded by his Majesty, earnestly to recommend to you, the raising a Fund, without Limitation of Time, to support the Dignity of the present, and all other future Governors, and to answer the Contingencies and Emergencies of Government, the Payment of the Officers and Clerks of the Council and Assembly, for the Repairing of Fortifications, Store Houses, and Magazines, when erected; which Establishment will be always necessary for your Security and Defence, His Majesty having been graciously pleased to give you one Thousand Firelocks and Accoutrements for this Province; and I have a well grounded Expectation that proper Artillery, with Military Stores, will be granted for the several Forts when erected, and an Independent Company, provided that a Powder Duty be again granted to supply the Magazines in the Province.

It is with great Concern that I observe, that from the late Divisions in the Province, the proper Duties, laid on for the Support of the Establishment, and for sinking the Paper Currency, have not been properly levied, from the Disputing the Legality of the Assembly in passing and and continuing the Duties, by which Means the Charges of Government have not been paid, and the publick Debt increased; as this Bone of Contention is happily laid aside by his Majesty's having minutely enter'd into an Examination of the Constitution and Laws of this Province, by repealing several Laws; it will be necessary for you, to have the present Laws revised, and where Laws have been repealed upon Account of some improper Clause, to re-enact them with unquestionable Clauses, and to have the whole Laws ascertained, which may be best done, by appointing Committees to sit upon them, during the Recess betwixt this and the next Session, to have them ready to be offered at the next Assembly.

Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

Since his Majesty has been graciously pleased to intrust me with the Care and Improvement of this Province, as it is my Duty, so it shall be my constant Care, to promote true Religion and Virtue, and the Wealth, Peace and Happiness of the Colony, and to increase and improve its Trade: As an Union of Affections and acting together for the general Good of the Province, is not only a prudent and right Measure, but absolutely necessary to be pursued to improve the Colony in Wealth and Trade, it is my determined Resolution to encourage and countenance only those who shall heartily concur in so good a Purpose, which must improve the Markets, support the Credit, establish Justice, and give Strength and Weight to the Colony, and induce Merchants, Artisans, and other Gentlemen of Learning, Merit, and Probity, to purchase and reside in the Province.

LIST of LETTERS in the POST-OFFICE, at the Corner of *Church-Alley*, in *Third-street*, *Philadelphia* (not before advertised)

A

Freados Aldrage, *New-Cast. Co.*
William Ashe, *Phil.*
William Anderson, *Ditto.*

B

Mary Bayne, *ditto.*
David Bacon, *ditto.*
Samuel Burkloe, *ditto.*
Andreas Brehell, *ditto.*
Robert Boyd, *ditto.*
Joseph Browne, *ditto.*
Robert Brierly, *ditto.*
John Balderson, *Bucks.*
Richard Briggs, *Ches. Co.*
Richard Byrne, *Octarara.*

C

John Crawford, *Marcus-book.*
Samuel Culbertson, *America.*
William Castle, *Phil.*
Robert Carns, *ditto.*
Nicholas Coufeilt, *ditto.*

D

Christian Davis, *ditto.*
Sarah Davis, *ditto.*

E

James Eddy, *ditto.*
Thomas Eustace, *ditto.*
John Elliot, *Pequea.*

F

Hugh Fearis, *ditto.*
Jacob Fleming, *Lancaster.*
James Fue, *Wilming.*
Joseph Field, *Bucks.*
Robert Ferguson, *Phil.*
Elizabeth Franks, *ditto.*
Henry Farly, 2, *ditto.*
Benjamin Fordem, *ditto.*
John Ferguson, *ditto.*
Patrick Flood, *ditto.*
John Freeston, *ditto.*
Adam Farquhar, *Mount-holly.*
John Finney, *Newcastle.*

G

Thomas Gilphin, 2, *Wilming.*
Richard Gest, *Chester County.*
Morris Griffiths, *ditto.*
Thomas Godden, *Phil.*
William Gardner, *ditto.*
John R. Goetschy, *ditto.*

H

Robert Hairbottle, *ditto.*
Anthony Hull, *ditto.*
Walter Haddock, *ditto.*
Josiah Hewes, 2, *ditto.*
Sarah Hubbs, *Phil.*
Richard Hog, *ditto.*
Arthur Hurry, *ditto.*
Isaac Hammer, *ditto.*
Jacob Hussey, 2, *ditto.*
John Haines, *ditto.*
John Harrison, *ditto.*
James Harding, 2, *Abington.*
Margaret Hart, 2, *Lancas.*
John Hobson, *ditto.*

J

Amos Jones, *Wilming.*
Andrew James, *ditto.*
John Jones, *East-Bradford.*
Rev. J. Jones, *Phil.*
Thomas James, *ditto.*

K

Jerg Kast, *Germant.*
John Kennard, *Phil.*
John Kennady, *ditto.*
George Keaten, *ditto.*
Benjamin King, *ditto.*

L

Adam Lester, *ditto.*
Thomas Lungley, 2, *ditto.*
Robert Leybourn, *ditto.*
John Lester, *ditto.*
Charles Lein, *Ches. Co.*
Rev. ---- Lock, *Lewis-Town.*
John Lea, *Wilming.*
James Lea, *ditto.*
Robert Lewis, *ditto.*
Rev. Dan. Lawrence, *Cape-May.*

M

John Mackbeth, *Phil.*
Capt. K. Mackenzie, *ditto.*
John Mayduel, *ditto.*
James Maxfield, 2, *ditto.*
Adam Marckell, *ditto.*
William Milbourn, *ditto.*
John Maxwell, *ditto.*
James Murray, *ditto.*
George Moschel, *ditto.*
Thomas M'Seimmen, *near N. Castle.*
John M'Clughan, *ditto.*
Charles Moore, *Ches. Co.*

N

John Nelson, *Phil.*
Cornelius Nicholson, *ditto.*
Capt. John Newbold, *Lewes T.*

O

William Orr, *Christ. [illegible]*

P

William Palmer, *Coles-Town.*
William Philipson, *Phil.*
Martha Petill, *ditto.*
Thomas Parkinson, *ditto.*
Mary Power,

R

Farrel Reily, *ditto.*
William Reed, 2, *Cumb. in N. Jersey.*

S

William Sims, *Phil.*
Jeremiah Smith, *ditto.*
James Spinks, *ditto.*
Edward Stabler, *ditto.*
James Simpson, *ditto.*
Cornelius Sullivan, *ditto.*
John Sutton, *Darby.*
Henry Stoddert, *New-Castle.*

T

Ann Trott, *Ches. Co.*
Catharine Tranberg, *Wilming.*
John Thompson, *Phil.*
Simon Tufts, *ditto.*
James Thickpenny, *ditto.*

V

John Vollar, *ditto.*

W

John Warman, *ditto.*
Sturch Walford, *ditto.*
Edward Wyatt, *ditto.*
Bartholomew Wyatt, *ditto.*
Sarah Walker, *ditto.*
Edmund Williams, *ditto.*
William Williamson, *ditto.*
Charles Williams, *Bucks.*

Y

William Young, *Forks Delaw.*

*** Post Office Hours at *Philadelphia*, are from *Nine* to *Twelve* in the Forenoon, and from *Two* to *Five* in the Afternoon.

By Capt. Jeffries, *arrived at* New-York, *in eleven Weeks from* Dover, *we have the following Advices*, viz.

LONDON.

November 14. His Majesty went to the House of Peers, and opened the Sessions of Parliament with a most gracious Speech to both Houses. After he express'd his Satisfaction of meeting them at a Time, when the late Elections have afforded his People an Opportunity of giving fresh Proofs of their Duty and Affection to Him and Government in the Choice of their Representatives, says,

THE General State of Affairs in *Europe* has received very little Alteration since your last Meeting; but I have the Satisfaction to acquaint you, that I have lately received the strongest Assurances from my good Brother the King of *Spain*, of his firm Resolution to cultivate Friendship and Confidence with me, with reciprocal Acts of Harmony and good Faith; and that he will persevere in these Sentiments. It shall be my principal View, as well to strengthen the Foundations, and secure the Duration, of the general Peace, as to improve the present Advantages of it, for promoting the Trade of my good Subjects, and protecting those Possessions, which make one general Source of our Commerce and Wealth.

The Plan formed by the last Parliament, for appropriating the forfeited Estates in the Highlands to the Publick Benefit, appears to be of such national Importance, that I am persuaded, you will not omit any proper Opportunity of compleating it. Let me also recommend it to you, to make such further Provisions, as may be expedient for perpetuating the due Execution of the Laws, and the just Authority of my Government, in that Part of the United Kingdom.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the Estimates for the ensuing Year to be prepared and laid before you. The Supplies which I have to ask of you, are such as shall be necessary for the ordinary Services; for the Execution of such Treaties as have been communicated to you, for consolidating and maintaining that System of Tranquility, which is my great Object; and at the same Time for securing ourselves against any Encroachments.

The gradual Reduction of the national Debt, which has been so wisely and successfully begun, will, I make no Doubt, have your serious and constant Attention.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It is unnecessary for me to use any Argument to press upon you Unanimity, and Dispatch in your Proceedings. I have had such ample Experience of the Fidelity, Zeal and good Disposition of my Parliaments, during the Course of my Reign, that I trust there is a mutual Confidence established between us; the surest Pledge of my own and my People's Happiness."

Nov. 16. Yesterday the Right Honourable the House of Peers waited on his Majesty, at St. James's, with their Address of Thanks for His most Gracious Speech from the Throne. They concluded the loyal Address, with saying, "Permit us, Sir, to take this Opportunity to renew the most solemn Assurances of our inviolable Fidelity and Affection to your most sacred Person and Government. In this, our Duty and our Interest unite and are inseparable. Our Resolution is fix'd, and unalterable, to strengthen your Majesty's Hands, for preserving the Peace; supporting the Honour of your Crown; and maintaining the Rights and Possessions of your Kingdoms, against any Encroachments. The Maxim graciously laid down by your Majesty, that a mutual Confidence between you and your Parliament, is the surest Pledge of the Happiness, both of King and People, is highly worthy a *British* Monarch; and it shall be our zealous Endeavours, to demonstrate to the World the Stability of that Confidence; and, under the Protection of Divine Providence, to transmit to our Posterity the Blessings of your Majesty's Reign, in the Perpetuity of the Protestant Succession in your Royal House."

His MAJESTY's most Gracious ANSWER.

My LORDS,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for this very dutiful and affectionate Address. The Zeal you express for my Person and Government, and for maintaining the Rights and Possessions of my Crown, cannot fail to have the best Effects, both at Home and Abroad. The Confidence which you repose in me, shall always be made Use of for the true Interest of my People."

Vienna, October 30. It is reported that the Queen Dowager of Portugal has bequeathed Five Millions of Florins to the Empress Queen, and one Million to each of her Children.

Paris, November 1. The Smugglers continue their Practices in the most audacious Manner. When they quitted the Territory of Bresse, they went to Roanne, a Town in the District of Forez, upon an Expedition like that which they had made at Bourg, viz. They

Best possible image.

They extorted from the Farmers Officer 20,000 Livres, and left Tobacco there to the Value of that Sum. From thence they marched into Combraille, a little Diſtrict in the Lower-Auvergne, which ſwarms with Smugglers. A Body of 5 or 6000 Men, under the Command of a Lieutenant-General, is marched againſt them.

LONDON, November 16.

Some Letters from Naples adviſe, that Sir Charles Gray, the Britiſh Miniſter at that Court, has concluded a Treaty with the Miniſters of his Sicilian Majeſty; the Circumſtances whereof we may expect in a little Time.

This Day the Honourable Houſe of Commons waited on his Majeſty with an Addreſs of Thanks for his moſt gracious Speech.

From *Paris*, *Nov.* 8. That a general Pardon will ſoon be publiſhed for paſt Offences.

We hear that it is intended the Forces going to Virginia ſhall remain there 3 Years, in Order to put thoſe Parts into a laſting Poſture of Defence, and the better to inſtruct the Inhabitants and their Allies in military Diſcipline.

They write from Chatham, that his Majeſty's Ship Litchfield, a fine Fifth Rate, was ordered to be fitted out for Sea, with the utmoſt Expedition.

Nov. 16. The Wager which Lord Powerſcourt, of the Kingdom of Ireland, laid with the Duke of Orleans, that he would ride his own Horſes from Fountainbleau to Paris, which is 42 Engliſh Miles, in two Hours, was for 1000 Louis d'Ors. The King was pleaſed to order the Marſhalſea Guards to clear the Way, which was lined with Crouds of Pariſians, and to be preſent when my Lord ſet out. He was to mount only three Horſes; but did it with two; both which, however, he killed. He performed the Wager in one Hour 37 Minutes and 22 Seconds of Time. This Bet makes ſo much Noiſe at Paris, that even the Scullions leave their Kettles on the Fire to calculate how long it would take to ride round the World on Lord Powerſcourt's Horſes, with the Swiſs Doctor's Powder in one's Pocket.

A learned Spaniard has acquainted the World in ſome Letters lately publiſhed, that the Adder or Serpent Stone, which is found to be a Cure for the Bite of any venomous Reptile, is nothing but a Piece of burnt Hartſhorn. The Diſcovery was communicated by the Chineſe to a Franciſcan Monk. As to the Form of the pretended Stone, it is ſufficient that it be of the Circumference of a Half-penny, three Times as thick in the Middle as at the Extremities, and diminiſhing gradually like a Lens. The Manner of uſing it in Spain is this: They prick the Part that was bit with a Needle, till the Blood comes; then, applying the Stone, they leave it till it drops off itſelf; which it never will do till all the Venom be extracted; and this requires ſometimes two Days, and at other Times a Fortnight or more. When it will not ſtick, it is a Sign there is no Venom left.

As the Papers have lately mentioned the great Ages of many Perſons Abroad, it may not be amiſs to obſerve that the following are now to be found in the Church-yard at Chatham.

Here lieth the Body of Mr. John Pratt, of this Pariſh, Houſe Carpenter, who departed this Life January 6, 1740, aged 103 Years.

And likewiſe the Body of his Wife, Iſabella Pratt, who departed this Life January 22, 1737, aged 102 Years, who lived together 70 Years, and had Iſſue ſix Sons and three Daughters.

Having lately mentioned the Ages of four Siſters, now alive at Picardie in France, to make together 342 Years, we have ſince been favoured with an Account of the Ages of four Siſters now living and in Health in the Pariſh of St. Dunſtan's without Weſtgate, Canterbury, the eldeſt being 88, the next 86, the third 84, and the youngeſt 82; in all 340.---They are the Daughters of one Thomas Palmer, a Bell Founder, who caſt the great Bell in St. Dunſtan's Church, and whoſe Name may be ſeen on ſome of the old Bellmetal Skillets ſtill uſed in this Country.

The Concluſion of the Barrier Treaty and Tariff of the Auſtrian Netherlands, the principal Articles whereof (which regard the Court of Vienna and the States General) are as good as ſettled, remains in Suſpence till certain Difficulties relating to the Introduction of the Manufactures of England into the Netherlands, be removed.

Our Advices from Hanover acquaint us, that ſome Butchers having bought a ſmall Drove of Cattle at Hildeſheim, and two of them dying immediately, and eight more in an Hour after they were brought home, the Magiſtrates ordered all the reſt to be knocked on the Head and interr'd in a deep Pit, and the Clothes of the Butchers and their Men to be burnt, as the moſt effectual Means of preventing the Infection.

According to Letters from Spain, it was on Advice that certain European Manufactures were much wanted in the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, that his Catholic Majeſty granted a Licence for ſending out four Regiſter Ships to Vera Cruz, Carthagena, and the South-Sea.

We hear that a Number of Gentlemen, in different Parts of Scotland, are contributing a large Sum of Money, which they intend to lay out in promoting various Manufactures. They are to begin with the Linen Manufactures, as the Capital Trade; and conſidering that it will tend much to the Good of the Kingdom, if the Act againſt Cambricks and French Lawns be ſtrictly put in Execution, they propoſe to give Twenty Guineas of additional Encouragement (beſides the Reward promiſed by Parliament and the Truſtees for encouraging Fiſheries and Manufactures in Scotland) to each of the firſt ten Informers who ſhall inform againſt any Perſons importing or ſelling, or making up or wearing, Cambricks or French Lawns. 'Tis hoped that by theſe Meaſures an entire Stop will in a ſhort Time be put to that pernicious Trade of importing foreign Manufactures; our own are now arrived to ſuch Perfection, that Children make Cambrick ſo fine, as to rival the French both in Cheapneſs and Quality.

From the GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE, *for October*, 1754.

On Miſs FANNY CARELESS.

CAreleſs by Name, and Careleſs by Nature.
Careleſs of Shape, and Careleſs of Feature,
Careleſs in Dreſs, and Careleſs in Air;
Careleſs of Riding in Coach or in Chair.
Careleſs of Love, and Careleſs of Hate;
Careleſs if crooked, and Careleſs if ſtrait.
Careleſs at Table, and Careleſs in Bed;
Careleſs if Maiden, and Careleſs if Wed.
Careleſs at Church, and Careleſs at Play;
Careleſs if Company go, or they ſtay.
Careleſs if *Strephon* ſhews any Deſire;
Careleſs of what---all the Sex does admire.
Ev'n Careleſs at Tea, not minding Chit-chat;
So Careleſs! She's Careleſs for this or for that.
Careleſs of all Love or Wit can propoſe;
She's Careleſs---ſo Careleſs---there's Nobody knows.
Oh! how could I love thee, thou dear Careleſs Thing!
(O happy, thrice happy!---I'd envy no King)
Were you careful for once to return me your Love,
I car'd not how Careleſs to others you prove.
I then ſhould be Careleſs now Careleſs you were;
And the more Careleſs you, ſtill the leſs I ſhould care.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 17.

By the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*:

A PROCLAMATION, for a FAST.

WHEREAS *our moſt gracious Sovereign, out of a juſt Abhorrence of the Robberies and Murders daily committed on his People, by the* French, *and* Indian *Savages in their Intereſt, and likewiſe for maintaining the ancient Rights of the Crown of* Great-Britain, *in* North-America, *and reſtoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety, and Happineſs, to his Subjects on this Continent, has been pleaſed to ſend a conſiderable Number of his Ships and Forces to oppoſe the unjuſtifiable Attempts of our Enemies.*

And, whereas in all our Undertakings it is expedient and neceſſary to implore the Bleſſing and Protection of Almighty GOD;

I have therefore, with the Advice of his Majeſty's Council, thought fit to iſſue this Proclamation, appointing Wedneſday *the fifth Day of* March, *to be religiouſly and devoutly obſerved, as a* General FAST, *for the ſolemn and publick Humiliation of ourſelves before Almighty GOD, in order to ſupplicate his Divine Majeſty for the Pardon of our Sins, for averting thoſe heavy Judgments, we have Reaſon to fear, and more particularly for the Preſervation of us from the Hands of our Enemies, by beſtowing his Divine Bleſſing on his Majeſty's Arms.*

And I hereby ſtrictly charge and require, that in all Churches, where the Miniſters can poſſibly attend, Divine Service be performed, and a Sermon be preached ſuitable to the Occaſion; and that on ſome preceding Sunday *they give publick Notice of the ſaid* FAST, *and exhort their ſeveral Congregations to a devout and religious Obſervation of it.*

GIVEN under my Hand, at Williamſburg, *this fourteenth Day of* January, *in the Twenty-eighth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Fifty five.*

ROBERT DINWIDDIE.

GOD ſave the KING.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 6.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at *Will's* Creek, to his Friend here, dated *January* 27, 1755.

"*Yeſterday arrived here Sir John St. Clair, Bart. Colonel and Quarter-Maſter-General, to all his Majeſty's Troops intended for this Service, and ſets off To-Morrow Morning with Governor Sharpe.---Your worthy Governor has been here about a Week, on this his ſecond Viſit to Camp within two Months, and we ſhall be ſorry, very ſorry, if he ſhould not croſs the Allegany Mountains with us, in a Station agreeable to himſelf, and equal to his great Merit---Three Deſerters came here Yeſterday, in 13 Days from Fort De Queſne; their Information not publick; one of them told me the 15 Savages who were here ſome Time ago, arrived 8 or 9 Days at Fort De Queſne before they deſerted, and all acknowledged the good Uſage at Will's Creek.---Two of our Indians were lately ſent with a Letter from one of the Priſoners at Wincheſter, when they return we may have ſome News.---We daily expect to hear of the Arrival of General Braddock, with the Troops.---His Majeſty's Three Independant Companies here, have built a Fort, with ſeveral large Store Houſes, &c. and Barracks for all the Men, by way of a fortified Camp, flanking and flanked by the Fort with Ten Four Pounders, beſides Swivels; all this ſince the 12th of September laſt, without any Aſſiſtance (either from Virginia or Maryland) of Workmen of any Kind, and were a long While without a ſufficient Number of good Tools, beginning only with one Spade, and two or three Axes.---A very good Company from Maryland came here about two Months ago, and are in Hutts which they built for themſelves near us.---We have heard of the Virginia Levies marching almoſt four Months ago, but none of them appear'd yet.*"

We are aſſured, that at Cheſter-Town, in Kent County, ſeveral Men inliſted immediately on the Arrival of the Officer into that Town, before the Drum was beat, and that the Officer, wanting but Thirty Men, got his Compliment, and marched with them, within a very little While; ſuch is the commendable Spirit of that Place! they are gone for Will's Creek, and ſome young Maryland Gentlemen (true Patriots!) are gone from thence as Volunteers: The Mother of one of them, at parting, took Leave of him with ſaying, My dear Son, I ſhall with much greater Pleaſure hear of your Death, than of your Cowardice, or ill Conduct.

His Excellency our Governor, and Sir John St. Clair, are return'd from Will's Creek, and gone to Williamſburgh; and we hear they came down Potowmack 200 Miles in a Canoe.

Monday Evening laſt, James Pitcher, Eſq; Commiſſary to the Forces expected in, came to Town, from the Northward, and is now gone to Virginia, expecting to meet them there.

NEW-YORK, February 10.

Capt. Ebbits, in eleven Weeks from the Muſqueto Shore, informs us, that a few Days before he ſail'd, a Gentleman arrived there from Jamaica, in his Way from England, in order, it was ſuppoſed, to aſſume the Command of a Company then on the Shore: And that upon his Arrival he reported, that according to the Intelligences he had received on his Journey thither, the Bay of Honduras was to be returned to the Engliſh, and the Damages that any of them ſuſtained by the Rout, were to be made good by the King of Spain, his Catholick Majeſty having come to a "firm Reſolution to cultivate Friendſhip and Confidence" with the Crown of Great-Britain.

We are further informed, That Governor Knowles had already ſent Word to the Baymen on the Shore, not to exact in their Accounts, for that each and every one of them ſhould undergo a ſtrict Examination.

Capt. Ebbits left Capt. Morſley of Rhode Iſland, at the Shore.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Sloop Skip Jack, J. Tiers from R. Iſland. Sloop Pelican, John Ebbits from Muſquitos. Brig Collier, J. Thompſon from Borrowſtowneſs. Brig Brilliant, R. Jeffries, jun. from Dover.

OUTWARDS, NONE.

CLEARED.

Sloop William, William Atkinſon to Antigua. Sloop Bumper, A. Hunter, and Brig Charming Polly, R. Robb to Fyall.

PHILADELPHIA, February 18.

Since our laſt two Gentlemen came to Town from Annapolis, who inform us, that on the Eighth Inſtant an Expreſs arriv'd there from Williamſburgh, which, they heard, brought Advice of the Arrival of the Forces from England. *This, we hope, will at leaſt prove a Confirmation of what was inſerted in laſt Week's Paper, relating to the Train of Artillery being arriv'd in Virginia; and that if General Braddock is not yet come with the Troops from Ireland, he may be daily expected.*

Saturday laſt there was a Hog in this Market for Sale, raiſed by one of our Butchers, which weigh'd Six Hundred and Forty two Pounds.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Dolphin, William Morton from Boſton.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Peggy, George Houſton for St. Euſtatia.
Sloop Nelſon, James Simpſon for Jamaica.
Ship Rebecca, John M'Clelland for Carthagena.
Snow Nancy, Samuel Appowen for Barbados.
Brig Hannah, William Sims for Ditto.

CLEARED.

Sloop Nelſon, James Simpſon to Jamaica.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, February 11, 1755.

IT having been found very inconvenient to Perſons concerned in Trade, that the Mail from *Philadelphia* to *New-England* ſet out but once a Fortnight during the Winter Seaſon; *This is to give Notice*, That the *New England* Mail will henceforth go once a Week the Year round, whereby Correſpondence may be carried on, and Anſwers obtain'd to Letters between *Philadelphia* and *Boſton* in three Weeks, which us'd in the Winter to require ſix Weeks.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſters General,

WILLIAM FRANKLIN, *Comptroller.*

Juſt imported in the Mercury, Capt. Hargrave, from London, and to be ſold by

DAVID HALL,

At the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, the following School Books, viz.

BOyer's Dictionary and Grammar; French Bibles and Teſtaments; Telemachus French; Ditto Engliſh; Virgil, Cæſar, Ovid, Horace, and Juvenal Delphini; Virgil, Horace, and Ovid with Minelly's Notes; Davidſon's Virgil, Horace, and Ovid; Ruddiman's, Lilly's, and Clarke's Grammars; Ruddiman's Rudiments; Clarke's Nepos, Sueton, Salluſt, Juſtin, Eutropius, Florus, Ovid, Eraſmus, Eſop, Cordery, and Introduction to the making of Latin, with and without the Supplement; Ruddiman's and Bailey's Exerciſes; Schrivelius's Lexicon; Wettenhall's and Weſtminſter Greek Grammars; Greek and Latin Teſtaments; Greek Ditto; Latin Ditto; Epicteti Enchyridion; Sophoclis Tragœdiæ; Xenophon; Græcæ Poetæ Minores; Clarke's Homer; Titus Livius; Cicero's Orations; Selectæ é Profanis Scriptoribus Hiſtoriæ; Selectæ é Veteri Teſtamento Hiſtoriæ; Virgil, Eutropius, Juvenal, Horace, Terence, and Quintus Curtius ſmall; Euripides; Murphy's Lucian; Hoole's Terminations; Sententiæ Pueriles; Dugard's Rudiments; London Vocabulary; Accidence and Roberts's and Stirling's Cato, &c.

Likewiſe imported in the ſame Veſſel, Imperial, Royal, Medium, Demi, Double Poſt, Thick and Thin Ditto, Pro Patria, Poſt, Gilt, Emboſſed, and Marble Paper; Parchment; Red and Black Sealing-Wax; Wafers; Scales and Dividers; Black Lead Pencils; Quills; Penknives; Braſs and Leather Ink-pots; Ivory Memorandum Books; Fountain Pens; Holman's and Britiſh Inkpowder; Leaden Ink-ſtands; and Glaſs Inkpots, with Hinges and without, &c.

Where may be had, Young Man's Companions, Bibles, Teſtaments, Spelling-books, Pſalters, Primmers, Royal Battledores and Hornbooks, by the Quantity, or ſingle. Alſo Blank Books of all Sorts; Bills of Lading, Blank Bonds with and without Judgments, Penal Bills, Promiſſary Notes, Apprentices and Servants Indentures, Bills of Sale, Arbitration Bonds, Powers of Attorney, &c. &c.

To be SOLD, by

Captain SIBBALD,

At his houſe, next door to Mr. Stretch's, watchmaker, in Second Street,

CHOICE MADEIRA WINE, in Quarter Caſks.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, on the 21ſt day of February inſtant, a brick houſe, 3 ſtories high, with kitchen and chambers adjoining, and lot of ground, ſituated at the lower end of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite to Samuel Rhodes's, bounded eaſterly by George Fitzwalter's ground, ſoutherly by ground of George Davis, weſterly by Second-ſtreet, and northerly by a houſe and ground of William Pyewell, containing in breadth 17 feet, the whole length of the houſe, with liberty of an alley excluſive, and 18 feet wide from the houſe to the eaſtern bounds of the lot, and in length from ſaid Second-ſtreet 80 feet; to be ſtruck off at John Biddle's in the evening. Alſo on the 7th day of March, at the ſame place, will be ſold all the ſaid Jonathan Lewis's right and intereſt in two lots, or pieces of ground, ſituated on the weſt ſide of a 16 foot alley leading from Cheſtnut-ſtreet to Joſeph Howell's tan yard, bounded ſouthward by ground late of John Breintnall, deceaſed, weſtward by ground of George Emlen, northward with other ground late of ſaid Breintnall and eaſtward with the aforeſaid alley, containing in front on the ſaid alley 80 feet, be the ſame more or leſs, and extending weſtward the ſame breadth, to the aforeſaid Emlen's ground; taken in execution at the ſuit of Peter Keene, by

SAMUEL MORRIS, ſheriff.

To be ſold at Dr. Benjamin Godfrey's *General Cordial Ware-houſe the corner of* Artillery-lane, *in* Biſhopgate-ſtreet, London, *and no where elſe in* England; *and is, by appointment, to be ſold by*

CHRISTOPHER MARSHALL,

At the ſign of the Golden Ball, *facing the end of* Strawberry alley, *in* Cheſtnut-ſtreet, *PHILADELPHIA,*

A CHEMICAL preparation, which, by long ſtudy and experience, he has found to be a certain cure for all ulcers in the bladder, and bringing away the gravel, and preventing it from gathering to the ſtone, it giving relief in the moſt violent pains, and cauſes a great diſcharge of urine, as ſeveral perſons can teſtify who have proved the efficacy thereof; particularly one perſon, who, by taking this preparation, in eight weeks time ſav'd from the urine of his body eight ounces of gravel.

At ſaid place is ſold the genuine Godfrey's cordial, which is a medicine that plainly anſwers to its name, having a general tendency to curing many diſeaſes, it gives eaſe in all diſorders of the breaſt, it admirably allays the tickling that provokes frequent coughings, cures colds, hoarſneſs, phthyſicks, wheezing, rattling in the throat, or difficulty of breathing, cholick and griping of the guts, all ſorts of fluxes and looſeneſſes, hiccough, cattarhs, and after pains in women, as will appear in the bill of directions given with each bottle, ſo great is the uſe of this cordial (through a bleſſing) that thoſe who have made experience of this cordial, will have recourſe to it in the greateſt ſtraits.---Be careful that the bottles are marked on the top with, *Dr.* Benjamin Godfrey's *Cordial*, there being counterfeit ſorts ſold with the title of Godfrey's cordial on the top of the bottles, the uſe of which may prove of dangerous conſequence.

The ſaid Marſhall has to ſell, a very large aſſortment of drugs and medicines, Galenical and chymical, with great variety of oils and colours for all ſorts of painting, varniſhing, japaning, lackering, gilding, &c. with glaſs of moſt ſorts and ſizes, wholeſale and retail, at the loweſt rates.

To be ſold by way of publick vendue, on the 25th day of March next, at four a clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-houſe,

A *New two ſtory brick houſe, and lot of ground, ſituated, lying and being on the north weſt ſide of Jones's alley; the houſe is 18 feet in breadth, and 24 feet in depth; the lot extends back north 30 feet, bounded on the eaſt with ground of John Fordham, now in poſſeſſion of George Harding's eſtate, ſouth with ſaid alley, on the weſt with other ground of ſaid Fordham, north with ground formerly of James Poultis; ſubject to a ground-rent of Four Pounds, Four Shillings, yearly. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may be informed of the terms, by applying to Iſaac Lincon.*

N. B. The purchaſer will be intitled to the uſe of a 3 foot alley, to a draw-well, and neceſſary houſe.

*** *Alſo any perſon who hath a deſire to purchaſe two houſes of Society-hill, by applying to ſaid Iſaac Linton may know the terms.*

BRoke out of the lot of Valentine Bouyers in the city of Philadelphia, on the ſecond inſtant, a black horſe, about 15 hands and a half high, 7 years old laſt fall, ſhod before, but wore ſmooth, ſaid horſe has neither brand nor ear mark, nor any white, his mane newly trimmed, and cut cloſe under the bridle, and at the withers, with a ſmall matter ſtanding, and the hair cut cloſe under his jawe, he trots and paces well, and when he goes out of a travel, he is ſubject to turn his head to the near ſide. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to ſaid Bouyers, or to John Hannums, in Concord, Cheſter county, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

DAVID HAYES.

*** To be LETT, the Houſe in *Third-ſtreet*, two Doors above *Church-alley*, where the POST-OFFICE was lately kept. Enquire of JOHN MIFFLIN, Eſq; or Mr. AMOS STRETTELL.

Best possible image.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negroe wench, about 19 years of age, fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

To be SOLD,

A Dutch ſervant girl, about 14 years of age, has four years and eight months to ſerve, has been in this country upwards of two years, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire of JOHN MIFFLIN, jun. near the Draw-bridge, Philadelphia.

THE MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY
ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting on Friday, the Twenty-eighth inſt. February, preciſely at Six a Clock in the Evening, at the Maſons Lodge, in Lodge-alley, in Second-ſtreet.
THOMAS M'JANET, Secretary.

To be SOLD,

About 700 acres of land, in the Great Valley, in Cheſter county, part of the Welch Tract, 15 miles from Philadelphia, with ſeveral exceeding good ſprings thereon, and the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter extending thro' the ſame land, being ſituated near a church and meeting houſes. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the whole, may, by paying down Two Hundred Pounds, have what time he pleaſes to pay the reſidue, giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt yearly for the ſame. The title is indiſputable. For terms apply to *Thomas Robinſon*, at Naaman's creek, or to John Reily, Conveyancer, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet.
§ THOMAS ROBINSON.

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, Feb. 9, 1755.

NOTICE is hereby given to ſeize and apprehend the following felons and robbers; Edward Price, ſervant of William Ringold, near Cheſter Town, a likely, well-ſet, ſmooth faced young fellow, with grey eyes, a black-ſmith by trade, dreſſed in a new ſnuff colour'd coat, of a good broad-cloth, lined with yellow tammy, red pluſh breeches, a grey cut wig, and well dreſſed every other way, an Engliſhman. Thomas --------, ſervant of John Gleaves, a luſty, well-ſet, ſmooth faced fellow, with grey eyes, and thick lips, well dreſſed, a miller by trade, a Weſt of England man, who, together with another already taken, broke into the Store of Captain Nathaniel Maſh, of Cheſter-Town, took all his wearing apparel of all kinds, and ſundry ſmall articles of goods, as handkerchiefs, ribbons, ſtockings, and many other things; the coat, breeches, wig, and other clothes on Edward Price, belong to ſaid Nathaniel Maſh; as they had variety of clothes, their dreſſes cannot be ſo well deſcribed. They attempted ſeveral other robberies the ſame night, and reſiſted an attempt to take them, and went off; and for Encouragement to ſeize and apprehend the ſaid robbers, the ſaid maſters will give TWO PISTOLES reward for each of the ſaid ſervants, if taken and ſecured in any goal, ſo that they be got back and brought to juſtice; and the ſaid Nathaniel Maſh, being the greateſt ſufferer, offers Two Piſtoles extraordinary. *B. Hands*, *John Williamſon*, juſtices of the peace for Kent county, in the province of Maryland.
N. B. A Letter may be directed for Mr. WILLIAM RINGOLD, to be left at the *Poſt-Office, Philadelphia*. §

To be SOLD,

THE mills and plantation of Nathaniel Ware, Eſq; ſix miles above Trenton, on the river Delaware, Weſt-Jerſey. The plantation contains about 400 acres, 200 of which are cleared; the land is of eaſy culture, and the ſoil extremely natural to all ſorts of grain, wheat being neither liable to be devour'd by Inſects, nor heav'd out by the froſts. There are two good dwelling-houſes, a large barn, cart-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, and cooper's ſhop, a neat garden, with cedar pales, a young bearing orchard, and the whole under good fence. The mill-houſe is of ſtone, 60 feet in length, and 24 in breadth, is an over-ſhot, has two pair of ſtones, the boulting-mill, &c. all go by water; it is well accuſtomed, and known to make as good work as the beſt mills in the Jerſeys; it may always command wheat enough, and is conveniently ſituated for New-York and Philadelphia markets, being leſs than 30 miles of good waggon-road from Brunſwick; and boats, carrying 50 or 60 caſks, may load at the mill-door for Philadelphia. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, either the whole or part, may apply to William Clayton, or William Pidgeon, in Trenton, and be by them informed of the title and conditions of ſale. T. b. c. t. f.

Bethlehem, February 4, 1755.

WHEREAS a new-born male child, on the 31ſt day of January laſt, early in the morning, was laid ſecretly at the door of the houſe of Mr. James Burnſide, of Little Cot, in the county of Northampton; this ſerves to acquaint all perſons, that whoever will diſcover and make known unto any of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace for ſaid county the mother of ſaid child, ſo that ſhe may be proſecuted according to law, ſhall receive from the overſeers of the poor of Allen townſhip, in ſaid county, the ſum of TEN POUNDS reward.
GEORGE GRAY, Overſeer of the poor.

Lancaſter, January 31, 1755.

THIS day was committed to the goal of this county James Hamilton, an Iriſh lad, about 18 or 19 years of age, 4 feet 11 inches high, and ſays he belongs to Moſes Rankin, who is Captain of the ſhip William, from Londonderry, and that he left the ſhip at New-Caſtle. This is to deſire Mr. Rankin, or ſome other in his behalf, to come and pay his fees, otherwiſe he will be ſold for the ſame in fix weeks after the date of this advertiſement, by JOHN CLARK, Goaler. T. b. c. 4 W.

To be SOLD,

A NEW built ſtone meſſuage, ſituated near the Four-Lane Ends, in Bucks county, with an orchard, garden, and well of exceeding fine water. There are three good rooms on the lower floor, beſides a kitchen adjoining to the ſaid houſe, and alſo a good ſtable. Enquire of Mr. GEORGE DUNN, tavern-keeper at the ſaid Four-Lane Ends. T. b. c. 3 M.

RUn away on the ſecond of this inſt. February, from Peter Young, of Rockanixom Townſhip, in Bucks county, a Dutch ſervant lad, named William Conrad, about 18 years of age, of middle ſtature, well-ſet, of a brown complexion, ſhort black hair, and ſpeaks but very little Engliſh: Had on when he went away, a half worn wool hat, a jacket of coarſe tow cloth, two of the buttons of which are larger than the others, and not of a ſort, leather breeches, white ſtockings, ſhoes tied with ſtrings, and a tow ſhirt. He has a mole under one of his eyes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and delivers him to his maſter, or George Overbig, in ſaid townſhip, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ‡ PETER YOUNG.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Jonas Kealer, late of Moyamenſing townſhip, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment: And thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order to have them adjuſted.
Likewiſe thoſe indebted to Eve Kealer, deceaſed, widow of ſaid Jonas Kealer, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid Eve Kealer, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order to have them adjuſted by
Henry Keppele, and *Adam Weaver*, adminiſtrators.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation and tract of land, ſituated on Cheſtnut-hill, in Germantown townſhip, Philadelphia county, about ten miles from the city, containing 24 acres and a half, with a commodious ſtone houſe, and good frame barn thereon, the boards all of cedar, together with a good well, five acres, part of the ſaid land, is well timber'd, and upwards of five acres of good meadow cleared, being ſowed with red clover, Timothy-graſs, &c. an orchard of 200 choice young apple-trees, which began to bear laſt ſummer, together with 32 Engliſh cherry-trees, and 60 peach-trees, a nurſery of ſeveral hundred apple-trees, being a collection of very good fruit; the ſoil is good, and well water'd; the houſe ſtands cloſe to the great road leading from the back parts of the country to philadelphia (exactly at the meeting of two of the moſt frequented roads in the province, viz. Whitemarſh and De Wees's, which renders it very convenient for a gentleman's country ſeat, and is judged to exceed any other place of its diſtance from Philadelphia, for a ſtore or tavern. For terms of ſale apply to EDWARD SCULL, living on the premiſes, or to NICHOLAS SCULL, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 6 W. ¶

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Daniel Paſtorius, late of Germantown, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the executors, in order to enable them to diſcharge the juſt debts of the ſaid deceaſed: And all thoſe who have any demands againſt, and unſettled accounts with ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make them appear, and ſettle the ſame, in order to which the executors purpoſe to give their attendance at the late dwelling houſe of ſaid Paſtorius, on the 6th day of every week in this preſent inſtant February, and the next month March, in order for ſettling the unſettled accounts, of which all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice, and give their attendance. *Sarah Paſtorius*, and *George Shoemaker*, executors.
N. B. To be ſold by ſaid executors, A tract of good land, in the townſhip of Franconia, Philadelphia county, containing, by computation, 400 acres, which may be divided into ſeveral plantations, there being two ſettlements now thereon. For further particulars enquire of ſaid executors, or of Abraham Lucken, living near the premiſes. ¶

To be LETT, and enter'd upon the 25th day of March,
A Plantation in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing 200 acres, about three miles and a half from the city, oppoſite the Riſing Sun, the building and fences in good repair, and about eight acres of rye in the ground, with a good bearing orchard. For terms, apply to Edward Jones, of the Vineyard.
N. B. There is now at the Vineyard plantation, a light bay mare, about 13 hands high, mealy mouth'd, and one white foot behind, no brand. Alſo a ſmall grey ſtallion, with a ſlit in the near ear; apply to EDWARD JONES, ranger. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold very cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by
RHEA and WIKOFF,

Who have removed their ſtore to where Mrs. Roberts kept a coffee-houſe, the fifth door from Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

BLack, blue, ſcarlet and drab colour'd broadcloths, fine ſcarlet ſerges, foreſt-cloths, black, blue, green and cloth colour'd ratinets, ditto ſhaloons, black, blue and cloth colour'd calimancoes, white, blue, pink and cloth colour'd tammies, pink, blue and cloth colour'd durants, croſs-bar worſted ſtuffs, fine yd. wd. ſilk hungarians, broad & narrow camblets, fine boil'd ditto, ſilk ditto, black, blue and ſcarlet everlaſtings, plain and ſtriped camblettees, ruſſels, damaſk, florettas, ſtarrets, fine harrateens, blue and crimſon chints for beds, black tiffany, Italian crapes, fine purple cottons, three colour'd ditto, printed calicoes, two blue large flowers for beds, purple ground calicoes, dark ground chints, nutmegs, cinnamon, mace, cloves, pepper, Weſton's ſnuff. Hoſe's damaſk ſhoes, ſilk and hair death head buttons, black horn waiſtcoat ditto, ſilk and hair twiſt, fine baladine and ſcarf ditto, women's ſcarlet and cloth colour'd cloaks, black and cloth colour'd hair ſhag, mens black and colour'd ſhammy gloves, ditto furr'd, womens white, colour'd and black glaiz'd gloves and mittens, ditto dy'd ſhammy, ditto white Bath & kid gloves, ſilk caps, white, black and cloth colour'd ſattins, black luteſtring, ditto alamode, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linens, 7-8ths and yd. wd. tandems, 7-8ths garlix, Hamburgh long lawns, holland ditto, fine gulix holland, piſtol lawns, cambricks in pieces & patches, plain lawns in ditto, ſpotted and flower'd lawns, muſlins, napkening and clouting diaper, Ruſſia ditto, Iriſh & Ruſſia ſheeting, diaper and damaſk table-cloths, luteſtring and roſeat handkerchiefs, lungee, ſecterſoy and culgee ditto, womens thread and cotton ſtockings, ozenbrigs, dowlas and princes linens, kerſeys, rugs and blankets, ſilk poplins, light and cloth colour'd baladine ſewing ſilk, ſuperfine embroidering ditto in ſhades, cloth, crimſon, pink, blue, yellow and black taffeties, broad and narrow perſians, 3-qr. and 7-8ths checks and ſtripes, yd. wd. yd. and 3-8ths, and 6 qr. linen and cotton checks, bed bunts, bolſter tickings, Scotch handkerchiefs, gartering, quality and firrets, ſtay cord, galoon and braid, paduaſoy and figur'd ribbons, narrow border'd ditto, flat and round ſilk laces, cotton ditto, pins, writing-paper, Scotch and colour'd threads, plain fuſtians, white and dy'd jeans, cotton counterpanes, brown and white buckrams, cap lace and edging, fine ſilver plated ſhoe and knee-buckles, moulded ſteel ditto, ſquare ſteel and metal ditto, ſnuff-boxes, bone and buck horn knives and forks, cuttoes, ſealed and common penknives, ennamel'd handle ditto, braſs ſloat ditto, braſs and bone inkpots, thimbles, ſtay-hooks, braſs ſleeve-buttons, ſilver-ſet ſtone do. ivory and horn combs, metal buttons, ſmall ſciſſars, taylors ſhears, braſs cocks, locks, hinges, drawing-knives, handſaws, hammers, gimblets, raſps, files, chiſſels, adzes, broad axes, coopers vizes, frying pans, horſe-whips, double flint glaſs ware, FF gunpowder, pewter, crown glaſs, felt hats, drab colour'd Manchester velvet ſhapes, worſted caps, red and green worſted pluſhes, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, womens worſted ſhoes, Engliſh ſteel in half faggots, ſtraining and diaper web, ſmoothing irons, proſpect and ſplinter-locks, trading, fence pan and half bridle gun-locks, 6 inch braſs knob'd locks, 6 and 7 inch caſe braſs ditto, ſtock ditto, common, ſecret and Bridgewater padlocks, cloſet and cheſt ditto, ſhoemakers awl blades and pinchers, plaiſtering trowels, folding gauging-rods, Gunter's ſcales, two feet rules, Rhode-Iſland, ſhort cannon, Dutch and double chain bitts, mens and womens iron and braſs ſtirrups, perch-hooks; a variety of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, tuft nails, box-irons, wire ſnaffles, colt and rippon ditto, common and fine poliſh'd ſpring ſnuffers, ſquare ſtaples, braſs and white garniſhing nails, race ſetts, ſetts of hearted deſk-locks, knitting-pins, an aſſortment of fine ſnuff-boxes, pearl ear-rings, chafing-diſhes, battins, 6 to 14 ounce tacks, clout and trunk nails, long handle frying-pans, 4, 10, 20, and 24d. nails, fine Dutch painted tea-tables, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Liverpool, and to be ſold by
GEORGE OKILL,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, very cheap for ready money, or three months credit,

BRoadcloths, kerſies, plains, frize, ſcarlet, red and white flannel, ſhaloons, tammies, calimancoes, red, brown and drab colour'd halfthicks, rugs and blankets, green naps, emboſſed ſerge, mens ribb'd worſted ſtockings, womens plain ditto, mens ribb'd and plain yarn ſtockings, Scotch thread, drab colour'd duffils, mohair, buttons and twiſt, writing paper, metal buttons, 6 qr. yd. and 3-8ths, yd. wd. 7 8ths, and 3 qr. wide cotton and linen checks, pipes, delf, flint, yellow, and flat ware, 3, 4, 8, 10, 12, and 20 penny nails, fine ſalt, &c. Alſo Muſcovado ſugar, melaſſes, and coffee, Tbc, 3 Ms.

JUST publiſhed, and ſold at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, MOORE's ALMANACK, for the Year 1755; where likewiſe may be had, POOR RICHARD's, The POCKET, and JOHN JERMAN's ALMANACKS, for the Year 1755.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY Negroe woman and child. Enquire at the New Printing Office.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtates of Charles Willing, or Thomas Lloyd, deceaſed, or to the parnerſhip of Charles Willing and Son, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, and thoſe who have any demand againſt ſaid eſtates, or partnerſhip, to bring in their accounts to Thomas Willing, executor, and ſurviving partner; who has on hand a large aſſortment of Eaſt India and European commodities, choice old Madeira wine, Weſt India and Philadelphia rum, coffee, Muſcovado and clay'd ſugar, in barrels and hogſheads, London and Briſtol ſingle refin'd ditto, Engliſh cordage, canvas, anchors, &c. to be ſold at the moſt reaſonable prices.
Alſo to lett, a commodious brick houſe, in Front-ſtreet, where Mr. Thomas Lawrence lately lived, near Walnut-ſtreet corner, having a convenient kitchen, and other out-houſes, with cellars under all, for further particulars, enquire of ſaid Thomas Willing; who has likewiſe to lett, for a term of 3 or 5 years, a farm or tract of land, lying on Frankford creek, within ſix miles of Philadelphia, containing 175 acres, 15 of which is choice drained meadow, with a good new bank, a commodious large brick houſe, and a large ſtone barn; may be enter'd on the 25th of March next.
N. B. There is a young orchard of 350 choice apple trees on ſaid farm;---and a Dutch ſervant man's time to be ſold, who has five years to ſerve, and is now on the farm.

Lately imported from London, and to be ſold by
JONATHAN and JOHN MIFFLIN.

At their ſtore, next the Draw-bridge, and oppoſite Hamilton's wharff,

BEſt Engliſh duck, No. 1 to 10, Ruſſia ditto, ozenbrigs, ſheeting linen, a neat aſſortment of 3 qr. and 7-8ths garlix, Iriſh linen, dowlas, princes linen, calicoes, printed linen, 7-8ths, yard wide, and 6 qr. cotton and linen check, cambrick handkerchiefs, worſted damaſk, calimancoes, croſs-bar'd ſtuff, ſhaloons, tammies, men and womens hoſe, Flanders bed-ticks, bed-bunts, beſt Weſton's ſnuff, Scots ditto in bladders, Hoſe's beſt ſhoes in trunks, beſt China taffeties, pins, needles, pewter, corks, rugs and blankets, cloves, mace, cinnamon, and nutmegs, green and bohea tea, pepper, coffee, chocolate, and ginger, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. nails, beſt London ſteel, bar iron, iron pots and ſkillets. Likewiſe wine, rum, ſugar, melaſſes, pork, beef and mackrel, fine and coarſe ſalt, London double and ſingle refin'd loaf ſugar, flour, Indian-corn, grind-ſtones, and chalk in hogſheads. Tbctf.
N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid Mifflins above ſix months, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, or they may expect immediate trouble, without further notice.

Juſt imported in the Carolina, Capt. Meſnard, and Lydia, Capt. Reeve, and other ſhips from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold for Caſh or ſhort credit, by
WILLIAM GRANT,

Who is removed to the houſe Mr. Joſeph Saunders lately lived in, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet corner, in Water-ſtreet,

SUper ſuper drabs, ſuper broadcloths in pieces and ſuits, with linings and trimmings, middling and coarſer cloths, foreſt cloths, nap'd coating, and cloth colour'd frizes, beaver coating, Lancaſhire red and green bays, red and white ſwanſkin and flannel, ſtriped linſeys, plain and ſtriped duffils, fine and coarſe Rugs and blankets, kerſies, and kerſey drabs, half-thicks, corded and plain druggets, baragons, blue, green, copper, and cloth colour'd fine and middling camblets, camblettees, tabarets, ſaggathies, duroys, everlaſtings, boulons, fine and coarſe crapes, plain and ſtriped calimancoes, tammies, durants, florettas, lorrains, corded and plain poplins, crimſon and blue curtain Chintz, Iriſh ſtuffs, grazets, ſilverets, double and ſingle alopeens, red, blue, and green plain and worſted pluſh, bavarians, bombazeens, flowered ruſſels, double and ſingle worſted damaſks, ſhalloons, womens cloth colour'd and ſcarlet ſhort cloaks, Turkey burdets, ſilk and worſted plaids, cotton romals, wadding, brown and white buckram, tiffany, black, colour'd, India, Engliſh and perſian taffeties, black and cloth colour'd ſattins, black paduaſoy, ſilk grograms, tabbies, white ſarſnet, perſians, ſpotted and bordered bandanoes, tepees, and luteſtring handkerchiefs, Flanders ticks and bed bunts, kidderminſter floor carpets and chair ſeats, ſtitching and ſewing ſilk, buttons, mohair and twiſt, Scotch, Iriſh, and Dutch ozenbrigs, ell and yd. wd. ſheeting linen, pomeranias, damaſk and diaper table cloths and napkins, Ruſſia diaper, flaxen and hempen Ruſſia linen, chints, calicoes, printed linens, figured cotton curtain patterns, white and colour'd fuſtians, flowered demity, tandems, and tandem ſileſias, ſtriped bengals, flowered, clear and piſtol lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, worſted, cotton, and thread hoſe, waiſtcoat patterns, and breeches pieces, ſilk and cotton gloves and muffatees, ſilk and velvet clogs, goloſhes, Livonia, and Engliſh horſe-hair hats, made capuchins, coarſe and fine table mats, John Hoſe's womens ſhoes, womens glaz'd lamb and kid mittens, new faſhioned rich ivory fans, middling, and common ditto, fine Mecklin and Bruſſels lace, a variety of faſhionable ribbons, ſilk caps and laces, cotton laces, cotton gowns, veſt and ſhirt buttons, qualities, and gartering, threads, beads, necklaces, umbrellos, womens hoops corking and common pins, ſail cloth, copperas flour brimſtone, allom, powder, nails, iron weights, bell-metal and iron ſaucepans, window glaſs of different ſizes, hollow glaſs in large and ſmall boxes, mahogony, walnut, gilt and plain fram'd looking-glaſſes, copper hand and gold ſcales, mahogany tea cheſts, men and womens horſe whips and ſwitches, horn and ivory combs, bed lace, black lace, black pepper, mace, cloves, cinamon, nutmegs, a large aſſortment of pictures, in and out of frames, maps of the world, paper hangings, writing paper, ſealing-wax, wafers, blank books, copper tea-kettles and coffee-pots, beſt double tin-ware, boxes of childrens toys, worſted cruels, worſted and cotton cards, mens leather gloves, fowling pieces, childrens morocco pumps, bright and black warming-pans, metal and black horn buttons, ſpectacles, gun flints, neſts of trunks, ſhoveis and ſpades, Harvey's Meditations and Sermons, Pearſall's meditations, long and ſhort pipes, an aſſortment of ironmongery, ſadlery, cutlary, Apothecaries Drugs, &c. &c.
Said Grant has a choice parcel of Fyall wines at his ſtores, and ſome indico, which he will ſell cheap for ready money, and requeſts that thoſe who are indebted to him above ſix months may pay immediately. Tbc.

Juſt publiſhed (Price Two Shillings) and to be ſold at Mr. David Chambers's, in Arch-ſtreet, Mr. John Blakeley's, in Market-ſtreet, Mr. William Henry's, in Water-ſtreet, and at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet,

THE *Youth's entertaining* AMUSEMENT, *or a plain Guide to* PSALMODY; *being a Collection of the moſt uſual and neceſſary Tunes ſung in the Engliſh Proteſtant Congregations in Philadelphia, &c. in two Parts, viz.* TREBLE *and* BASS; *with all proper and neceſſary Rules, adapted to the meaneſt Capacities. By* W. DAWSON, *Writing Maſter and Accomptant, at the Hand and Pen, in Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia.*
N. B. As ſeveral worthy Gentlemen of this City have, by Subſcription, encourag'd the Publication of this Collection of Tunes, 'tis hop'd it will meet with a general Encouragement, being calculated for the Advantage and pious Recreation of Youth and others.

Best possible image.

SCHEME
Of a LOTTERY, for raising 3000 Pieces of Eight, for the Use of the ACADEMY at Philadelphia.

THE Purchase of Ground and Buildings for the Academy, the Alterations and Improvements that were necessary to accommodate the Scholars, and the furnishing of the several Schools, having, all together, prov'd an Expence far beyond their first Expectation, the Trustees, desirous as soon as possible to compleat their Plan, for the Good of the Publick and of Posterity, find themselves under a Necessity of obtaining some Assistance by way of Lottery: And as several Lotteries have, since the Founding of this Academy by Subscription, been carried on and encouraged here, for the Benefit of Schools and Colleges in the neighbouring Provinces, 'tis hoped it will not be thought less reasonable that we should at length have one for the Benefit of our own. Those who in this way have lately contributed liberally to Matters of mere *external Ornament* to the City, will doubtless more chearfully encourage the Academy; an Undertaking which aims at *adorning* the Minds of our Youth with every Excellence, and rendering them really useful and serviceable Members of Society.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
3	of	1000 each,	are	3000
6	of	500	are	3000
12	of	250	are	3000
24	of	125	are	3000
48	of	62 & a half,	are	3000
1000	of	5	are	5000
1093 Prizes,				
3907 Blanks,				
5000 Tickets, at Four Dollars each, are				20,000

The Money to be paid to the Possessors of Prizes as soon as the Drawing is finished, *Twenty per Cent.* being first deducted from the 93 larger Prizes; but the 1000 small Prizes to be paid without any Deduction, which reduces the Deduction on the whole to *Fifteen per Cent.*

The Drawing to begin punctually on Monday, the third Day of March next, or sooner if sooner full. The Prizes to be published in this Gazette.

The following Persons are appointed Managers of this Lottery, viz. Messieurs William Allen, John Inglis, William Masters, Samuel M'Call, junior, Joseph Turner, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Leech, William Shippen, Philip Syng, Phineas Bond, Richard Peters, Abraham Taylor, William Plumsted, and Thomas Cadwallader, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Performance of their Trust.

Prize-Money not demanded within six Months after the Drawing is finished, to be deemed as generously given to the Academy, and applied accordingly.

Tickets are now selling by the Managers at their respective dwellings, and by *William Franklin* and *David Hall*.

Biles Island, May 14, 1754.

IT. V. of Biles Island, near Bordentown, being sensible of the great necessity there was for erecting a house for the publick Worship of GOD in the said town, and the promotion of Religion and Virtue; and whereas several of the well-minded inhabitants being zealous for the effecting so laudible a design, did undertake the same, by which means they are become considerably in debt; now, for their relief, and finishing the said building, I make this lottery, the scheme of which is as follows, viz.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eigit.		Total Value.
1	of	250	is	250
3	of	150	are	450
8	of	50	are	400
12	of	20	are	240
150	of	10	are	1500
850	of	6	are	5100
			First Drawn,	30
1024 Prizes,			Last Drawn,	30
2976 Blanks,				
4000 Tickets, at two Pieces of Eight, is				8000

Fifteen per cent. to be deducted from the prizes. The drawing to commence the 2d Tuesday in April, or sooner, if full; publick notice will be given at least 14 days before the drawing, and of the precise time of putting the tickets into the boxes. The prizes will be published in this paper, and the money paid to the possessors of the benefit tickets, as soon as the drawing is over. Tickets are to be sold by William Potts, Thomas Cox, John Imlay, and Joseph Borden, jun. who I appoint managers, and they shall be on oath for the true performance of the same.

N. B. Tickets in the above Lottery, to be sold by *Henry Woodrow*, and *William Cunningham*, in *Philadelphia*.

To be sold by

THOMAS WHARTON,

At his store, on Carpenter's wharff, where Joseph Saunders formerly kept, being down that alley, opposite to Abraham Taylor's, in Water-street,

SUNDRY sorts of dye stuffs, viz. Madder, ground red wood, fustick, galls, log-wood, brazilletto, best indigo, allom and copperas, also brimstone, gun-powder, steel, A C. No. 3. pipes in cags: Ozenbrigs, shaloon, muslins, calicoes, mens and womens horse-whips, gold pattern and glass sleeve buttons, brass ink-pots, ivory and horn combs, ink-powder, shoe and knee buckles, table knives and forks, buck, capp'd and Stafford pen-knives, scissars, razors, marking irons, awl-blades, shoe tacks and shoe-knives, taylors shears, pistol capp'd knives, hard metal table and tea spoons, steel coffee-mills, gimblets, pot, propatria and post paper, wool-cards, ground and race ginger, all-spice, pepper, coffee nutmegs, cloves and mace, Weston's snuff, hyson, green and bohea tea, loaf and muscovado sugar, West-India and Philadelphia rum, melasses, and sundry other goods. Tbctf.

N. B. The Insurance office, for shipping, is there kept.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A Plantation, situated in Oxford township, near the church, within 8 miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees, most of them beginning to bear, as many bearing heart cherries, and some peach trees, a large stone house, two stories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to suit either one or two families, a large milk-house, and a well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns and two stables, besides other out-houses. If it should be more convenient for the purchaser, the quantity of land may be lessened, 60 or 70 acres to be divided off, where there is already a new settlement making. He may also enter upon the premises the 25th of March next, and be allowed time for payment, paying interest and giving security if required. For further particulars, enquire in Third-street, between Arch and Market-streets, for

Tbc. SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE.

To be SOLD,

A Likely young Negroe man, about 20 years of age, country born, has had the measles, and small-pox, fit for town or country business. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

To be SOLD, by

WALLACE and Company,

At the house of Joseph Turner, Esq; in Front-street,

LOAF sugar; single refin'd, at TWELVE PENCE per pound; double refin'd, at EIGHTEEN PENCE per pound. Tbctf.

To be sold by

THOMAS ELLIS,

Glazier, in Front-street, opposite Black-horse-alley,

SHeet lead, mill'd or cast bar ditto, Bristol glass, of sundry sizes, by the box or retail, London crown ditto, of any size, fit for clocks, samplars, pictures, white lead, red ditto, vermilion, Persian blues of sundry sorts, leaf gold, looking glasses, linseed oil, street lamps, &c. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

FIVE lots of ground, situated on the east side of Second-street, in the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth on the said street 20 feet, and in length 89 feet, bounded westward by Second-street, southward by a 12 foot alley, dividing this from Joshua Emlen's messuage and ground, eastward by a three foot alley, and northward by other ground; another of the said lots being in breadth on the said street 18 feet, and in length 92 feet, bounded westward by the said street, and northward by a 4 foot alley, dividing this from Robert Rawlinson's messuage and ground, with the free liberty and privilege of the said 4 foot alley, and of building over the same alley, and of the party wall of the said Robert Rawlinson's messuage; the other three lots are situated on the north-side of the said 12 foot alley, containing in breadth each 16 feet 10 inches, and extending in length to the said 4 foot alley 66 feet, with the privilege of the said 4 foot and 10 foot alleys, and of another 10 foot alley, running along the east-side of the eastermost of the said 3 lots. Any person inclining to purchase all or any of the said lots, may apply to Septimus Robinson, Esq; in Mulberry-street, Philadelphia, or to James Worrell, in Vine-street. The title is indisputable.

THere was left at the sign of the Blue Ball, near Marcus-Hook, by one James Magee, A brown mare, branded P on the near shoulder. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay the charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be sold at vendue. JAMES POILLOIN.

A Servant man's time to be disposed of, enquire of DOROTHY READ, in Front-street.

Mortgages, Wills, Bonds, and other Deeds and Instruments of Writing, drawn by

PAUL ISAAC VOTO,

At his Office, the Corner of Black-horse Alley, in Second-street, Philadelphia. Tbctf.

NOTICE is hereby given, That

JAMES COSGRAVE,

Who lately taught for Mr. DOVE, has open'd a school in Second-street, near the Church, in the house of Joseph Clark, Baker,

WHERE young gentlemen and ladies may be taught reading, writing, vulgar and decimal arithmetick, and merchants accounts, with great care and exactness, at most reasonble rates. He also professes to teach the Latin tongue, by the newest and most effectual methods, as he has not only been an assistant to many worthy professors thereof, but also practised and taught the same for some years, to the Approbation of his employers, and others skilled therein. He understands French, and several branches of mathematicks, such as geometry, trigonometry, and their application in surveying, navigation, &c. which apprentices, and others, may be taught at the usual hours of evening schools, at said place, together with reading, writing, &c. as above.

RUN away on the 28th of November last, from the subscriber, living near Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, two Negroes, a man and a woman; the man is a lusty yellow fellow, about 36 years old: Had on when he went away, A homespun blue coat and jacket, leather breeches, new shoes, a castor hat; has with him a fiddle, on which he can play. He is country born, speaks good English, and is called Cap. The woman is about 40 years old; had on when she went away, A striped linen gown and petticoat, and a short gown; she is called Rane. Whoever takes up said Negroes, if taken up out of the counties of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, and delivered to their master, living as above, shall have the sum of Four Pounds reward for each, and reasonable charges; and if taken within the abovesaid counties, the sum of Twenty-five Shillings for each, paid by me

RICHBELL MOTT.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale by publick vendue, about two a clock, on the 20th day of this month, at the house of the widow Pastorious, in Germantown, A stone messuage, and piece or lot of ground, situated in Germantown, on the eastern side of the Main street, bounded by the said street, and by the lands of Adam Hitner, and George Damhower, containing one acre; taken in execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, sheriff.

The Partnership which lately subsisted between

JAMES WALLACE and GEORGE BRYAN,

Of this city merchants, being now dissolved,

ALL persons indebted to them, are requested to pay: and those who have demands on them, to settle accounts, and receive satisfaction.

N. B. They have to sell a small parcel of Fyall wines, and a Dutch servant lad's indentures, who has 4 years and a half to serve.

Philadelphia, February 4, 1755.

Province of Pennsylvania, ss. NOtice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Saturday the first of March to Saturday the 8th; at Chester from the 10th to the 15th; at Pennsbury from the 17th to the 22d; at Lancaster from the 25th to the 29th inclusive; at which respective times and places all who are indebted as aforesaid are required to pay RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

DRUMS, Colours, and Cartooch-boxes, made, and Drums new headed and repaired by PLUNKET FLEESON, Upholsterer, at the Easy Chair, the Corner of Fourth-street, in Chestnut street, who continues to make all Kinds of Upholsterers Work, Chairs and Joyners work, in the best manner and newest fashion, at the most reasonable rates; sells choice live geese feathers cheap, sea beds, bed bottoms, India pictures, &c.

Baltimore County, Maryland, January 25. 1755.

BROKE out of the county goal last night, at Joppa, John Tucker, a ship carpenter, about 5 feet 10 inches high, he bends forward in walking, and is about 45 years of age. Whoever apprehends said Tucker, and brings him to my goal, shall have *Four Pistoles*, if taken in the county; and *Five Pistoles*, and reasonable charges, if taken out of the county or province. He is a sly artful person, and may deceive those who take him. It is supposed he has made to the northward, as he came from New-England about two years ago. WILLIAM YOUNG, Sheriff.

For *LONDON*,

The Brigantine *MERCURY*, CHARLES HARGRAVE, Commander; Will sail by the 28th of February, having one half her loading ready to go on board. For freight or passage apply to said commander on board, or to Abel James, in Water-street.

For CORK and SWANZEY,

The SHIP SWANZEY, EDWARD VAUGHAN Master, Will sail the first day of March next. For freight or passage apply to *William Griffitts*, or said commander on board, at *Griffitts*'s wharff. She is a new vessel, and hath good accommodations for passengers.

A PUBLICK VENDUE

Is kept at the house of JOSEPH WHITE, in Second-street, near the Death of the Fox, to begin at one a clock each day, to wit, the first and third Wednesdays in the month (and oftner as goods are brought) where will be exposed to sale sundry merchandize.

PEWTER, houshold furniture, &c. &c. &c. where such who please to favour me with the selling any kind of goods, either by large or small quantities, may depend on my fidelity and dispatch in the sale thereof, on low commissions, with security if required, or money advanced in part, if wanted. Goods are taken in at my house in Chestnut-street, but if in casks, or heavy goods, an order will be given where to store them, without charge to the owners till sold, by your friend to serve, RICHARD WAGSTAFFE, clerk to self and Company.

N. B. Any persons who please to have their goods sold at their own houses, will be attended on reasonable terms. Tbctf.

CHARLES DUTENS, jeweller, from London, and DAVID HARPER, gold and silver-smith, living next door to the Indian King, in Market-street, Philadelphia, have variety of work to dispose of, viz.

STone lockets, buttons and ear-rings, set in gold, stone shoe buckles for men and women, large and small solitairs, of the newest fashion, sundry rings of different prices, enamelled ear-rings, with mother-of-pearl of three drops, and single drops, filligreen work chains for sciffars, filigreen rings and buttons, English corals and bells, coral beads, steel-top thimbles, silver snuff-boxes, chas'd and plain, ivory eggs instead of smelling-boxes, Pinchbeck gilt buckles, necklaces, tortoiseshell buttons for coat and jacket, &c.

All persons that are pleased to favour them with their customs may depend on having their work done in the neatest and newest fashion, as done in London.

N. B. They have several diamonds, sparks, rubies, topaz, emeralds, moco, garnets, &c. fit for rings and ear-rings.

To be sold separately by publick auction or vendue, upon the Court-house-green, at Newtown, in Bucks county, on Thursday the thirteenth day of March next, at Two a clock in the afternoon, the three following pieces of land, lying in the township of Bensalem, in Bucks county, viz.

1st, THE plantation where Stephen Gordon now lives, bounded by lands of Stephen Williams, James Rue, Gilbert Hicks, and land late Samuel Hassell's, with a good dwelling-house and orchard thereon, containing 102 acres and an half.

2d, The plantation where Thomas Stone now lives, bounded by lands of William Duncan, Nicholas Vansandt, William Ridge, and Henry Pointer, containing 90 acres, having a good dwelling-house upon it, lately finished.

3d, A piece of land, lying between the lands of William Duncan, Edmund Duncan, Patrick Duncan, and Nicholas Vansandt, containing 72 acres and an half, about 30 whereof is cleared, and the rest well timber'd.

Each purchaser shall pay down one tenth part of the purchase-money upon executing the title, which shall be in one month after sale; and shall execute a bond, and mortgage of the same lands, for payment of the remainder by yearly payments, of one tenth part yearly, with the interest at 6 per Cent. or if any purchaser shall chuse to pay more, or to pay off any of the annual payments before they become due, at any time within three years after sale, they may do so, and have the interest thereof for the time then to come deducted, by LAWRENCE GROWDON.

Also to be sold by the said Lawrence Growdon, a tract of 550 acres of woodland, in Hilltown, adjoining Thomas Jones Taylor. Any person inclining to view the same, may apply to William Williams, near the premises.

Likewise several likely Negroes to be sold by said Lawrence Growdon, at his house at Trevose,

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Lately imported, in the last ships from London and Bristol, and to be sold by

WILLIAM FISHER,

In Water-street, where Samuel Hazard lately liv'd,

ENGLISH and Lubeck duck, ozenbrigs, brown rolls, 10 and 11 nail, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard wide and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, spotted lawn, long lawn, pistol lawn, tandem garlix, nuns holland, humhums, cossaes, tanjebs, English and India black and colour'd taffeties, princes linen, Irish and Russia sheeting, an assortment of Irish linen and cheese cloth, Irish dowlas, buckram, hempen Russia linen, cotton hollands, calicoes, printed linens, linen handkerchiefs, holland tapes, twist, white and colour'd threads, nonsopretties, superfine ermin, ginghams, bedticking, cherryderry, jeans, plain, figur'd and white fustians, quality binding, firret, cotton laces, ribb'd shirt buttons and wier'd ditto, waistcoat ditto, figur'd and scarlet gartering, baladine silk, mens and womens white and brown thread hose, womens clogs, gauze handkerchiefs, silk and cotton ditto, pink in grain ditto, mens and womens gloves and mittens, pins and needles, mens and boys felt hats, blue and cloth colour'd saggathies, tammies, durants, long and short duroys, blue and cloth colour'd camblet, calimancoes, an assortment of stockings, and patterns for breeches, 8 and 9 qr. ruggs, strip'd duffils, German serges, forest cloths, beaver coating, strip'd linsey, Irish poplin, yard wide stuffs, shaloons, scarff death head buttons, silk and hair twist, with a neat assortment of broadcloth in pieces and suits, white metal buttons, mens and womens horsewhips, nutmegs, mace, bohea and best hyson tea, copperas, ginger, F and FF gunpowder, shot, hogsheads of chalk, Spanish brown, crates of earthen ware, drinking glasses, vials and gallipots, sun raisins in casks and jars, crown window glass in boxes and sides, long and short pipes, Dorchester beer, Bristol steel, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, spikes, hob nails, trunk and batten ditto, a large assortment of cutlary, ironmongery and sadlery.

[*See the Half-sheet for the other Advertisements.*]

Best possible image.

February 25, 1755.

NUMB. 1366.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

PHILADELPHIA, February 25.

AS the Scheme, lately publiſhed here, for the Inſtruction of POOR GERMANS in this and the neighbouring *Britiſh Colonies*, is become a Subject of ſome Speculation, we preſume that a *Republication* of it, in this Paper, may be acceptable to a great Part of our Readers, who have had no Opportunity of ſeeing the original Publication. Deſigns really calculated for the Good of Mankind, can loſe nothing by being ſubjected to the ſevereſt Examination of Mankind, but, on the contrary, by their own native Strength, are able to anſwer every Objection that can be formed againſt them. Of ſuch a Nature it is preſumed the following Deſign is; and therefore we apprehend, the more it is known, the greater Advantages are likely to accrue to it.

A BRIEF HISTORY *of the* Riſe *and* Progreſs *of the* CHARITABLE SCHEME, *carrying on by a Society of Noblemen and Gentlemen in* London, *for the* Relief *and* Inſtruction *of poor* Germans, *and their* Deſcendents, *ſettled in* Pennſylvania, *&c. publiſhed for the Information of thoſe whom it may concern, by* JAMES HAMILTON, WILLIAM ALLEN, RICHARD PETERS, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *and* CONRAD WEISER, *Eſquires, and the Reverend Mr.* WILLIAM SMITH, Truſtees-General, *appointed for the Management of the ſaid Charitable Scheme.*

FOR ſeveral Years paſt, the ſmall Number of reform'd Proteſtant *Miniſters*, ſettled among the *German Emigrants* in *Pennſylvania*, finding the *Harveſt* great, but the *Labourers* few, have been deeply affected with a true *Chriſtian* Concern, for the Welfare of their diſtreſſed Countrymen, and the Salvation of their precious Souls. In Conſequence of this, they have, from Time to Time, in the moſt ſolemn and moving Manner, entreated the Churches of *Holland*, to commiſerate their unhappy *Fellow-Chriſtians*, who mourn under the deepeſt Affliction, being ſettled in a remote Corner of the World, where the Light of the *bleſſed Goſpel* has but lately reached, and where they are very much deſtitute of the Means of *Knowledge* and *Salvation*.

The *Churches* of *Holland*, being accordingly moved with friendly Compaſſion, did, from Time to Time, contribute to the Support of *Religion* in theſe remote Parts. But in the Year 1751, a very moving Repreſentation of their State having been made by a Perſon, whoſe unwearied Labors for the Benefit of his dear Countrymen have been for ſome Years conſpicuous, the States of *Holland*, and *Weſt-Frieſland*, granted 2000 Guilders *per Annum*, for five Years from that Time, to be applied towards the Inſtruction of the ſaid *Germans*, and their *Children*, in *Pennſylvania*. A conſiderable Sum was alſo collected in the City of *Amſterdam*, and elſewhere; and upon a Motion made by the ſame zealous Perſon, the Reverend Mr. *Thomſon* * was commiſſioned by the Synods of *Holland*, and Claſſis of *Amſterdam*, to ſollicit the friendly Aſſiſtance of the Churches of *England* and *Scotland*.

When Mr. *Thomſon* arrived in *Great-Britain*, he found the readieſt Encouragement among Perſons of the firſt Rank, both in Church and State. It is the peculiar Glory of the *Britiſh* Government, equally to conſult the Happineſs of all who live under it, however remote, wherever born, or of whatſoever Denomination. Wicked and inhuman Tyrants, whoſe Ambition is to rule over *Slaves*, find it their Intereſt to keep the People ignorant. But, in a *virtuous* and *free* Government, like that of *Great-Britain*, the Caſe is far otherwiſe. By its very Nature and Spirit, it deſires to ſee every Member of the Community enlightened with uſeful Knowledge, and eſpecially the Knowledge of the *bleſſed Goſpel*, which contains the beſt and moſt powerful Motives for making good *Subjects*, as well as good *Men*. Conſider'd in this Light, Mr. *Thomſon*'s Deſign could not fail to be encouraged in our Mother Country, ſince it was ſo evidently calculated to ſave a vaſt Multitude of induſtrious People from the Gloom of *Ignorance*, and qualify them for the Enjoyment of all thoſe noble Privileges, to which it is now their good Fortune to be admitted, in common with the happy Subjects of a *free Proteſtant* Government.

Mr. *Thomſon* having thus made his Buſineſs known in *England*, and prepared the Way for Encouragement there, he, in the mean time, went down to *Scotland*; and, being himſelf well known in that Country, he repreſented the Caſe to the *General Aſſembly* of the Church, then ſitting at *Edinburgh*, upon which a national Collection was made, amounting to upwards of *Twelve Hundred Pounds Sterling*. Such an Inſtance of Generoſity is one out of many, to ſhew how ready that Church has always been to contribute towards the Advancement of *Truth*, *Virtue*, and *Freedom*.

Mr. *Thomſon*, upon his Return from *Scotland*, found, that his paſtoral Duty call'd him back to *Holland*. He ſaw likewiſe, that it would be abſolutely neceſſary to have ſome Perſons in *London*, not only to manage the Monies already collected, but alſo to ſollicit and receive the Contributions of the Rich and Benevolent in *England*, where nothing had yet been collected, and where much might be hoped for. With this View, he begged a certain Number of † Noblemen and Gentlemen, of the firſt Rank, to take the Management of the Deſign upon themſelves.

This Propoſal was readily agreed to by theſe noble and worthy Perſons. They were truly concern'd to find that there were any of their Fellow-Subjects, in any Part of the *Britiſh* Dominions, not fully provided with the Means of Knowledge and Salvation. They conſider'd it as a Matter of the greateſt Importance to the Cauſe of *Chriſtianity* in general, and the *Proteſtant Intereſt* in particular, not to neglect ſuch a vaſt Body of uſeful People, ſituated in a dark and barren Region, with almoſt none to inſtruct them, or their helpleſs Children, who are coming forward into the World, in Multitudes, and expoſed an eaſy Prey to the total Ignorance of their Savage Neighbours on the one Hand, or the Corruptions of our *Jeſuitical* Enemies, on whom they border, on the other Hand; and of whom there are already perhaps too many mix'd among them. Moved by theſe intereſting Conſiderations, the ſaid Noblemen and Gentlemen, with a Condeſcenſion peculiar to great and generous Souls, did accordingly take the good Deſign into their immediate Protection, and formed themſelves into a Society, for the effectual Management of it.

The firſt Thing the ſaid *Society* did, was to agree to a liberal Subſcription among themſelves; and, upon laying the Caſe before the King, his Majeſty, like a true Father of his People, granted *One Thouſand Pounds* towards it. Her Royal Highneſs, the Princeſs Dowager of *Wales*, granted *One Hundred Pounds*; and the honorable Proprietaries of this Province, willing to concur in every Deſign for the Eaſe and Welfare of their People, generouſly engaged to give a conſiderable yearly Sum for promoting the moſt eſſential Part of the Undertaking. From ſuch a fair Beginning, and from ſome Hopes they reaſonably entertain of a more public Nature, the honorable Society doubt not of their being able to compleat ſuch a Fund as may effectually anſwer the pious Deſign, in Time coming. In the mean time they have come to the following general Reſolutions, with Regard to the Management of the Whole.

I. To aſſiſt the People in the Encouragement of pious and induſtrious Proteſtant Miniſters that are, or ſhall be regularly ordained and ſettled among the ſaid *Germans*, or their Deſcendants, in *America*; beginning firſt in *Pennſylvania*, where the Want of Miniſters is greateſt, and proceeding to the neighbouring *Britiſh* Colonies, as they ſhall be enabled by an Increaſe of their Funds.

II. To eſtabliſh ſome charitable Schools for the pious Education of *German* Youth of all Denominations, as well as thoſe *Engliſh* Youth that may reſide among them.----Now, as a religious Education of Youth, while the tender Mind is yet open to every Impreſſion, is the moſt effectual Means of making a People *wiſe*, *virtuous* and *happy*, the honorable Society have declared that they have this Part of their Deſign, in a particular Manner at Heart; it being chiefly from the Care that ſhall be taken of the riſing Generation, that they expect the Succeſs of their whole Undertaking.

III. The ſaid honorable Society, conſidering that they reſide at too great a Diſtance, either to know what Miniſters deſerve their Encouragement, or what Places are moſt convenient to fix the Schools in;---and as they would neither beſtow their Bounty on any who do not deſerve it, nor with-hold it from any who do deſerve it;-------*Therefore* they have devolved the general Execution of the whole upon *Us*, under the Name of *Truſtees-General*, for the Management of their *Charity* among the *German Emigrants* in *North-America*. And as our Reſidence is in this Province, where the chief Body is ſettled, and where we may acquaint ourſelves with the Circumſtances of the People, the generous Society hope that we cannot be impoſed upon, or deceived, in the Direction or Application of their excellent *Charity*.

IV. And laſtly, conſidering that our Engagements in other Matters, would not permit us perſonally to conſult with the People in the Country, nor to viſit the Schools as often as might be neceſſary to their Succeſs, the ſaid honorable Society have, out of their true fatherly Care, appointed the Rev. Mr. *Schlatter* to act under our Direction, as *Viſitor*, or *Superviſor*, of the Schools, knowing that he has already taken incredible Pains in this whole Affair, and being acquainted with the People in all Parts of the Country, can converſe with them on the Spot, and bring us the beſt Advices, from Time to Time, concerning the Meaſures fit to be taken.

This is a brief Hiſtory of the Riſe and Progreſs of this noble *Charity*, till it was committed to our Management, under which we hope it ſhall be ſo conducted, as fully to anſwer the Expectation of the worthy Society, and give all reaſonable Satisfaction to the Parties for whoſe Benefit it is intended. We ſhall ſpare no Pains to inform ourſelves of the Wants and Circumſtances of the People; as will appear by the following Plan which we have concerted for the general Execution of our Truſt, leaving Room to alter or amend it, as Circumſtances ſhall require, and Time diſcover Defects in it.

With Regard to that Part of the Society's Deſign which propoſes the Encouragement of pious Proteſtant Miniſters, we ſhall impartially proportion the Monies ſet apart for this Purpoſe, according to the Inſtructions of the ſaid Society; as ſoon as ſuch Miniſters ſhall put it in our Power ſo to do, by making their Labors and Circumſtances known to us, either by their own perſonal Application, or by Means of Mr. *Schlatter*, or any other creditable Perſons.

As to the important Article of eſtabliſhing *Schools*, the following *general Plan* is propoſed, which may be from Time to Time improved and perfected.----

Firſt, it is intended that every School to be opened upon this *Charity*, ſhall be equally for the Benefit of *Proteſtant Youth* of all Denominations; and therefore the Education will be in ſuch Things as are generally uſeful to advance *Induſtry* and true *Godlineſs*. The Youth will be inſtructed in both the *Engliſh* and *German* Languages; likewiſe in *Writing*, Keeping of common Accounts, *Singing* of Pſalms, and the true Principles of the holy *Proteſtant Religion*, in the ſame Manner as the Fathers of theſe *Germans* were inſtructed, at the Schools in thoſe Countries from which they came.

Secondly, as it may be of great Service to Religion and Induſtry, to have ſome Schools for *Girls* alſo, we ſhall uſe our Endeavours with the honorable Society, to have ſome few Schoolmiſtreſſes encouraged, to teach *Reading*, and the Uſe of the *Needle*. And tho' this was no Part of the original Deſign, yet as the Society have nothing but the general Good of all at Heart, we doubt not they will extend their Benefaction for this charitable Purpoſe alſo.

Thirdly, that all may be induced, in their early Youth, to ſeek the Knowledge and Love of GOD, in that Manner which is moſt agreeable to their own Conſciences, the Children of all Proteſtant Denominations, *Engliſh* and *Dutch*, ſhall be inſtructed in any *Catechiſm* of ſound *Doctrine*, which is approved of and uſed by their own Parents and Miniſters. All unreaſonable Sort of *Compulſion* and *Partiality* is directly oppoſite to the Deſign and Spirit of this *Charity*, which is generouſly undertaken to promote *uſeful Knowledge*, *true Religion*, *public Peace*, and *Chriſtian Love*, among all Ranks and Denominations.

Fourthly, for the Uſe of the Schools, the ſeveral Catechiſms that are now taught to Children among the *Calviniſts*, *Lutherans*, and other *Proteſtant* Denominations, will be printed in *Engliſh* and *Dutch*, and diſtributed among the Poor, together with ſome Bibles and other good Books, at the Expence of the Society.

Fifthly, in order that all Parents may be certain of having Juſtice done to their Children, the more immediate Care and Inſpection of every School will be committed to a certain Number of ſober and reputable Perſons, living near the Place where every ſuch School ſhall be fixed. Theſe Perſons will be denominated *Aſſiſtant* or *Deputy-Truſtees*; and it will be their Buſineſs, monthly or quarterly, to viſit that particular School for which they are appointed, and ſee that both Maſter and Scholars do their Duty. It will alſo be their Buſineſs to ſend an Account of the State and Progreſs of the Schools, at every ſuch Viſitation, to Us as *Truſtees-General*. Theſe Accounts we ſhall tranſmit from *Philadelphia* to the *Society* in *London*; and the *Society* will, from Time to Time, be enabled, by theſe Means, to lay the State of the whole Schools before the Public; and thus charitable and well-diſpoſed People, both in *Great-Britain* and *Holland*, ſeeing the good Uſe that has been made of their former Contributions, will be inclined to give ſtill more and more for ſo glorious and benevolent an Undertaking.

This Method cannot fail to be of great Advantage to the Schools, ſince theſe Deputy-Truſtees, being Part of the very People for whom the Work is undertaken, and having their own Children at the ſame Schools, they muſt have an Intereſt in the Reputation of them, and do all in their Power to advance good Education in them. Beſides this, being always near at Hand, they can adviſe and encourage the Maſter, and help him over any Difficulties he may meet with.

But, *Sixthly*, as the keeping up a Spirit of Emulation among the *Youth* is the Life of all Schools, *therefore*, that we may leave as little Room as poſſible for that Remiſſneſs, which ſometimes hurts *Charities* of this Nature, we ſhall (as far as our Situation will permit) have a perſonal Regard to the Execution of the Whole. As the *Aſſiſtant-Truſtees* may often want our Advice in removing Difficulties and making new Regulations, we ſhall ſo contrive it, that Mr. *Schlatter* ſhall be preſent with them at their Quarterly Meetings, to conſult with them, and concert the proper Meaſures to be taken. Beſides this we ſhall have one *general Viſitation* of the whole Schools every Year; at which one or more of us ſhall endeavour to be preſent. On theſe Occaſions, ſuch Regulations ſhall be made as may be wanted; and careful Enquiry will be made whether any Parents think themſelves injured, by an unjuſt Excluſion of their Children from an equal Benefit of the common *Charity*, or by the Partiality of the *Maſter*, or otherwiſe. At ſuch *Viſitations* Books will be given as Rewards and Encouragement, to the diligent and deſerving Scholars. The Maſters will likewiſe have proper Marks of Eſteem ſhewn them in Proportion to their Fidelity, and Induſtry in the Diſcharge of their Office.

Seventhly, with Regard to the Number of Schools to be opened, that will depend partly on the Encouragement given by the People themſelves, and partly on the Encreaſe of the *Society's* Funds. A conſiderable Number of Places are propoſed to fix Schools in; but none are yet abſolutely determined upon, but *New-Hanover*, *New-Providence*, and *Reading*.* Theſe Places were firſt fixed upon, becauſe the People of all Perſuaſions, *Lutherans*, *Calviniſts*, and other *Proteſtants*, moved with a pious and fatherly Concern for the illiterate State of their helpleſs Children, did, with a true *Chriſtian Harmony*, preſent their *Petitions*, praying that their numerous Children of all Denominations in theſe Parts, might be made the common Object of the intended Charity. And for this benevolent Purpoſe, they did farther agree to offer *School-Houſes*, in which their Children might be inſtructed together, as dear *Fellow-Chriſtians*, redeemed by the ſame common *Lord and Saviour*, and travelling to the ſame heavenly Country, thro' this Valley of Tears, notwithſtanding they may ſometimes take Roads a little different in Points of ſmaller Moment.

This ſtriking Example of Unanimity and good Agreement among all Denominations, we hope, will be imitated by thoſe who ſhall afterwards apply to us for fixing Schools among them; ſince it is only upon the aforeſaid generous Plan for the common Benefit of all, that we find ourſelves empowered to inſtitute ſuch *Schools*. But while the *Petitions* are agreeable to this our Plan, as now explain'd, they will not be over-look'd, as long as the Funds continue. And if the *Petitioners* ſhall recommend *Schoolmaſters*, as was the Caſe at *New-Hanover*, *New-Providence*, and *Reading*, ſuch Schoolmaſters will have the Preference, provided they are Men of ſufficient *Probity* and *Knowledge*, agreeable to all Parties, and acquainted with both the *Engliſh* and *Dutch* Languages, or willing to learn either of theſe Languages which they may not then be perfectly acquainted with.

Theſe are eſſential Qualifications; and unleſs the generous *Society* had made a Proviſion for teaching *Engliſh* as well as *Dutch*, it would not have anſwer'd their benevolent Deſign, which is to qualify the *Germans* for all the Advantages of *native Engliſh Subjects*. But this could not have been done, without giving them an Opportunity of learning *Engliſh*, by ſpeaking of which they may expect to riſe to Places of Profit and Honour in the Country. They will likewiſe be thereby enabled to buy or ſell to the greater Advantage in our Markets; to underſtand their own Cauſes in Courts of Juſtice, where Pleadings are in *Engliſh*; to know what is doing in the Country round them; and, in a Word, to *judge* and *act* entirely for themſelves, without being obliged to take Things upon the Word of others, whoſe Intereſt it may be to deceive and miſlead them.

We have only further to add, that having thus publiſhed, in our own Names, a true and faithful Account of the *Riſe* and *Progreſs* of this excellent *Charity*, down to the preſent Time, we hope it will be candidly received as ſuch, and prevent any wrong Conjectures and Inſinuations, that might otherwiſe have been made, if we had not given this genuine and neceſſary Information concerning it. From the foregoing Plan it plainly appears, that as the chief Management is in the People themſelves, it muſt be entirely their own Fault, if theſe Schools do not become the greateſt Bleſſing to many Generations, that ever was propoſed in this Country.----Such and ſo benevolent are the Deſigns of this new Society!

* *Mr.* Thomſon *is a Miniſter of one of the* Engliſh *Churches in* Amſterdam, *and a Member of the ſaid* Synods *and* Claſſis.

† *The firſt Members of this Society were as follows, tho' we believe ſeveral others are added this Winter, whoſe Names have not yet been tranſmitted to us. The Right Honourable Earl of* Shaftſbury, *Earl of* Morton, *Earl of* Finlater, *and Lord* Willoughby, *of* Parham. *Sir* Luke Schaub, *and Sir* Joſhua Van Neck, *Baronets. Mr. Commiſſioner* Vernon. *Mr.* Chitty, *and Mr.* Fluddyer, *Aldermen of* London. John Bance, Robert Ferguſon, *and* Nathaniel Paice, *Eſquires, of* London. *Reverend* Benjamin Avory, *L. L. D. Rev.* Thomas Birch, *D. D. Rev. Mr.* Caſpar Wetſtein, *Rev. Mr.* David Thomſon, *and Rev. Mr.* Samuel Chandler, *Secretary.*

* *Since the original Publication, Petitions have been ſent to the* Truſtees-General *from* Upper Solſort, *from* Vincent *Townſhip, in* Cheſter *County, from the Borough of* Lancaſter, *from* Tulpehockin, *and ſeveral other Places; all which will be conſidered as ſoon as poſſible.*

And

And surely, now, we may be permited, in their Name, to addreſs you, *Countrymen* and *Fellow-Chriſtians*, for whoſe Benefit the great Work is undertaken! We cannot but entreat you to conſider, of what Importance ſuch a Scheme muſt be to you, and your Children after you. We are unwilling to believe there are any Perſons, who do not heartily wiſh Succeſs to a Deſign ſo pious and benevolent. But if, unhappily for themſelves, there ſhould be any ſuch among us, we are bound in Charity to ſuppoſe they have never yet reflected that, whilſt they indulge ſuch Wiſhes, they are in Fact acting a Part, plainly repugnant to the Intereſts of *Liberty*, *true Religion*, and even of *human Nature!*

Mankind in general are, perhaps, ſcarcely raiſed more, by their Nature, above the *Brutes*, than a Man *well inſtructed* above a Man of *no Knowledge* or *Education*; and whoever ſtrives to keep a *People* in *Ignorance*, muſt certainly harbour Notions or Deſigns that are unfavourable, either to their civil or religious *Liberty*. For whilſt a People are incapable of knowing their own Intereſts, or judging for themſelves, they can never be govern'd by *free* Principles, or by their own *Choice*; and tho' they ſhould not be the immediate *Slaves* of the *Government* under which they live, yet they muſt be *Slaves* or *Dupes* to thoſe whoſe Councils they are obliged to have Recourſe to, and follow blindly on all Occaſions, which is the moſt diſhonourable Species of Slavery.

But on the other Hand, a Deſign for *inſtructing* a People, and adorning the Minds of their Children with uſeful *Knowledge*, can carry nothing in it but what is friendly to *Liberty*, and auſpicious to all the moſt ſacred Intereſts of Mankind.

Were it otherwiſe, why are ſo many of the greateſt and beſt Men, both of the *Britiſh* and *German* Nations, engaged in the Undertaking? Why have they, as it were, ſtooped from their high Spheres, and even condeſcended to beg from Houſe to Houſe, in order to promote it? Is not all this done with the glorious Intention of relieving you from the diſtreſsful *Ignorance* that was like to fall upon you? Is it not done with a View to call you up to all the Advantages of *free* and *enlightened* Subjects, capable of *Thinking* and *Acting* for yourſelves?---And ſhall they call you in vain? ---GOD forbid!---If by any Infatuation, you ſhould neglect the Means of Knowledge and eternal Happineſs now offer'd you, think ſeriouſly what muſt be the Conſequence. You will be accountable in the Sight of *Almighty* GOD, not only for your own ſad Negligence, but for all that *Miſery* and *Slavery*, which you may thereby entail upon your hapleſs Offspring to lateſt Generations. Your very Names will be held in Abhorrence by your own Children, if, for want of *Inſtruction*, their Privileges ſhould either be abridged here, or they ſhould fall a Prey to the Error and Slavery of our reſtleſs *Enemies*.

But, on the contrary, if a proper *Inſtruction* is begun now, and conſtantly carried on among you, no Deſign can ever be hatched againſt your Religion or Liberties, but what you ſhall quickly be able to diſcover and to defeat. All the Arts of your Enemies will be of no Avail to ſeduce you from your true Intereſts, as *Men* and as *Proteſtants*. You ſhall know how to make the true Uſe of all your noble Privileges, and inſtead of *mourning* in a *dry and barren Land, where no Water is*, you and your Poſterity ſhall flouriſh, from Age to Age, in all that is valuable in human Life. A barren Region ſhall be turned into a fruitful Country, and a *thirſty Land into Pools of Water*. *The* Wilderneſs *and the ſolitary Place ſhall be glad thro' you, and the* Deſart *ſhall rejoice and bloſſom as the Roſe.**

That you may ſoon be placed in theſe happy Circumſtances, ſhall be our continued Endeavour, as it is our ſincere Prayer. But if ever you hope to be ſo, or to tranſmit the glorious Privileges of *Proteſtants* and *Freemen* to your Poſterity, we muſt obſerve, that, in this Time of Danger (when a *Popiſh* Enemy has advanced far into our Country, even to your very Doors) it becomes you to be extremely jealous for your Safety. It becomes you to exert yourſelves for the calm Enjoyment of that Religion, for the Sake of which you croſſed the ſtormy Ocean, and encounte ed the Horrors of the Deſart. It becomes you to ſecure for your Children the *full* and *free* Poſſeſſion of thoſe fair Seats, which your own Hands have formed out of the vaſt Wilderneſs. Whatever unfavourable Notions you may apprehend the Government at Home may have fallen into concerning any Part of your Conduct, on Account of the great Diſtance, you may now be ſure, that while you do your Duty as good Subjects, we ſhall at all Times repreſent you in the moſt impartial Light to the honorable Society in *London*; and as this Society conſiſts of ſome of the beſt and greateſt Men in the *Engliſh* Nation, who have generouſly taken you and all your Concerns under their Protection, they will alwas be glad to recommend you in kind and acceptable Terms, to the Countenance of our moſt gracious Sovereign.

By Order, and in Behalf, of the Truſtees-General,

WILLIAM SMITH, Secretary.

* *Iſaiah*, Chap. xxxv.

Rome Octo. 26. The Cardinal Vicar has ordered public Prayers to be put up in all the Churches for Rain, and for putting a Stop to the Small-pox, which carries off great Numbers of People.

The following Account is atteſted by Gentlemen of Credit: In the Year 1742 there was living at Marſeilles, in Provence, a Man uſually call'd Father Hannibal, aged 106; in his Youth he had been a Soldier in the French Army, was at Marſeilles during the Time of the greateſt Plague in 1720 and 1721, and enjoyed his Health while ſo many Thouſands died of the Contagion. He told the Relater, that he was of a long-liv'd Family at Nice, in Italy; that he had a Brother then living 112: He conſtantly wrought in the Vineyards or open Fields, unleſs on Holidays, which he was not fond of, as he had not ſo good Health on thoſe Days of Leiſure as when he was employed.

He eat no Fleſh but on Chriſtmas-Day, Eaſter, and Whitſunday, was a great Admirer of Herbs, and pretended to have Noſtrums of that Kind for curing of moſt Diſtempers, if accompanied with moderate Abſtinence. He had a Son of 70, that to Appearance was older than his Father: The Son ſtoop'd; the old Man erect, had loſt but few of his Teeth, had a loud Voice, and frequently hemmed, to ſhew the Strength of his Lungs. He had ſome Time before buried his Wife, who was upwards of 90. Capt. T-----joked with him about re-marrying, the old Blade anſwer'd, He thought he would not; but that his Refuſal did not proceed from any want of Ability to diſcharge the Duties of a married State.

Paris, Nov. 5. We have an Account of a pretty ſharp Diſpute that happened lately between the King's Troops and the Smugglers, in which there were ſome killed on both Sides; but in the End the latter were defeated, and a great Quantity of their Goods taken. It is believed, the Court have fallen upon an Expedient that will ſoon put an End to theſe Diſorders; which is, employing Irregulars only againſt the Smugglers, and giving them whatever they can take, for their Pains.

St. John's, (in Antigua) Decem. 24. His Majeſty's Ship the Portmahon, commanded by Capt. Robert Hughes, after landing his Honour the Governor of Georgia, ſailed for his Station at New-York; but being blown off the Coaſt, put in here a few Days ago.

The late high Winds we have had drove the Badger Sloop of War, commanded by Capt. Hale, from off Engliſh Harbour quite down to Nevis.

On Sunday ſe'nnight the Schooner St. Andrew, Capt. Streep, from Virginia, met with a violent Gale of Wind off the Mouth of St. John's Harbour, which ſpilt her Sails, and did her other conſiderable Damage. It was with great Difficulty that ſhe got ſafe into Nevis Road.

We hear from Montſerrat, that the enſuing Crop will ſuffer greatly from the violent Winds and inceſſant Rains which they have had of late.

Jan. 7. On Sunday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Advice, Commodore Pye; as alſo the Badger Sloop of War, Capt. Hale, ſailed for Barbados.

On Friday laſt the Snow Hope, William Lugan Maſter, which ſailed on Monday the 30th ult. from Barbados, for Briſtol, put in here in a very leaky Condition.

Jan. 14. We hear from Nevis, that on Friday Se'nnight, as Capt. Phillips, Commander of a large Ship from the Bay of Honduras, was going aboard his own Veſſel, the Volence of the Swell overſet his Boat, by which Accident, the Captain was killed, and one of the Sailors ſo terribly bruiſed, that he died in a few Hours after.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, January 16.

On Friday laſt, a Brigantine from Cape-Fear for Antigua, having ſprung a Leak, put in here to refit, and anchored in Rebellion Road; but in the Night parted from her Anchors, and drove on Shore on the Fort Point, where ſhe has lain ever ſince.

We are now aſſured, from good Authority, that no Cherokee Runners arrived in Town laſt Week, with Expreſſes; and that no Trader has been lately killed in their Nation.

Jan. 23. *We hear, that the Shoreham Man of War is ordered to Jamaica, and will ſail in a few Days; and that the Jamaica is ſhortly to go to Virginia, and there join Commodore Kepple's Squadron.*

The Brigantine ſaid in our laſt to have been drove aſhore on the Fort Point, is ſince got off.

BOSTON, January 27.

We have the following ſorrowful Account from Braintree, viz. That Lord's Day, the 19th Inſtant, Mr. William Wild, junior, and his Wife, attending the publick Worſhip, left their two only Sons at Home, the eldeſt of them eight Years of Age, the other about ſix, who went from the Houſe to a Pond near by, which was froze over, and venturing on the Ice, it broke under them, and they were both drowned.

The Night after the 5th Inſtant, a large Dwelling-Houſe in Woodſtock, belonging to Mr. John Throop, was conſumed by Fire, and all that was in it, but no Life loſt.

Feb. 3. *Wedneſday laſt, Robert M'Keen, of Litchfield, in the Province of New-Hampſhire, went to a Warehouſe in this Town, and agreed for a Parcel of Goods, the Pay to be in New-Hampſhire Bills, and producing one of Eight Pounds, he was told it was a Counterfeit, upon which he eat about Half of it up (the other Part being ſnatched out of his Hands) and tore two other Bills to Pieces, and threw them into the Fire. Upon ſearching him, ſeveral other Bills of Eight Pounds, and ſome of a lower Denomination, were found upon him. He confeſſed that he had put off ſome of the Bills at Shops in this Town. He is now confined in Goal, and it is thought he will ſoon diſcover his Accomplices, and turn Evidence for the King.*

Salem, Jan. 25. *Laſt Week a Gentleman of this Town received a Quantity of Cheeſe from Rhode Iſland, recommended to him for extraordinary good; but having parted with a few of them to ſome of his Neighbours, all that eat of them were very ſeverely purged; upon which ſeveral others had the Curioſity to try if it would have the ſame Effect upon them, and were ſoon after ſatisfied, for they vomited and purged to ſuch a Degree for ſome Hours, that Life was almoſt deſpair'd of. The Cheeſes that were thus poiſonous, were marked E. B.*

Another Salem Perſon of good Credit, after giving ſome Account of this Affair, ſays, As to the Truth of it, being a near Neighbour, I was an Eye-Witneſs to it in more than two or three of the Perſons who eat of it, and ſaw the Operation.

NEW-YORK, February 17.

We hear from Rye, that on the 7th of January laſt, a Woman of that Place was delivered of a Male Child; and on the 14th of the ſame Month, of a Female One; and that they are both living, and like to do well.

Saturday laſt Capt. Benjamin Dickenſon arrived here in 14 *Days from South-Carolina, and acquaints us, That Capt. Matthew Dickenſon was to ſail from thence for this Port, in a few Days after him.---- On the* 10th *Inſtant, in Lat.* 37, 44. *Lon.* 72, 16. *Capt. Dickenſon ſpoke with Capt. Baker, in a Snow bound into Virginia, from London; and on Thurſday laſt, about* 20 *Leagues to the Southward of Cape Henlopen, he met with a ſmall Boat, with only two Men on board, Leſter, Maſter: They ſailed from hence about two Weeks ago, bound for Philadelphia, loaded with Oyſters, but were drove out to Sea, and had ſuffered much Hardſhip: The Wind being then pretty much in their Favour, Capt. Dickenſon imagines they ſoon made ſome Harbour.*

We have the following Paragraph from a Letter, dated Charleſtown, South-Carolina, January 30, 1755. "*Our Aſſembly is going to do "ſomething with Reſpect to the Ohio Affair: That is, they are in"clined to provide Money, to be applied, in Caſe a War happens, to"wards the Aſſiſtance of the Virginians.*"

About Two a Clock on Friday Morning the 7th Inſtant, the Shop of Mr. Doalittle, Clockmaker, at Newhaven, took Fire, ſuppoſed by leaving ſome Coals in his Forge, which conſumed it, with nine Watches, and two or three Clocks, beſides all his Work-Tools; the Loſs is reckon'd at near 3000*l. Old Tenor.*

ARRIVALS,

From the Northward, at St. John's, Antigua.

Payne, Joy, Doyle and Tomlinſon, from Philadelphia. Leſlie, from Virginia. Freeman, from New-London. Arnold, from Rhode-Iſland.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Schooner Anne, James Webber, from Piſcataqua. Sloop Loretto, David Fenton, from St. Martins.

Outwards. Sloop Auguſtine, Abraham Leggert, for So. Carolina. Sloop Pelican, John Ebbits, for St. Kitts. Brig Charming Polly, John Waldron, for Jamaica.

Cleared. Sloop Skip-Jack, Joſeph Tears, to Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Benjamin, W. Dickenſon, to So. Carolina. Snow Kent, Robert Lowes, Sloop Little-Tom, William Carliſle, and Brig Bleſſing, James Gyde, to Jamaica. Sloop Elizabeth, William Stewart, to Dublin. Brig Swan, Solomon Davis, to Dover.

PHILADELPHIA, February 25.

Laſt Night the Captains Edwards, Reeve and Moncrief, arriv'd here from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, by whom we have the following Meſſages, &c.

CHARLES-TOWN, February 6.

A MESSAGE from the GOVERNOR *to the* ASSEMBLY.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,

I SEND for your Peruſal and Conſideration, the Copy of a Letter from the Right Honourable Sir Thomas Robinſon, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State.

It were Preſumption in me, to recommend what comes from ſuch Authority: The high Station of the Perſon who writes it, the clear and perſuaſive Manner in which it is written, the Importance and Intereſtingneſs of the Subject, all beſpeak your ſerious Attention. How great an Inſtance of his Tenderneſs and Affection, hath our Royal Maſter, and great Father of his People, here given to us, in reſolving with his known couragious Conſtancy and Steadineſs to aſſert our Rights! Such a Conduct in the beſt of Kings, muſt make the moſt deep and laſting Impreſſions on the grateful Hearts of dutiful Subjects, and will not ſuffer you to heſitate, in raiſing, forthwith, as large a Sum as can be afforded, as your Contribution to a Common Fund, to be employed proviſionally in the general Service of America.

Let us vie with the moſt zealous Provinces, in ſhewing a Regard for the general Cauſe of ſecuring his Majeſty's American Dominions againſt all Encroachments, by giving a Portion out of that Plenty which Providence hath beſtowed upon us for a Series of Years.

Every one who owns a Duty, and profeſſes Loyalty, to his Majeſty, a Love to his Country, or a Regard for himſelf, will give chearfully and liberally: And if any would be ſo miſtaken, as to prefer their Riches to theſe Conſiderations, they will find it their Intereſt to give liberally alſo, as the moſt proper Means to ſecure their All. In ſhort, Preparation for War, is the moſt ready and effectual Way of preſerving Peace.

In the Council Chamber, the 11*th Day of Jan.* 1755. *JAMES GLEN.*

A MESSAGE from the ASSEMBLY *to the* GOVERNOR, *in Anſwer to the foregoing.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THIS Houſe having conſider'd your Excellency's Meſſage, brought down with a Copy of a Letter from the Right Honourable Sir Thomas Robinſon, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, on the 14th Inſtant; and being very ready and willing to contribute, to the utmoſt of our Ability, toward defraying the Expence of the Service mentioned in your ſaid Meſſage, have ordered a Bill to be brought in, *for ſtamping and ſigning public Orders, to the Amount of* Forty Thouſand Pounds *current Money (being equal to* Five Thouſand Seven Hundred *and* Fourteen Pounds, Five Shillings, *and* Eight-pence Halfpenny, *Sterling) to be ſunk in Seven Years, by a General Tax; and for granting the ſaid Sum of* Forty Thouſand Pounds *to his Majeſty, for the Defence of his Majeſty's Dominions in North-America.*

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the 21*ſt Day of Janua*ry, 1755, *by Order of the Houſe,*

HENRY MIDDLETON, *Speaker.*

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the firſt Day of February, 1755.

Reſolved, That this Houſe (in Obedience to his Majeſty's Orders, ſignified to the Governor by one of the principal Secretaries of State) have endeavoured, to the utmoſt of their Power, to raiſe and grant to his Majeſty, an Aid toward defraying the Expence of defending his Majeſty's Dominions in North-America, as conſiderable as the preſent Circumſtances of the Inhabitants of this Province (who have other large Sums to provide for their own immediate Security and Defence) would admit.

Reſolved, That by the Bill which his Excellency has been pleaſed to diſallow, Proviſion was made for raiſing ſuch Aid in the moſt expeditious Manner, and agreeably to Methods hitherto obſerved in this Province for raiſing ſuch Supplies as have been granted to his Majeſty upon the like emergent Occaſions.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Houſe, that ſuch Aid could not be raiſed ſo immediately and expeditiouſly as the Service muſt neceſſarily require, in any Manner whatever other than as by the Bill is pointed out and provided.

Ordered, That the Governor's Meſſage, which was brought down to this Houſe on the 14th of laſt Month, with the Meſſage in Anſwer thereto, and the ſaid Bill, with the above Reſolves, be printed in the Gazette.

By Order of the Houſe,

CHILDERMAS CROFT, C. D. C.

Feb. 6. We hear, that ſome civil Commotions have lately happened in Georgia, but that they have terminated on the Expulſion of four Members of the Aſſembly there.

On Friday laſt his Majeſty's Snow Jamaica, commanded by Capt. Hood, ſail'd for Georgia.

By the Maſter of one of our Coaſters, who arrived here laſt Sunday from Cape-Fear, we are informed, that his Majeſty's Snow Baltimore, commanded by Capt. Suckling, ſailed from thence the Day before, for Virginia.

By a Veſſel from Ireland, which left it about 10 Weeks ago, we learn, that the Forces deſtined for Virginia were then embarking.

On Monday laſt the Rev. Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD arrived in Town from the Northward; and, we hear, intends to ſet out this Day for Georgia.

By Captain Ford, in 21 Days from Barbados, there is Advice of all the Veſſels being arriv'd there, belonging to this Port, that could have been expected at the Time of his Sailing: But he brings no Account of the Arrival of a Fleet of Men of War from England, under the Command of Commodore Kepple, as mention'd in the New-York Papers.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer at Wills's Creek to his Friend here, dated February 10. 1755.

"Since my laſt the two Indians, which were ſent to Fort Du Queſne with a Letter from one of the French Priſoners in Virginia, arriv'd in this Camp; who inform us, that the French Indians, which were ſome Time ſince with us, and who pretended in our Council to be Friends with the Engliſh, were at the French Fort, and deliver'd to the Commandant the Speech we made to them, and the Preſents they receiv'd from us.---The Meſſengers further ſay, that the French would not admit them into their Council with the French Indians: And that the French Officer told them, he intended, in a very few Days, to march a large Body of French and Indians, and drive us out of our preſent Situation, for that we had no Buſineſs to build Forts at Wills's Creek.--We have put ourſelves in a proper Poſture of Defence to receive them, and make no Doubt, if they do come, that they will meet with a warmer Reception than they imagine.---We have clear'd all the Land within Cannon Shot of us, both this Side of the River, and likewiſe the other Side, beyond the New Store, which is on a higher Ground than our Fort ſtands upon; but the Knob is very narrow, and not fit to erect any Fortification upon, and is under the Command of our Guns, about 320 Yards diſtant from the Fort.---We expect the firſt Diviſion of the Virginia Forces to join us this Evening, when we intend a ſtrong Guard to be mounted at the New Store."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

INWARDS, NONE.

OUTWARDS.

Ship John and Elizabeth, Peter Ham, for Virginia.
Schooner Dolphin, William Moreton, for Boſton.
Sloop Dolphin, John Negus, for Ditto.
Schooner Swallow, David Stewart, for Jamaica.

CLEARED.

Brigantine Eagle, James Brown, to Weſt-Indies.
Sloop Dolphin, John Negus, to Boſton.

Second Month, called February, 22. 1755.

THE Contributors to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, are deſir'd to meet, on the tenth Day of next Month, at the Court-houſe in Philadelphia, at Three a Clock in the Afternoon, to conſider a Plan of the propoſed Building for the Hoſpital, and an Eſtimation of the Expence, then to be laid before them.

By Order of the Managers,

JOSHUA CROSBY, *Preſident.*

Newtown, Bucks County, February 17, 1755.

THERE is now in this goal, one William Horne, on ſuſpicion of being a run-away, a tall ſlim fellow, is purblind, and wears a cap: Had on when committed, an old jacket and trowſers, old ſhoes, and no ſtockings. Whoever owns the ſaid William Horne, is deſired to come and take him away, paying his charges, by the thirteenth day of March next, or he will be ſold out for a ſervant for them. JOSEPH INSLEE, Sub-cheriff.

☞ The Managers of the ACADEMY LOTTERY have determin'd to begin, on *Monday* next, at the Court-houſe, to roll up the Tickets for the Wheels, and to draw the Week following, without further Poſtponing or Delay.

To be sold by

JOSHUA HOWELL,

Who hath removed to the ſtore where Edward Pennington ſome time ſince kept, being the South ſide of the ſtores late belonging to Edward Warner, deceaſed; and adjoining to William Fiſher's, at the corner of Arch and Water-ſtreets,

BRoadcloths in pieces, knap'd coating, kerſeys, red, blue, green, yellow, and cloth colour'd ſhaloons, check'd cherriderries, worſted caps, cotton romals, colour'd thread, printed linens, Iriſh linens, 7-8ths garlix, tandem, yd. wd. garlix, cambricks, ozenbrigs, ſail-cloth, womens worked damaſk ſhoes, black 6d. ferrit, blue, black, white and cloth colour'd baladine ſilk, womens glaiz'd lamb gloves, primmers and ſpelling-books, horn combs, ſhoe and knee buckles, penknives, butchers ditto, wool-cards, an aſſortment of felt hats, 4d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, hampers of glaſs bottles, choice Briſtol beer, flat and hollow Briſtol ware, white ſtone ditto, loaf ſugar, bohea tea, currants, raiſins of the ſun, Engliſh ſingle channel pumps and boots, fine white Engliſh ſalt in hogſheads, N. E. brandy in tierces, choice fall mackrel, Albany peaſe, F gunpowder, a parcel of hair, and ready made wigs, an aſſortment of neat made anchors.

N. B. Said Howell likewiſe hath choice mackrel to ſell, at the ſtore in Water-ſtreet, where John Pole, deceaſed, lately dwelt.

All perſons who are indebted to the late company of Pole and Howell, are deſired to pay the ſame to Joſhua Howell, ſurviving partner. Tbctf.

RUN away from John Marlet, of Mansfield townſhip, Suſſex county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named William Thomſon, about five feet eight inches high, is well built, and of a freſh complexion: Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, brown wig, a tow jacket, and a green ſhort one under it, old leather breeches, and blue cloth ones under them, a leather apron, black ſtockings, and new ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN MERLET.

Philadelphia, February 25. 1755.

RUN *away on the 23d inſtant, from Thomas Marſhall, of Philadelphia cooper, an apprentice, named Robert Philips, an Iriſhman, about 22 years of age, about five feet ſix inches high, well ſet, of a pale complexion, and has much of the brogue on his tongue: Had on when he went away, a new dark colour'd broadcloth coat, with large flat metal buttons, a fuſtian jacket, good white ſhirt, old buckſkin breeches, black yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with large ſilver buckles in them, a half worn felt hat, black wig, and new ſilk handkerchief. He is a cooper by trade. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid apprentice, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

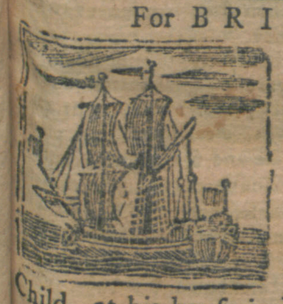
THOMAS MARSHALL.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation in North-Wales, containing 315 acres of land, with a large houſe, kitchen, and a large barn, and out-houſes, with a good pump, and ſtone ſpring houſe, 35 acres of mowable meadow, a large fruitful orchard, and 100 acres of corn land cleared, the reſt well timber'd; it may be ſold together, or in two parts, being divided by a great road running through it, near the middle. Alſo a plantation adjoining the former, containing 108 acres of land, with a large ſtone houſe and kitchen, new barn, and a young orchard, about 50 acres cleared, 10 of which is meadow, the reſt well timber'd, very convenient for any publick buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, are deſired to apply to John Jones, living on the premiſes. ‡

For BRISTOL, directly,



The SNOW

CATHERINE,

JOHN MONCRIEF,

Maſter;

Now lying at Market-ſtreet wharff, and will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage, apply to Capt. James Child, at his houſe in Water-ſtreet, or the commander on board.

She has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers.

To be SOLD, by

JOSIAH APPLETON,

Living in Trenton,

A LIKELY Negroe wench, not quite twenty years of age, this country born, and has had the ſmall-pox and meaſles. ♂

WILLIAM SPAFFORD,

HEREBY giveth notice, That he is removed from his houſe in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Market-ſtreet, to his houſe in Front-ſtreet, on Society-hill; but keeps a ſtore on the lower ſide of Powell's wharff; where he and company ſells all ſorts of ſhip chandlery; likewiſe cables, and cordage of all ſizes. ♂

Philadelphia, February 25. 1745.

RUN away, on the 26th of January laſt, from the ſubſcribers, living near Blackbird Creek, in New-Caſtle county, two native Iriſh ſervants; one nam'd James M'Daniel, the other Robert Barry. M'Daniel is a well ſet fellow, much pock mark'd, given to liquor, and quarrelſome, has a ſcar on his upper lip: Had on when he went away, a blue fearnothing jacket, a flannel under jacket, fine hat, linen cap, coarſe ſhirt, leather breeches, grey ſtockings, and half worn ſhoes, tied with ſtrings.

Barry is a ſwarthy fellow, about five feet five inches high: Had on when he went away, a new coarſe jacket, old felt hat, worſted cap, ozenbrigs ſhirt, leather breeches, yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes; he is very apt to take the name of Jeſus in vain. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo as their maſters may have them again, ſhall have *Four Pounds* reward for both, or *Forty Shillings* for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES MARTIN, or WILLIAM WOODCOCK. ⊕

Philadelphia, February 25. 1755.

RUN away, on the 16th inſtant, from Thomas Hall, of Concord, Cheſter county, a Dutch ſervant man, named Hans Boch, about five feet nine inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, talks but little Engliſh, and wears his own brown hair: Had on when he went away, a double breaſted cloth colour'd upper coat, the buttons mohair, and all off of one ſide, a light colour'd jacket, with pewter buttons, and without ſleeves, old leather breeches, and leather apron, light colour'd ſtockings, and old ſhoes, with nails in them, old felt hat, and flaxen ſhirt. He took with him a large cane, with a braſs firrel at the bottom, and another at the top of it, and a leather plaited ſtring in it. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS HALL. ⊕

THE MEMBERS of the

St. ANDREW's SOCIETY

ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting on Friday, the Twenty-eighth inſt. February, preciſely at Six a Clock in the Evening, at the Maſons Lodge, in Lodge-alley, in Second-ſtreet.

THOMAS M'JANET, Secretary.

To be LETT,

A Large houſe in Front-ſtreet, juſt above Pool's bridge, fit for a gentleman, inn-keeper, or a lumber merchant, with a large water lot fronting it, with 4 or 6 acres behind it good paſture ground; the houſe to be lett whole or ſeparate, being convenient for three families. Enquire of *Anthony Wilkinſon*.

RUN away on the 28th of November laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, two Negroes, a man and a woman; the man is a luſty yellow fellow, about 36 years old: Had on when he went away, A homeſpun blue coat and jacket, leather breeches, new ſhoes, a caſtor hat; has with him a fiddle, on which he can play. He is country born, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is called Cap. The woman is about 40 years old; had on when ſhe went away, A ſtriped linen gown and petticoat, and a ſhort gown; ſhe is called Rane. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroes, if taken up out of the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, and delivered to their maſter, living as above, ſhall have the ſum of Four Pounds reward for each, and reaſonable charges; and if taken within the aboveſaid counties, the ſum of Twenty-five Shillings for each, paid by me

RICHBELL MOTT.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, February 11, 1755.

IT having been found very inconvenient to Perſons concerned in Trade, that the Mail from *Philadelphia* to *New-England* ſet out but once a Fortnight during the Winter Seaſon; *This is to give Notice*, That the *New England* Mail will henceforth go once a Week the Year round, whereby Correſpondence may be carried on, and Anſwers obtain'd to Letters between *Philadelphia* and *Boſton* in three Weeks, which us'd in the Winter to require ſix Weeks.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſters General,

WILLIAM FRANKLIN, *Comptroller.*

ON the 30th day of December laſt was left at the houſe of Thomas Rice, tavern keeper in Salem, in Weſt-Jerſey, but now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber of the ſame place, a ſmall grey horſe, bridle and ſaddle, branded on the near buttock TD, about 12 hands high, trots and gallops, the ſaddle is a hunting one, with a blue pluſh ſeat, and green pluſh houſings, fringed, all which are ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. The owner of ſaid horſe, bridle and ſaddle, coming and proving his property, and paying charges, may have them again. SAMUEL TYLAR. ♂

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, and to be ſold, by

MORDECAI YARNALL,

At the ſign of the Hand-Saw, in Second ſtreet, near Black-horſe-alley, cheap for ready money, the following goods, viz.

BROAD cloths, kerſeys, ſhaloons, buttons and twiſt, cambletts, cambletees, pluſh, worſted damaſks, ruſſels, velvet caps, ozenbrigs, Iriſh linens, check linen, cambricks, clear lawns, broad lawns, piſtol lawns, garlix, table-cloths, napkening and clouting diaper, bed-ticks, bengals, ſewing ſilk, calicoes, ſtamped linens, white and colour'd threads, muſlins, gloves, black paduaſoy, bandanoes, ferret and cotton laces, nutmegs, cloves, mace, green rugs, ſtriped duffels, hard metal and other pewter, looking glaſſes, of all ſizes, 20, 10, 12, and 8d nails, cutlary, London ſteel, A C, No. 3, mill-ſaws, wire mouſetraps, gunpowder, ſhot, bohea tea, allom, copperas, braſs kettles and milk pans, bibles, teſtaments, ſpelling books, primers, horn books, &c. ♂5ſ. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

SEveral parcels of land, in Weſt-Jerſey, viz. one tract of well-timber'd land, containing about 255 acres, within a mile of Mountholly, extending on the South branch of Rancocus-creek, where the tide flows, adjoining to the old bridge on the country road; it is very conveniently ſituated for ſending timber and cord-wood to Philadelphia; it hath a large ſtream of water running thro' it, ſufficient for a mill, and is ſuppoſed to have about 40 acres of ſwamp, which is capable of being made into good meadow at a ſmall expence. Alſo ſeveral tracts of cedar-ſwamp, which by the ſurveys are called 180, 65, 50, and 19 acres, and are all ſituated near a navigable branch of Mullicas's river, in Egg harbour. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe all, or any of thoſe tracts, may have them on reaſonable terms, and a conſiderable time for payment of the purchaſe-money. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN SMITH, in Philadelphia.

ALL perſons having any juſt demands againſt the eſtate of George Jones, who formerly kept the ſign of the Black Horſe in Black-Horſe Alley, in this city, are deſir'd to bring in their accounts: And thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſir'd to make immediate payment to JACOB DUCHE, and others, executors to ſaid eſtate. Tbctf.

To be SOLD or LETT,

ABout nine acres of ground, with a good dwelling-houſe, orchard, garden, and ſundry other conveniencies, ſituated on Moyamenſing road, a mile and a quarter from Philadelphia. The purchaſer, on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, may have any reaſonable time allowed for payment of the principal.

Alſo to be lett on a ground rent, A lot in Market ſtreet, to the eaſtward of where Charles Brockden lives, and ſeveral lots between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets in Fourth-ſtreet, adjoining the Indian Queen ſouthward, and ſundry other lots in ſaid city; enquire of ANTHONY MORRIS, jun. ⁂ Tbc. 2 m.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of land, at a place called the Great Meadows, in New Jerſey, containing, 2441 acres. Alſo a plantation on the South ſide of the city of Philadelphia, bounded eaſterly by the road that leads to the lower ferry, and Weſt by Schuylkill containing 46 acres, with a large brick-houſe, garden and out-houſes thereon. Another plantation in North-wales containing 123 acres, now in the tenure of John Jones. Alſo a bank-houſe, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to Joſeph Morris. For Terms of ſale enquire of EDMUND KEARNY, *in Philadelphia, or* JAMES KINSEY, *at Burlington.* ♂15ſ. *T. b. 3 M.*

Imported in the New Myrtilla, Capt. Budden, and the laſt ſhips from London and Scotland, to be ſold cheap, for ready money or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS M'JANET, *and* Company,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun tavern,

AN aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; likewiſe choice of Birmingham ware, and the works of the Reverend Mr. John Flavel, a new impreſſion, and neatly bound. Tbc.

To be Lett for a Term of Years,

THE IRON-WORS, called DURHAM, with all the woodland, plantation, &c. thereunto belonging, being ſome of the moſt convenient and beſt provided works for the making iron in the province, as they are well ſupplied with a large quantity of the beſt ſort of ore, wood, water, ſand, limeſtone, and every other neceſſary: And what renders them ſtill more convenient is, that the ore is ſo near to the furnace, and the furnace to the forges, that there is not one mile's carting in the whole, and but one mile more from the forges to the landing on the river Delaware, from whence all the iron may be brought down to Philadelphia by water, at a ſmall expence. Enquire of WILLIAM LOGAN, at Stenton, near Germantown, or of ANTHONY MORRIS, in Philadelphia.

Tbctf.

74101

Juſt imported in the ſnow Sarah, Capt. Mitchell, and to be ſold by retail exceeding cheap for ready money, by

JOHN ORD,

At the South-Eaſt corner of Market and Second-ſtreets,

SUper and ſuperfine broadcloths, middling ditto, with trimmings, ſuperfine rattinetts, ſhaloons durants, double and ſingle allopeens, ſilk and hair grazetts, black and white ſattin, rich white half ell ſilk damaſk, ſewing ſilk, ſilk caps, fine colour'd threads, ſuperfine double mill'd ſaggathies, ſuperfine boil'd camblets, womens ſhoes, velvets, ſcarlet, red, and blue duffils, blue and ſcarlet everlaſtings, black ruſſels, flowered ditto, beſt ſuperfine deathhead buttons, campain new faſhion'd Ditto, finger work ſilk garters, beſt ſuperfine balladine ſcarf twiſt, black ſilk knit breeches, black, blue ſcarlet and cloth colour'd worſted ditto, mens ſuperfine grey hoſe, black ditto, beſt ozenbrigs, Iriſh ſheeting, yd. wide cotton hollands, white jeans, dy'd ditto, corded demities, yd. wd. Iriſh linen, bordered bandanoes, black and cloth colour'd China taffeties, plain and ſtriped perſians, cotton romals, beſt brown buckram, brown hollands, broad lawns, demy cambricks, printed cottons, full chints, printed calicoes, fine dark ground chints, Ruſſia linen, horſe-whips, check linens, barragons, nankeens, maidens bluſh perſian, white ditto, fine white cotton ſtockings, metal buttons, black and white lace, bath coatings, ſuperfine naps and bearſkins, and ſundry other goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon.

Juſt imported from London, in the Lydia Capt. Reeve, and to be ſold exceeding cheap for preſent money, or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox's Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

FOur-penny, 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails, wrought anvils, ſmiths vizes, iron pots, 10 by 8 crown glaſs, felt hats, ſuperfine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, beaſkin coating, kerſeys, duffils, foreſt cloths, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, corded poplins, rugs and blankets, half-thicks, flannels, red bays, all ſorts of muſlins, cambrick and lawns, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 9-8ths Iriſh linens, of all prices, Ruſſia, Pruſſia, & princes linens & ſileſias, all ſorts of Manchester & cotton checks, cotton hollands, bed ticks, German and Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown heſſen and brown rolls, cambiets, camblettees, and everlaſtings, worſted caps, cruels and marking canvas, printed linens, cottons, chintz and bed patterns, whited brown buckrams, hair cloths, mohair and ſcarf twiſt, dyed pillows, and thickſets, cotton romals, blue and white linen handkerchiefs & bandanoes, ſhort cloaks & capuchins, all ſorts of haberdaſhery and cutlary wares, pewter diſhes, baſons, ſpoons, tea-pots, cream-jugs and ſalts, copper tea-kettles, boxes of tinned plates, beſt London ſteel, F F gunpowder, ſhot, pig-lead, all ſorts of wire, iron plates, handſaws and files, ſcale beams, Weſton's ſnuff, horſe whips, flat irons, playing cards, writing paper, pins and needles, red leather trunks, looking-glaſſes, coffee-mills, loaf ſugar, cinnamon and pepper, Leghorn hats, worſted ſtockings, mantua ſilk, luteſtrings, ſewing ſilk, ſaltpetre, glauber and epſom ſalts, flour of brimſtone, copperas, verdigreaſe in bags, antimony Jeſuits barks, aſſafoetida, camphire, and ſundry other drugs, and chimical medicines to be ſold exceeding cheap. Tbc.

To be SOLD by

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

Who is remov'd to the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, the next door but one to where he formerly liv'd,

SUNDRY ſorts of dye ſtuffs, as madder, ground red-wood, fuſtick, galls, log-wood and brazilletto, indigo, allom, copperas, alſo brimſtone, Engliſh glue, bar lead, ſhot, gunpowder, neat powder flaſks, ſundry ſorts of nails, ſteel, A C. No. 3. long and ſhort pipes, cutlary; ozenbrigs, garlix, twilled baging, blankets and rugs, flannel, ſhaloons, ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, ell-wide perſians, muſſins, calicoes, cotton and linen checks, buckrams, hat crapes, and Ruſſia ſheeting; writing paper of ſeveral ſorts; ſale twine; alſo Jamaica ſpirit, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, coffee, tea and chocolate, rice, pepper, alſpice, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, mace and cloves, ſalt petre, ſweet oil, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. The INSURANCE-OFFICE for SHIPPING is kept by him as uſual.

JOHN REILY, SCRIVENER, hereby gives Notice, That any Gentlemen deſirous to buy or ſell Eſtates, Houſes, Lands, Yearly-rent Charges, Annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good Security, may be aſſiſted therein by applying to him at his Office, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreet, where their Buſineſs (as uſual) will be tranſacted with the greateſt Care, Diſpatch and Secrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said Reily, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſors or Owners of the Deeds relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch Defects.

JOHN REILY.

At ſaid Office is tranſacted, as above, the Notarial Buſineſs, in all its Branches, by Mr. JAMES HUMPHREYS, Notary Publick.

N. B. Said REILY has a large Quantity of French Indico, and Half Cheſts of neat and genuine Florence Oil, in Betty's, to diſpoſe of, very cheap for ready Money.

TO be SOLD or LETT, by *JOHN NAGLEE*, The Houſe he now lives in, in Second-ſtreet. Tbc. 4 w.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Thomas Howell, late of Chicheſter, Cheſter county, deceaſed, are deſired to pay: And all thoſe having any demands againſt the eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order that they may be ſettled, and paid, by the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia, SAMUEL HOWELL, executor.

N. B. To be ſold by the ſaid executor, The late dwelling-houſe and plantation of Thomas Howell, being about 150 acres of land, lying on the main road, about 4 miles from Cheſter, and half a mile from Marcus-hook; good part of ſaid land being drained and upland meadow, with a valuable young orchard, and wood land ſufficient; the houſe being a large brick houſe, with a cellar under the whole, new large barn, good ſtable, good water, &c. The land will be ſold together or in parcels, as it may ſuit the purchaſer.

Imported in the Myrtilla, Capt. Budden, from London, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

MATTHEW CLARKSON,

At his ſtore, in Water ſtreet, next door to Mr. Samuel Shoemaker,

BLUE, green, red, & brown, halfthicks, plains, kerſeys, Foreſt cloths, low priced broadcloths, Spaniſh ditto, beaver coatings, nap'd ditto, blue, green and Saxon green duffils, 7-qr. 8-qr. ſpotted rugs, 9-qr. white ſpotted ditto, 8-qr. and 9-qr. green yarn ditto, 7-qr. 8-qr. and 9 qr. blankets, womens ſhoes, beſt gunpowder, wine-glaſſes, of the neateſt and neweſt faſhion; a neat Mahogony diagonal mirrour and proſpects, Metzotinto pictures and paintings on glaſs, role brimſtone, by the bogſhead or hundred weight, nails, ſteel, frying-pans, with a variety of other goods, both European and India. T. b. c. t. f.

To be SOLD or LETT,

THE houſe where Francis Johnſon now dwells, with a convenient bake-houſe, and ſtores, in Water-ſtreet, next to Morris Morris's. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent, may apply to Anthony Morris, or Joſeph Richardſon, Merchant, in Philadelphia, and know the terms; whoſe agreement will be confirmed by WILLIAM MORRIS. ¶5ſ. Tbctf.

Best possible image.

To be SOLD,

A Servant girl, about 18 years of age, hath three years and a half to serve. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Hanover township, Lancaster county, on the 30th of last month, An Irish servant man, named Roger O Dougherty, of a dark complexion, and of low stature: Had on when he went away, A wool hat, brown wig, blue double breasted jacket, and an old fustian jacket, of a cut shag, and flat white metal buttons, old brown cloth breeches, blue yarn stockings, and new shoes. He took from Benjamin Wallace a brown horse, about 8 years old, about 13 hands and a half high, with a star in his forehead, his mane trimmed but is grown so as begins to turn a little, hollow back'd, and right over his kidneys a white stroke, like the cut of a whip. Said horse trots, and paces middling well. Whoever takes up and secures said servant and horse, so as their masters may have them again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges; or Ten Shillings for the horse, and Fifty Shillings for the servant, paid by JOHN ELDER. ¶

TO be sold at the Draw-bridge, Choice Irish salmon soused in cags, fit for any gentleman's table, by JAMES BARKLEY. ¶

By Virtue of an Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the Province of NEW-JERSEY, *there is now preparing for the Press, and will be speedily published, in one Volume in Folio,*

THE ORIGINAL CONSTITUTION of *East* and *West Jersey*, containing the several grants for the soil and government.---The concessions and constitutions by which they were settled.---The laws passed during the proprietary government.---The proceedings previous to the surrender thereof.---The instrument of surrender.---Queen *Anne*'s formal acceptance of the same.---A blank commission for a governor, and Lord *Cornbury*'s instructions, *&c.*

This book is necessary for every one who hath occasion to deduce the title of any land in *New Jersey* from its original foundation, as also for many persons who 'tis said hold estates by virtue of the laws above-mentioned: And indeed for all those who have either occasion or curiosity to know the constitution of *New-Jersey*, or the security of those interested therein have for their liberties and properties.

He who would enquire by what authority the powers of government are exercised, by being possessed of the book above-mentioned, will have a ready answer. They who hold lands in either division, may see how far the same is secured, by the constitution, against any resurvey after seven years quiet and peaceable possession. Any person concerned in the location of proprietary rights within the province aforesaid, may be able to judge whether his proceedings are warranted by the said laws, which prescribe sundry regulations for the taking up of lands, and indeed for leasing and selling the same.

And finally the sagacious and publick spirited, by perusing the book aforesaid, and comparing the original with the present constitution of *New-Jersey*, may learn some useful hints to guard them against every attempt of innovation.

Thus far the utility of the book, which will be better understood from the contents thereof, than from any brief description that can be herein attempted: However, it may be in some measure inferred, from the legislature's having, by act aforesaid, directed the same to be printed. And as they have charged us the subscribers with the management thereof, we have directed fifty books to be printed for sale, and subscriptions will be taken in the city of *Philadelphia* by WILLIAM BRADFORD; in the city of *New-York*, by Mr. HUGH GAINE; in *Sussex*, on *Delaware*, by the Honourable RIVES HOLT, Esq; and WILLIAM SHANKLAND, Esq; in *New Castle* by GEORGE MONROE, Esq; and in *New Jersey*, agreeable to advertisements published therein.

A piece of eight to be paid at subscribing, and the remainder upon the receipt of the book, which, from the best estimate we can at present make, will cost about *Twenty Shillings* when bound in calf skin, and letter'd on the back.

February 8, 1755. AARON LEAMING.
JACOB SPICER.

To be sold by the subscribers,

A Good plantation or tract of land, being the estate of Joseph Brown, deceased, situated in Plumsted township, Bucks county, on the main road leading from Newtown to Derham Iron-works, containing 225 acres, with a good stone house and kitchen, frame barn, and other out-houses; with 100 acres thereof, or more, cleared, and within good fence, and 12 acres, or more, of meadow cleared, and more may be cleared, with two orchards thereon. Any person or persons inclining to purchase the same, may apply to the subscribers, living near the said place, and be informed of the title and conditions of sale. ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON, executors to the estate of said Joseph Brown. ⊕

To be sold by the subscriber,

A Fine plantation or tract of land, situated in the Falls township, in Bucks county, adjoining Penn's Manor, and also adjoining 120 acres of free land or common, about seven miles from Bristol, and three from Trenton ferry, containing about 300 acres, with a new grist mill on the same, a dwelling house, young orchard, a piece of meadow may be made, and watered from the race, about 60 acres cleared; with a sufficient title; and may be sold separate or together. Any person inclining to purchase any part, or the whole, may apply to DANIEL BURGESS, living on the premises. ⊕

RUN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, an Irish servant lad, named Walter Welsh, about five feet four inches high, of a fresh complexion, pitted with the small-pox, short black hair, and about 18 years of age: Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, two jackets, one a light colour'd cloth, with pewter buttons, the other a coarse striped flannel, with brass buttons, half worn shirt, old blue cloth breeches, grey yarn stockings, good shoes, with large brass buckles, and a striped blue handkerchief. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT JAMISON. February 6, 1755.

Philadelphia, February 11, 1755.

WHEREAS Deborah, the wife of John M'Clelland, of this city mariner, hath of late run her said husband much in debt, to his great detriment; this therefore serves to forewarn all persons from trusting her on his account, for he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.

D JOHN M'CLELLAND.

To be SOLD,

A Likely brisk servant lad, about 16 years of age, and is to serve till he's 21 years old, he's this country born, and brought up to plantation work, can read, write and cypher. Any person that he will suit, may agree with Mr. James Whitehead, keeper of the Work-house, in Philadelphia, who has the selling of him.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Dutch servant lad, about 18 years of age, has three years and a half to serve, understands leather-dressing very well Enquire of Thomas Francis, living in Pewter-platter-alley, Philadelphia.

A Man that understands farming, and his wife a dairy, is wanted to manage a plantation about five miles from Philadelphia, and may hear of good encouragement, by applying to JAMES COULTAS, at the Corporation Ferry, on Schuylkill. ⊕

To be SOLD,

SEveral lots of upland and meadow, lying on the river Delaware, a little above Kensington, pleasantly situated: Likewise a small new cart and geers for one horse, and a good horse for the saddle and draught; enquire of Mary Ball, or William Ball, Goldsmith, in Front-street, between Chestnut-street and Black-horse-alley.

N. B. Said Ball makes and sells all sorts of gold and silver work, after the newest fashions and lowest prices, by wholesale and retail. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A Likely servant man, fit for town or country business, who has four years to serve. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

BORDEN-TOWN STAGE is carried on as formerly, viz.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage-boat, JOSEPH CANNIDA Master, attends at the Crooked billet wharff every Monday and Tuesday; and his Shallop, CHARLES TAYLOR Master, at the same wharff, every Friday and Saturday; the Stage-waggon attends the same boats; the Stage-boat at Amboy, kept by *James Wells*, late from Philadelphia. My adversaries have been pleased to advertise that they can give people greater dispatch than I can, to that I appeal to fact: As I was the first promoter of this scheme, as yet of no advantage to any but the publick, and as I take pay for 13 miles less land-carriage than the Burlington people do, I hope all well minded People will lay their commands upon their humble Servant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, jun.

N. B. Said Borden keeps two setts of horses.

To be SOLD, very reasonable,

A Plantation and tract of land, in Kent county on Delaware, whereon doctor Henry Jaffray, deceased, lately lived, adjoining to Duck-creek town, containing about 200 acres of land, being a pleasant situation, within a mile of Duck-creek landing, with a large commodious brick dwelling-house, outhouses, barn, and two orchards, with other good improvements thereon. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to HENRY FARSONS, living near the premises, or to EDMUND KEARNY, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Kearny, at his store, the corner of Chestnut and Water-streets, near Chestnut-street wharff, hath a good assortment of European and India goods imported in the last ships from London, which he will sell very cheap for ready money. All persons indebted to him, whose debts are become due, are once more desired to make immediate payment, or they may shortly expect to be compelled thereto by law. Tbc. 6 w.

Just imported, in the last vessels from London and Liverpool, and to be sold cheap for ready money, or short credit, by

USHER *and* WHARTON,

At their store on Walnut-street Wharff, and opposite Mr. Reese Meredith's,

SEven eights and yard wide Irish linen, sheeting ditto, 3 qr. 7 eights, and yard wide linen and cotton Manchester checks, cotton hollands, erminets, Turkey plads, superfine boil'd camblets, common and strip'd ditto, calimancoes, tammies, prunels, durants, yard wide silk diana's, flower'd tissues, superfine scarlet, blue, pink and black damasks, figur'd barragons, figur'd stuffs, Nova-Scotia's, Scots carpeting, black, blue and cloth colour'd knit patterns for breeches, men and womens white and glaiz'd gloves, cambricks and lawns, patches of ditto, holland tape and bobbin, white lace and edging, black and gauze lace, white and colour'd Scots threads, brown ditto, broad and narrow quality bindings, superfine silk and hair, Scots kenting, stuff and silk shoes, a large assortment of coat and jacket yellow and white metal buttons, sleeve ditto, sundry sorts of shoe and knee buckles, buck and bone table knives and forks, Hoole's pistol capt knives, cuttoe ditto, seal end penknives, brass handled ditto, taylors shears, womens scissars, razors, men and womens brass and steel thimbles, jews harps, darning and sewing needles, pins, snuff-boxes of sundry sorts, Holman's ink-powder, playing cards, writing paper, ivory combs, horn ditto, best London crown glass, pewter dishes, plates and basons, long and short pipes, gunpowder, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, and 30d. nails, sprigs and trunk ditto, long and short scythes, frying pans, locks of sundry sorts, and plate bolts, handsaws, drawing knives, axes, hammers, chizels of sundry sorts, and files, hinges, augers, tap borers, spike and nail gimblets, tin and horn lanthorns, bellows, iron and brass candlesticks, scrubbing brushes and clamps, sweeping, clothes, hearth, table, and shoe brushes, of different sorts, a large assortment of painters brushes, sundry sorts of tin ware, brimstone, allom, copperas, best French indigo, snuff, tea, coffee, chocolate, allspice, English and Boston loaf sugar, old Jamaica spirit, best English quills, corks, Florence oil, muscovado sugars, Madeira and Lisbon wine. Also a large assortment of ship chandlery, viz. English cables and anchors, cordage of all sizes, Russia and English duck, bunting of all kinds, pitch, tar and turpentine, with all the different articles wanted in that way; where those that favour us with their business may depend on being well used.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of Matthew and Abraham Usher, are once more desir'd to come and pay their respective debts to prevent trouble. And all that are indebted to Matthew Watson deceased, are likewise desir'd to come and pay, or else they may expect to be troubled. Tbctf.

Imported in the last ships from London, and to be sold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his store in Second street, opposite the Baptist Meeting house, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen sprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown hessens, Russia and Irish sheetings, hempen and flaxen russias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Irish hollands, damask and diaper table-cloths, damask and diaper napkening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarse and fine muslins, India silks, viz. damaske, paduasoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, striped and plain persians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and English chints, coarse and fine ginghams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, superfine worsted black damasks, calimancoes, shaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eights and 3 qr. garlix, striped, imbossed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broadcloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon shot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewise a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in the country, and has had the small-pox. Tbctf.

RUN away from Thomas Cooch, Miller, on Christine creek, New-Castle county, in the province of Pennsylvania, A Negro man, named Sam, a pretty tall, slim fellow, near 50 years of age, and pretty grey headed, He was brought from Amboy jail last fall, and had with him there a pass, and went for a free Negro; he may probably have the same pass with him now. Whoever takes up and secures said Negro in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by *Thomas Cooch*, or Mr. *John Spafford*, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 8 W.

Just imported in the Mercury, Capt. Hargrave, and the last vessels from London and Liverpool, and to be sold cheap, for ready money or short credit, by

BENJAMIN KENDALL,

In Chestnut-street, almost opposite the Three Tuns, viz.

LOndon nails and sprigs, carpenters and joiners tools, joiners furniture, desk furniture in setts, compleat shoemakers tools, blacksmiths, barbers, and hand vizes, drawing knives, trowels, stock-locks, hinges, gate-locks, driping pans, iron traces, horse bells, iron and tin plates, tin ware made up, copper sauce pans, coffee-pots, bell-metal kettles, scythes, sickles, dog-irons, fire-shovel and tongs, brass candlesticks, jack chains, gun locks, gun worms, saddlers wares, a compleat assortment of cutlary ware, brass ink pots, fountain pens, ivory paper knives, folding pen-knives, artificial magnets, ditto with pen-knives, variety of seals, hob nails, 18 inch and two foot rules, sliding rules, hard and common pewter plates, basons, tea pots, cream jugs, porringers, spoons, tea spoons, tea tongs, snuff boxes, fans, horn and ivory combs, pins, needles, knitting needles, Yorkshire cloths and trimmings, variety of threads, metal buttons, cambletts, calimancoes, damasks, grandurels, Indianas, knit waistcoats and breeches in patterns, mens and womens stockings, shoe and knee buckles, cotton and linen checks, stripes, cotton holland, white tabby, yellow canvas, buckram, womens common clogs, silk and Morocco ditto, goloshoes, twilled bagging, Lancashire sheeting, blank books, maps, paper cases, and parchment, eight day and thirty hour clocks, neat silver watches, with sundry other goods.

N. B. At the same place is sold, English RED CLOVER, and TIMOTHY GRASS SEED. Tbctf.

Just imported in the Mercury, Capt. Charles Hargrave, from London, and to be sold by

RICHARD FOOTMAN, *and* COMPANY,

At the new store in Front-street, opposite Dr. Sonmans, near Market street,

SUndry West Country and Yorkshire broad-cloths, kerseys, plains, forest cloths, half-thicks, nap'd frizes, bearskins, German serges, napped and plain duffils, plain and corded druggets, baragons, serge-denims, worsted and hair shags, Indian blankets, embossed serges, white and striped flannels, striped cotton linseys, marvelets, yard wide and 6 qr. bays, white swanskin bays, rugs, blankets, bed-side and floor carpets, single and double broad camblets, cambletteen, half yard and yard-wide damasks, shaloons, yard-wide Hungarian checks, florettas, barleycorn starrets, striped and plain calimancoes, flower'd and brocaded sattins, worsted grograms, tammies, durants, half-yard, and yard-wide silk cords, venetians, silk checks, silk camblets, hairbines, bombazeens, alopeens, hat-band crape, cherriderries, persians, silk damasks, black paduasoys, dressed and undressed mantuas, ducapes, black sattins, thread sattins, womens black velvets, worsted, cotton and silk caps, hose, gartering, quality binding, ferrits, silk laces, sewing silk, figur'd and plain ribbons, and other haberdashery goods, white jeans, fustians, cotton thick-sets, figured demities, grandurels, dunays, everlastings, cotton velvets, flowered cotton velvet shapes, worsted waistcoat and breeches pieces, buckrams, cotton hollands, cotton and silk, and cotton gowns, an assortment of linen and cotton checks, check and silk handkerchiefs, womens short cloaks, felt and castor hats, pewter, tin-ware, saddlers iron-mongery, pictures, umbrelloes, womens tabby stays, Dilworth's spelling books, warming pans, frying pans, 6d, 10d, and 20d nails, faggots of steel, and other iron-mongery goods, and sundry other things, too tedious to mention, ¶

CONYNGHAM and NESBIT,

Are moved from Front-street, to the house where Mr. George Emlen lately dwelt, in Market-street, a few doors below the New-Printing-Office, and have in their store contiguous to the house, and fronting Pewter-platter-alley,

A Large assortment of yard-wide and 7-eights Irish linen, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard-wide, and yard 3-eights cotton and linen checks, ozenbrigs, sail duck, No. 1 to 8, light canvas for mending sails, calicoes, long lawns, clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks in ditto, yard-wide and 6 qr. muslin, cotton romals, 7-eights and yard-wide colgee handkerchiefs, silk romals, bandanoes, mens and womens worsted hose, horn combs, with and without cases, ink-horns, steel, white metal, and other sorted shoe buckles, cork screws with springs, blue, green, drab and claret coloured forrest-cloths, shaloons, mohair, and buttons in bags, plain and double gilt yellow and white metal buttons, blue, green and white 3 qr. yard-wide, and 6 qr. naps, 7-eights bearskins, muskets, cutlashes, fowling pieces, powder horns, Irish tierce beef, English running rigging, &c. &c. all which they will sell very cheap for ready money, or on the usual credit to those who have already, or may for the future, honour them with their commands. Tbctf.

To be sold by

DANIEL BENEZET,

At his store in Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets, at the sign of the GEORGE,

A Neat assortment of European and East-India goods; also Irish beef, and choice rice and peas in barrels, at a very reasonable rate. Tbc. 3 mo.

SAMUEL GRISLEY,

In High street, commonly call'd Market street, a little below Jersey-market, a green lamp before the door,

CONTINUES to sell choice old Madeira wine by the quarter cask, gallon and quart, old Jamaica spirit, French brandy and Lisbon wine, by the gallon and quart, white wine, canary, sack, and claret, by the bottle. Where gentlemen, masters of vessels, &c. may have it bottled off for sea; also for country taverns and funerals, any quantity of each above a pint. ⊕ 5s. Tbc.

To be sold by

ALEXANDER ALLAIRE,

At his house in Sassafras-street, commonly called Race-street, most opposite to the Moravian church,

A Likely Negroe man, about twenty years of age, has had the small-pox. Tbctf.

To be SOLD Cheap,

A SERVANT boy, who has eight years and eight months to serve, and can speak English and French. He is fit for town or country business. For farther particulars, enquire of the Printers.

TO be sold, either in the whole, or in parcels, a tract of land, containing 700 acres, situated in the county of Northampton, about 70 miles from Philadelphia, reputed as good in quality as any in the province; 300 acres and upwards of which may, with little expence, be made choice meadow, having plenty of springs, and Mahoning-creek extending through the whole tract; all which is extraordinary well stored with timber of the largest size, and bounded partly by the Moravian settlement, and partly by a large range of vacant land for raising stock. For terms of sale apply to Mr. REDMOND CONYNGHAM, merchant in Front-street, or JOHN REILY, scrivener, in Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, where the plan of the premises, and title, which is clear, may be seen.

Any person inclining to purchase, on paying half down, shall have credit for the remainder for two years without interest, giving good security. Tbctf.

[*See the Half-sheet for the other Advertisements.*

Best possible image.